

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 33.193, 92.743)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(88, 33.193, 92.743) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(88, 33.165, 92.761)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1DC9E
RGB	241, 220, 158
RGB Percent	95%, 86%, 62%
CMY	0.0565, 0.1388, 0.3819
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.34, 0.06
HSL	45°, 74%, 78%
HSV	45°, 34%, 94%
XYZ	67.7662, 72.0653, 42.5175
YIQ	219.2110, 32.4180, -14.8300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

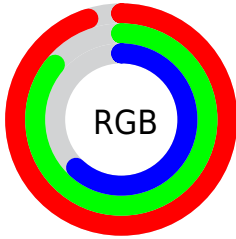
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	186, 241, 158
Decimal	15850654
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	88.00, -1.60, 33.13
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	88, 33.165, 92.761
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3716, 0.3952
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294040734 (0xFFFF1DC9E)
YUV	219.2110, -30.1770, 19.1090
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -6.0685, 29.7287

# Details

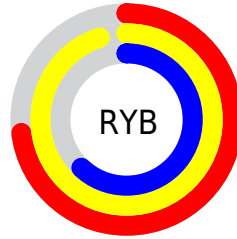
The CIELCh color **88, 33.165, 92.761** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **73, 34.004, 282.348**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 21.222, 108.570**, and **68, 33.097, 92.482** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 42.849, 91.453**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 23.450, 94.047**.

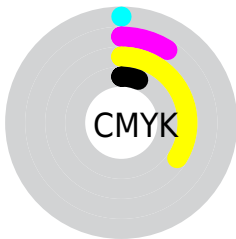
# Distribution



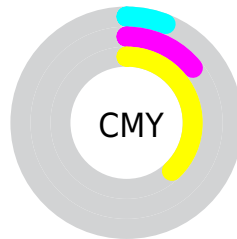
- Red (95%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 33.165, 92.761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 33.165, 92.761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 88, 33.165, 92.761

 88, 33.165, 92.761

 100, 33.165,  
92.761

 78, 33.165, 92.761

 68, 33.165, 92.761

 58, 33.165, 92.761

 48, 33.165, 92.761

 38, 33.165, 92.761

 28, 33.165, 92.761

 18, 33.165, 92.761

 8, 33.165, 92.761

 0, 33.165, 92.761

88, 33.165, 92.761

88, 33.165, 92.761

86, 42.849, 91.453

90, 23.450, 94.047

84, 52.326, 90.107

92, 13.790, 95.288

83, 61.296, 88.722

94, 4.234, 96.461

81, 69.250, 87.270

96, 5.198, 277.717

79, 75.437, 85.688

98, 4.090, 237.769

78, 79.035, 83.873

99, 4.961, 199.224

77, 80.051, 82.768

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 33.165, 92.761



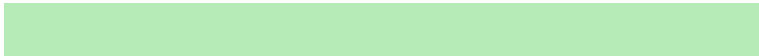
73, 34.004, 282.348

# Rectangle

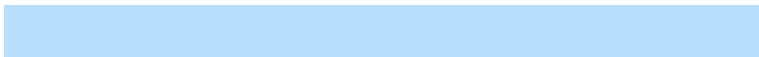
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 33.165, 92.761



88, 33.165, 142.761



88, 33.165, 272.761



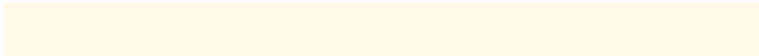
88, 33.165, 322.761

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 33.166, 92.766



98, 9.950, 95.824



74, 33.826, 2.371



52, 6.795, 95.656



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



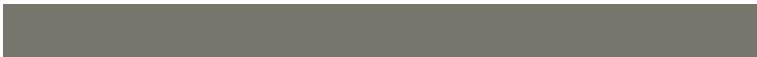
88, 33.166, 92.766



91, 41.395, 91.897



92, 42.679, 117.030



49, 5.375, 95.890



60, 65.448, 83.163



18, 25.881, 85.891





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 34.004, 282.348



73, 42.768, 283.739



69, 46.101, 302.060



47, 5.415, 278.249



28, 85.826, 300.475



5, 31.018, 293.321



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 33.165, 92.761 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

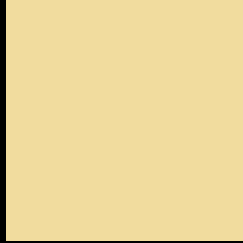
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 33.165, 92.761 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

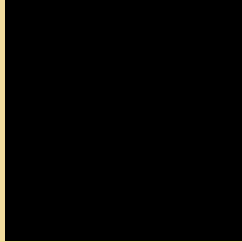
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 88, 33.165, 92.761

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 33.165, 92.761.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 33.165, 92.761.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


88, 33.165, 92.761

### Protanopia

88, 33.243, 95.625

### Deuteranopia

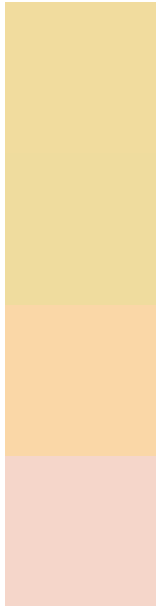
88, 27.305, 70.702



**Tritanopia**  
88, 15.790, 348.806



# Trichromacy



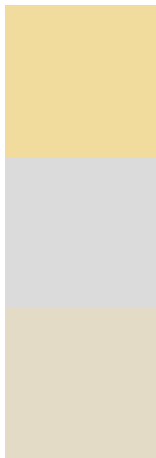
**Original Color**  
88, 33.165, 92.761

**Protanomaly**  
88, 32.958, 94.116

**Deuteranomaly**  
88, 28.746, 79.000

**Tritanomaly**  
88, 13.292, 47.985

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
88, 33.165, 92.761

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
87, 11.826, 94.487

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 33.165, 92.761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 220, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 220, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 220, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 220, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 33.165, 92.761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 220, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 220, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 220, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 220, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 220, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 220,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 33.165, 92.761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 220, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
220, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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