

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 29.136, 120.754)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 29.136, 120.754)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 29.113, 120.760)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D3E4AD
RGB	211, 228, 173
RGB Percent	83%, 89%, 68%
CMY	0.1741, 0.1074, 0.3230
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.24, 0.11
HSL	79°, 50%, 78%
HSV	79°, 24%, 89%
XYZ	61.8947, 72.0653, 49.9930
YIQ	216.6470, 7.5230, -20.7090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

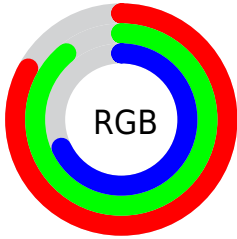
Format	Color
R _{YB}	173, 228, 190
Decimal	13886637
CIE Lab	88.00, -14.89, 25.02
CIE LCh	88, 29.113, 120.760
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3365, 0.3918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292076717 (0xFFD3E4AD)
YUV	216.6470, -21.5180, -4.9524
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -18.4143, 24.5076

Details

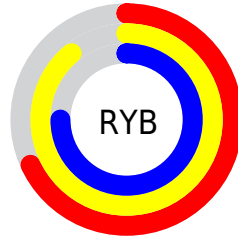
The CIELCh color **88, 29.113, 120.760** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **74, 30.515, 303.710**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 13.158, 109.183**, and **68, 29.516, 120.880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 40.938, 120.185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 17.106, 121.348**.

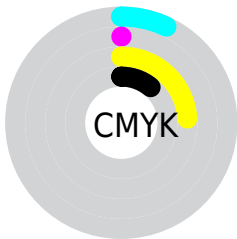
Distribution



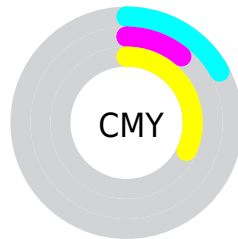
- Red (83%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 29.113, 120.760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 29.113, 120.760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 29.113,
120.760

 88, 29.113,
120.760


 100, 29.113,
120.760


 78, 29.113,
120.760

 68, 29.113,
120.760

 58, 29.113,
120.760

 48, 29.113,
120.760

 38, 29.113,
120.760

 28, 29.113,
120.760

 18, 29.113,

120.760

■ 8, 29.113, 120.760

■ 0, 29.113, 120.760

■ 88, 29.113,
120.760

■ 88, 29.113,
120.760

■ 87, 40.938,
120.185

■ 89, 17.106,
121.348

■ 86, 52.414,
119.646

■ 90, 5.019, 121.927

■ 86, 63.305,
119.190

■ 91, 7.071, 302.455

■ 85, 73.259,
118.887

■ 92, 14.752,
306.300

■ 84, 81.798,

■ 93, 15.571,
315.025

118.832

93, 16.713,
322.825

84, 88.374,
119.139

93, 17.120,
325.018

83, 92.587,
119.905

83, 94.186,
120.518

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 29.113, 120.760



74, 30.515, 303.710

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 29.113, 120.760



88, 29.113, 170.760



88, 29.113, 300.760



88, 29.113, 350.760

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 29.115, 120.763



99, 9.274, 121.760



80, 17.585, 50.053



53, 6.027, 121.724



0, 0.000, 0.000



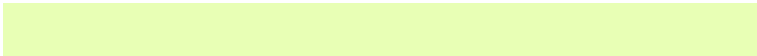
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 29.115, 120.763



97, 38.234, 120.470



86, 33.031, 137.579



48, 6.910, 121.620



67, 78.412, 120.284



19, 30.562, 119.824

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 30.515, 303.710



78, 40.514, 304.097



76, 33.406, 319.884



44, 7.040, 302.698



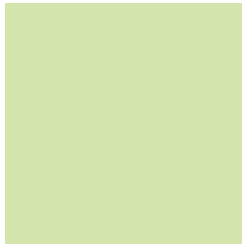
24, 99.175, 308.471



3, 34.519, 304.505

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 29.113, 120.760 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

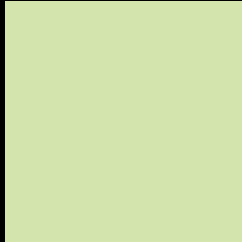
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 29.113, 120.760 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

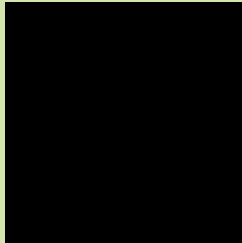
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

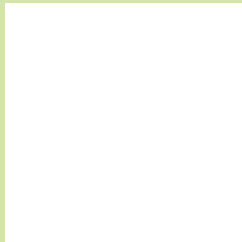
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 29.113, 120.760

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 29.113, 120.760.

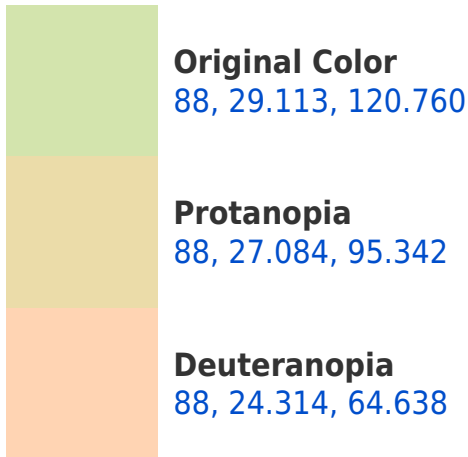


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 29.113, 120.760.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

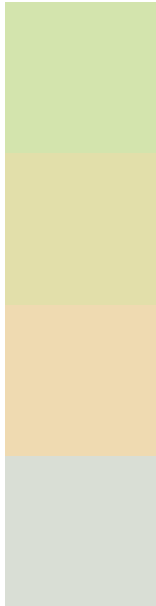
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
88, 8.901, 293.157

Trichromacy



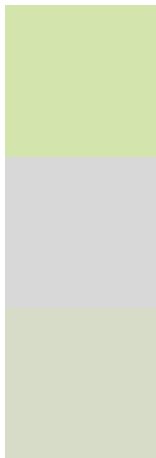
Original Color
88, 29.113, 120.760

Protanomaly
88, 27.404, 105.425

Deuteranomaly
88, 22.862, 87.340

Tritanomaly
88, 5.037, 130.845

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 29.113, 120.760

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 10.672, 121.289

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 29.113, 120.760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 228, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 228, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 228, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 228, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 29.113, 120.760 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 228, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 228, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(211, 228, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 228, 173); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 228, 173); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 228, 173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 29.113, 120.760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 228, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211,  
228, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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