

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 3.109, 225.059)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 3.109, 225.059) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 3.210, 228.655)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6DEE1
RGB	214, 222, 225
RGB Percent	84%, 87%, 88%
CMY	0.1603, 0.1289, 0.1172
CMYK	0.05, 0.01, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	196°, 16%, 86%
HSV	196°, 5%, 88%
XYZ	67.5284, 72.0653, 81.6733
YIQ	219.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

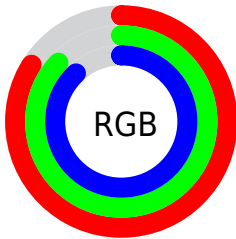
Format	Color
R _Y B	214, 219, 225
Decimal	14081761
CIE Lab	88.00, -2.12, -2.41
CIE LCh	88, 3.210, 228.655
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3052, 0.3257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292271841 (0xFFD6DEE1)
YUV	219.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -6.5684, 2.3814

Details

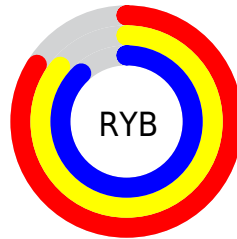
The CIELCh color `88, 3.210, 228.655` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `87, 3.293, 47.717`, and the grayscale version is `88, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `68, 3.371, 228.709` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `85, 9.556, 229.225`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `91, 3.413, 47.717`.

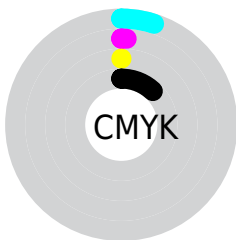
Distribution



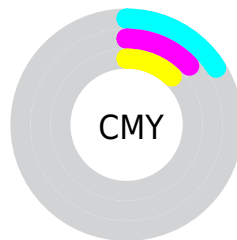
- Red (84%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 3.210, 228.655 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 3.210, 228.655 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88, 3.210, 228.655

■ 88, 3.210, 228.655

■ 100, 3.210,
228.655

■ 78, 3.210, 228.655

■ 68, 3.210, 228.655

■ 58, 3.210, 228.655

■ 48, 3.210, 228.655

■ 38, 3.210, 228.655

■ 28, 3.210, 228.655

■ 18, 3.210, 228.655

■ 8, 3.210, 228.655

■ 0, 3.210, 228.655

88, 3.210, 228.655

88, 3.210, 228.655

85, 9.556, 229.225

91, 3.413, 47.717

82, 15.547,
230.148

94, 8.903, 51.947

96, 9.470, 75.573

79, 21.100,
231.363

97, 11.362, 93.764

76, 26.129,
232.932

99, 14.038,
105.817

73, 30.557,
234.939

99, 15.115,
109.035

71, 34.331,
237.475

68, 37.445,
240.634

66, 39.957,
244.482

■ 64, 42.011,
249.021

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 3.210, 228.655



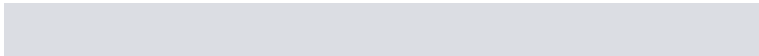
87, 3.293, 47.717

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 3.210, 228.655



88, 3.210, 278.655



88, 3.210, 48.655



88, 3.210, 98.655

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 3.210, 228.615



100, 0.736, 229.051



89, 5.795, 152.709



53, 0.418, 229.092



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

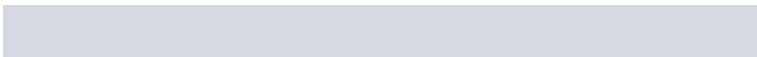
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 3.210, 228.615



98, 4.349, 228.656



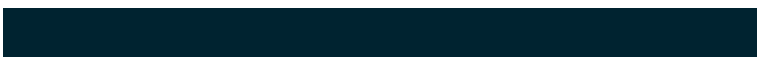
87, 4.502, 278.949



46, 2.594, 228.681



50, 35.556, 250.605



12, 13.915, 241.465

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 5.796, 333.455



96, 7.880, 333.544



89, 4.467, 97.719



45, 4.708, 333.586



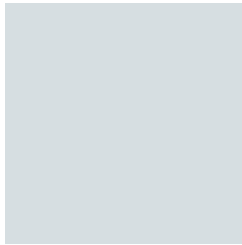
39, 71.204, 342.831



7, 29.906, 339.879

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 3.210, 228.655 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

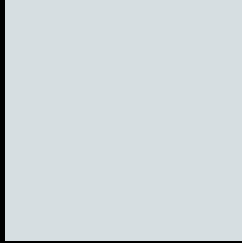
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 3.210, 228.655 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

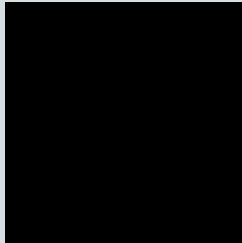
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

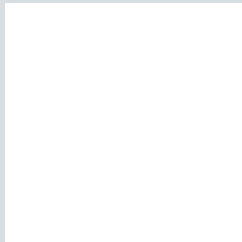
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 3.210, 228.655

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 3.210, 228.655.

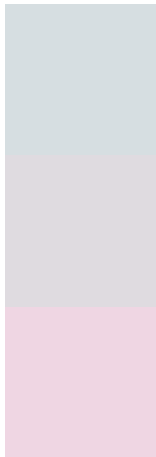


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 3.210, 228.655.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

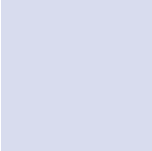
88, 3.210, 228.655

Protanopia

88, 3.001, 318.834

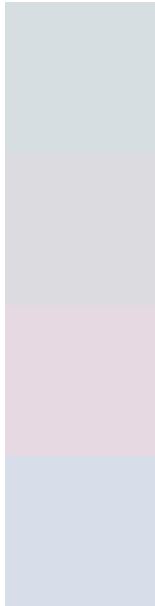
Deuteranopia

88, 11.305, 343.417



Tritanopia
88, 9.481, 282.586

Trichromacy



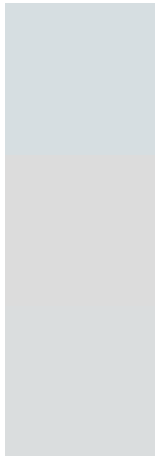
Original Color
88, 3.210, 228.655

Protanomaly
88, 2.097, 290.384

Deuteranomaly
88, 6.654, 334.928

Tritanomaly
88, 6.571, 272.166

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 3.210, 228.655

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 1.187, 225.978

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 3.210, 228.655 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 222, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 222, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 222, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 222, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 3.210, 228.655 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

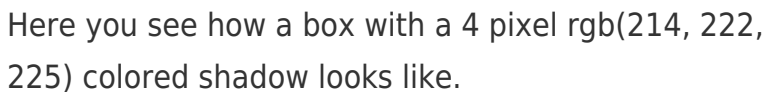
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 222, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 222, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 222, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 222, 225); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 222, 225); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 222, 225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 3.210, 228.655 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 222, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
222, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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