

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 30.019, 107.906)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(88, 30.019, 107.906)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(88, 29.907, 107.667)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0E0A6
RGB	224, 224, 166
RGB Percent	88%, 88%, 65%
CMY	0.1207, 0.1207, 0.3482
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.26, 0.12
HSL	60°, 49%, 77%
HSV	60°, 26%, 88%
XYZ	64.4190, 72.0653, 46.6868
YIQ	217.3880, 18.6180, -18.0380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

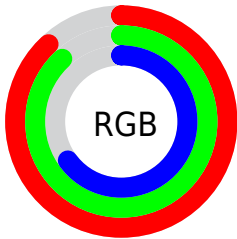
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	166, 224, 166
Decimal	14737574
CIELab	88.00, -9.08, 28.50
CIELCh	88, 29.907, 107.667
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3517, 0.3934
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292927654 (0xFFE0E0A6)
YUV	217.3880, -25.3343, 5.7987
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -13.1065, 26.8168

# Details

The CIELCh color **88, 29.907, 107.667** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **70, 31.811, 293.265**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 17.195, 108.877**, and **68, 29.770, 107.893** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 41.153, 106.714**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88, 18.431, 108.642**.

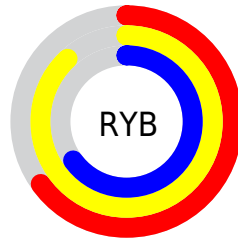
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (88%)

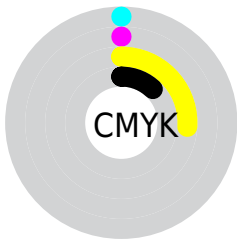
Blue (65%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (65%)

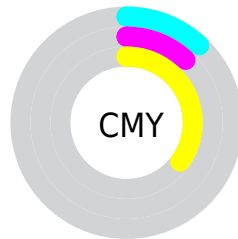


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 29.907, 107.667 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 29.907, 107.667 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 88, 29.907,  
107.667

 88, 29.907,  
107.667

 100, 29.907,  
107.667

 78, 29.907,  
107.667

 68, 29.907,  
107.667

 58, 29.907,  
107.667

 48, 29.907,  
107.667

 38, 29.907,  
107.667

 28, 29.907,  
107.667

 18, 29.907,

107.667

■ 8, 29.907, 107.667

■ 0, 29.907, 107.667

■ 88, 29.907,  
107.667

■ 88, 29.907,  
107.667

■ 88, 41.153,  
106.714

■ 88, 18.431,  
108.642

■ 87, 51.993,  
105.794

■ 89, 6.831, 109.606

■ 87, 62.161,  
104.940

■ 89, 4.820, 290.586

■ 87, 71.271,  
104.188

■ 90, 16.015,  
291.470

■ 87, 78.805,

■ 90, 16.015,  
291.471

103.577

90, 16.015,  
291.473

87, 84.215,  
103.147

90, 16.015,  
291.475

87, 87.172,  
102.915

90, 16.015,  
291.476

87, 87.932,  
102.855

90, 16.015,  
291.478

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 29.907, 107.667



70, 31.811, 293.265

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 29.907, 107.667



88, 29.907, 157.667



88, 29.907, 287.667



88, 29.907, 337.667

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 29.909, 107.671



100, 10.326, 109.398



74, 22.962, 21.441



53, 7.338, 109.253



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 29.909, 107.671



98, 39.632, 107.156



86, 32.071, 127.871



47, 6.607, 109.265



70, 73.366, 102.855



19, 27.934, 103.888



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 31.811, 293.265



74, 42.792, 294.082



72, 33.243, 310.312



43, 6.754, 291.161



21, 101.305, 306.287

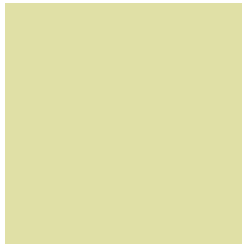


2, 31.634, 295.830



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 29.907, 107.667 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 29.907, 107.667 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

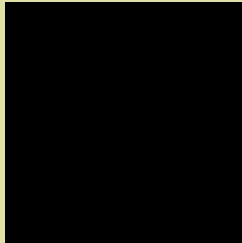
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 88, 29.907, 107.667

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 29.907, 107.667.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 29.907, 107.667.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88, 29.907, 107.667

### Protanopia

88, 29.682, 95.374

### Deuteranopia

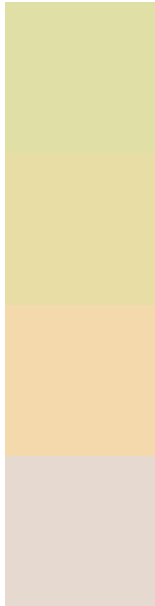
88, 25.624, 68.195





**Tritanopia**  
88, 11.002, 326.374

# Trichromacy



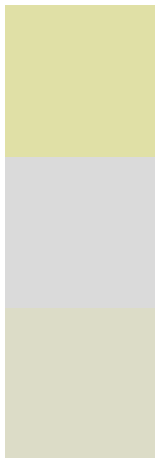
**Original Color**  
88, 29.907, 107.667

**Protanomaly**  
88, 29.707, 100.057

**Deuteranomaly**  
88, 25.770, 83.765

**Tritanomaly**  
88, 6.822, 69.174

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
88, 29.907, 107.667

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 10.929, 109.254

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 29.907, 107.667 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 224, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 224, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 224, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 224, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 29.907, 107.667 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 224, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 224, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 224, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 224, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 224, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 224,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 29.907, 107.667 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 224, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
224, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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