

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 29.065, 112.798)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 29.065, 112.798)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 29.500, 113.015)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBE2A9
RGB	219, 226, 169
RGB Percent	86%, 89%, 66%
CMY	0.1425, 0.1150, 0.3385
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.25, 0.12
HSL	67°, 49%, 77%
HSV	67°, 25%, 88%
XYZ	63.3438, 72.0653, 47.9467
YIQ	217.4090, 14.1250, -19.2110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

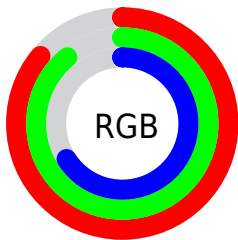
Format	Color
RYB	169, 226, 176
Decimal	14410409
CIELab	88.00, -11.53, 27.15
CIElCh	88, 29.500, 113.015
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3455, 0.3930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292600489 (0xFFD8E2A9)
YUV	217.4090, -23.8656, 1.3953
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -15.3674, 25.9368

Details

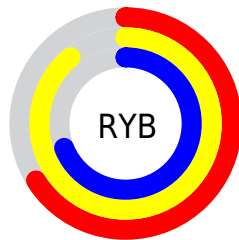
The CIELCh color **88, 29.500, 113.015** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **72, 31.277, 297.374**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 15.178, 109.030**, and **68, 29.918, 113.496** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 40.884, 112.239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 17.894, 113.811**.

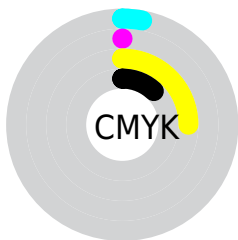
Distribution



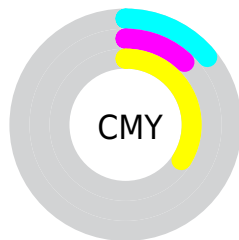
- Red (86%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (12%)





- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 29.500, 113.015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 29.500, 113.015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 29.500,
113.015


 88, 29.500,
113.015


 100, 29.500,
113.015


 78, 29.500,
113.015

 68, 29.500,
113.015

 58, 29.500,
113.015

 48, 29.500,
113.015

 38, 29.500,
113.015

 28, 29.500,
113.015

 18, 29.500,

113.015

■ 8, 29.500, 113.015

■ 0, 29.500, 113.015

■ 88, 29.500,
113.015

■ 88, 29.500,
113.015

■ 87, 40.884,
112.239

■ 89, 17.894,
113.811

■ 87, 51.873,
111.499

■ 89, 6.170, 114.595

■ 86, 62.217,
110.838

■ 90, 5.599, 295.369

■ 86, 71.541,
110.309

■ 91, 15.326,
296.593

■ 86, 79.343,

■ 91, 15.451,
300.088

109.979

91, 15.631,
303.535

85, 85.069,
109.924

92, 15.865,
306.910

85, 88.356,
110.201

92, 16.152,
310.193

85, 89.314,
110.414

92, 16.489,
313.370

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 29.500, 113.015



72, 31.277, 297.374

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 29.500, 113.015



88, 29.500, 163.015



88, 29.500, 293.015



88, 29.500, 343.015

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 29.502, 113.018



99, 10.376, 114.378



76, 20.267, 31.046



53, 7.373, 114.259



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 29.502, 113.018



98, 38.576, 112.629



86, 32.462, 131.897



47, 6.639, 114.269



68, 74.134, 110.295



19, 28.105, 110.718

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 31.277, 297.374



76, 41.442, 297.952



74, 33.301, 314.134



43, 6.784, 295.786



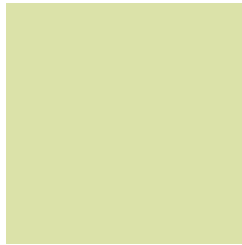
21, 100.560, 306.746



2, 31.839, 298.804

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 29.500, 113.015 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

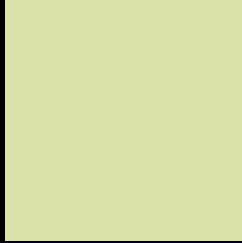
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 29.500, 113.015 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

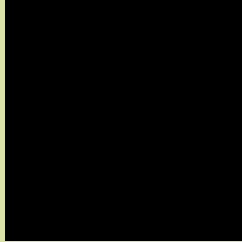
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 29.500, 113.015

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 29.500, 113.015.

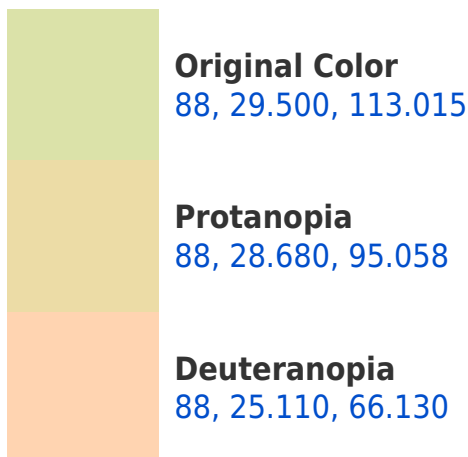


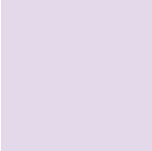
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 29.500, 113.015.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

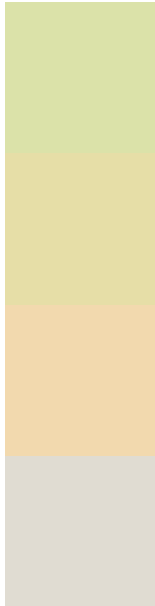
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
88, 9.607, 312.378

Trichromacy



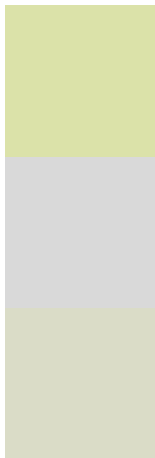
Original Color
88, 29.500, 113.015

Protanomaly
88, 28.594, 101.463

Deuteranomaly
88, 24.476, 84.601

Tritanomaly
88, 5.392, 93.953

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 29.500, 113.015

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 10.963, 113.140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 29.500, 113.015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 226, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 226, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 226, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 226, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 29.500, 113.015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 226, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 226, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 226, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 226, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 226, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 226,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 29.500, 113.015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 226, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
226, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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