

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 38.271, 121.449)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 38.271, 121.449)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 38.081, 121.311)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEE69E
RGB	206, 230, 158
RGB Percent	81%, 90%, 62%
CMY	0.1928, 0.0987, 0.3810
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.31, 0.10
HSL	80°, 59%, 76%
HSV	80°, 31%, 90%
XYZ	59.8188, 72.0653, 43.0359
YIQ	214.6160, 8.8080, -27.4800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

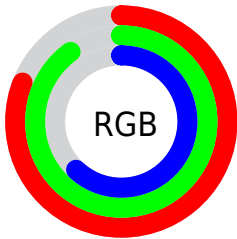
Format	Color
RYB	158, 230, 182
Decimal	13559454
CIELab	88.00, -19.79, 32.53
CIElCh	88, 38.081, 121.311
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3420, 0.4120
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291749534 (0xFFCEE69E)
YUV	214.6160, -27.9117, -7.5562
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -22.7793, 29.3666

Details

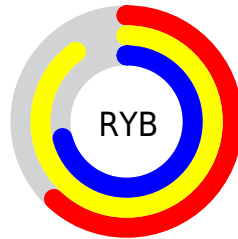
The CIELCh color **88, 38.081, 121.311** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **69, 40.466, 305.077**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 21.222, 108.570**, and **68, 37.728, 121.123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 49.834, 120.777**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 26.039, 121.876**.

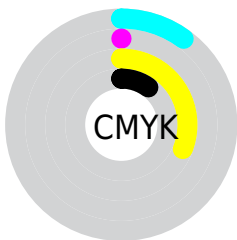
Distribution



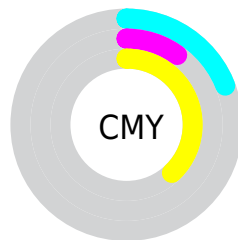
- Red (81%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 38.081, 121.311 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 38.081, 121.311 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 38.081,
121.311


 88, 38.081,
121.311


 100, 38.081,
121.311


 78, 38.081,
121.311


 68, 38.081,
121.311

 58, 38.081,
121.311

 48, 38.081,
121.311

 38, 38.081,
121.311

 28, 38.081,
121.311

 18, 38.081,

121.311

■ 8, 38.081, 121.311

■ 0, 38.081, 121.311

■ 88, 38.081,
121.311

■ 88, 38.081,
121.311

■ 87, 49.834,
120.777

■ 89, 26.039,
121.876

■ 86, 61.077,
120.308

■ 90, 13.848,
122.441

■ 86, 71.492,
119.972

■ 91, 1.608, 123.022

■ 85, 80.634,
119.857

■ 92, 10.612,
303.493

■ 84, 87.957,

■ 93, 13.972,
311.852

120.079

94, 15.128,
321.415

84, 92.982,
120.748

94, 15.719,
324.968

84, 95.623,
121.668

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



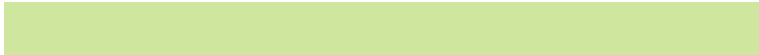
88, 38.081, 121.311



69, 40.466, 305.077

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 38.081, 121.311



88, 38.081, 171.311



88, 38.081, 301.311



88, 38.081, 351.311

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 38.083, 121.313



99, 11.974, 122.568



78, 23.473, 53.359



53, 8.321, 122.486



0, 0.000, 0.000



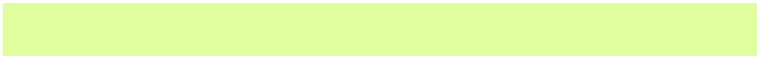
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 38.083, 121.313



96, 50.004, 120.938



86, 43.585, 138.050



48, 6.937, 122.545



66, 79.007, 121.416



19, 30.756, 120.922

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 40.466, 305.077



71, 53.975, 305.619



73, 44.081, 321.221



44, 7.064, 303.579



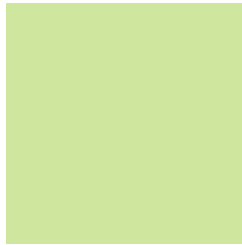
24, 98.746, 308.811



3, 34.639, 305.272

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 38.081, 121.311 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 38.081, 121.311 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

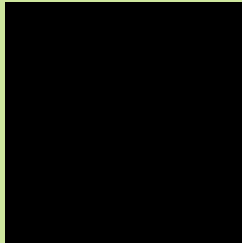
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 38.081, 121.311

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 38.081, 121.311.

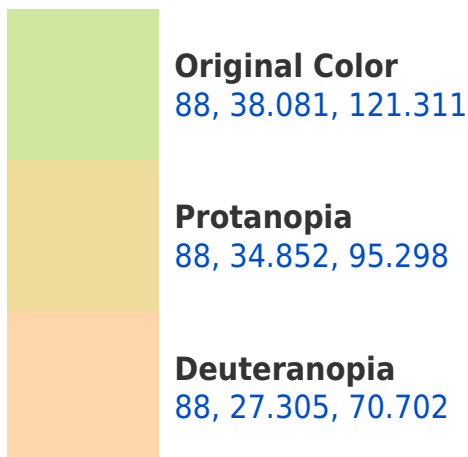


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 38.081, 121.311.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

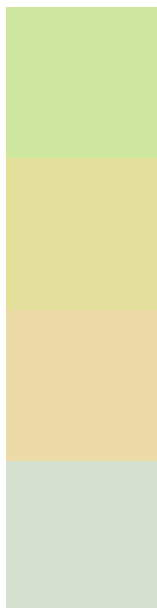
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
88, 8.925, 284.234

Trichromacy



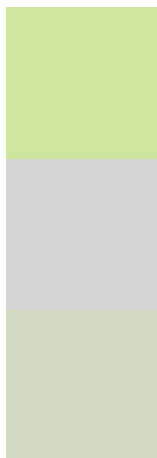
Original Color
88, 38.081, 121.311

Protanomaly
88, 35.469, 105.909

Deuteranomaly
88, 27.901, 93.106

Tritanomaly
88, 9.273, 135.056

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 38.081, 121.311

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 13.980, 122.900

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 38.081, 121.311 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 230, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 230, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 230, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 230, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 38.081, 121.311 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 230, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 230, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 230, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 230, 158); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 230, 158); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 230, 158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 38.081, 121.311 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 230, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
230, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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