

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 4.263, 152.190)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 4.263, 152.190) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 4.267, 152.188)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7DFD9
RGB	215, 223, 217
RGB Percent	84%, 87%, 85%
CMY	0.1577, 0.1264, 0.1499
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.03, 0.13
HSL	135°, 11%, 86%
HSV	135°, 4%, 87%
XYZ	66.7804, 72.0653, 75.8821
YIQ	219.9240, -2.8420, -3.5620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

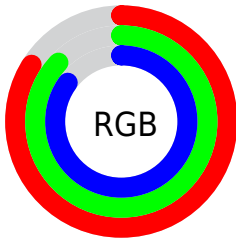
Format	Color
RYP	215, 221, 223
Decimal	14147545
CIELab	88.00, -3.77, 1.99
CIElCh	88, 4.267, 152.188
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3110, 0.3356
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292337625 (0xFFD7DFD9)
YUV	219.9240, -1.4415, -4.3183
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -8.1413, 6.4261

Details

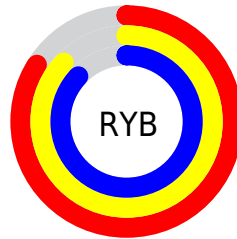
The CIELCh color **88, 4.267, 152.188** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 4.290, 332.486**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 4.504, 152.096** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 16.267, 151.409**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 7.576, 332.678**.

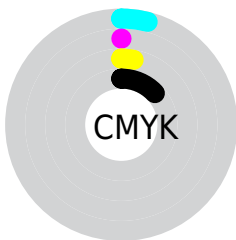
Distribution



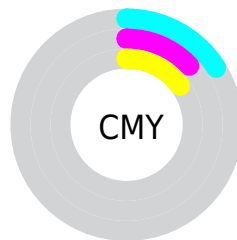
- Red (84%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 4.267, 152.188 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 4.267, 152.188 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88, 4.267, 152.188

■ 88, 4.267, 152.188

■ 100, 4.267,
152.188

■ 78, 4.267, 152.188

■ 68, 4.267, 152.188

■ 58, 4.267, 152.188

■ 48, 4.267, 152.188

■ 38, 4.267, 152.188

■ 28, 4.267, 152.188

■ 18, 4.267, 152.188

■ 8, 4.267, 152.188

■ 0, 4.267, 152.188

■ 88, 4.267, 152.188

■ 88, 4.267, 152.188

■ 86, 16.267,
151.409

■ 90, 7.576, 332.678

■ 84, 28.292,
150.575

■ 92, 18.195,
329.557

■ 83, 40.178,
149.617

■ 92, 20.161,
325.125

■ 81, 51.722,
148.511

■ 80, 62.692,
147.239

■ 79, 72.840,
145.791

■ 79, 81.924,
144.173

■ 78, 89.737,
142.420

■ 78, 96.123,
140.604

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 4.267, 152.188



87, 4.290, 332.486

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 4.267, 152.188



88, 4.267, 202.188



88, 4.267, 332.188



88, 4.267, 22.188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 4.269, 152.184



100, 1.317, 152.566



88, 4.216, 119.052



53, 0.748, 152.585



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 4.269, 152.184



99, 5.307, 152.146



88, 3.073, 178.158



47, 3.399, 152.088



63, 82.824, 139.805



16, 30.933, 144.212

Inverse Universe

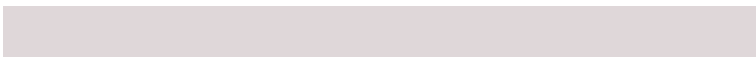
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 4.290, 332.486



97, 5.332, 332.523



87, 3.117, 358.473



46, 3.413, 332.579



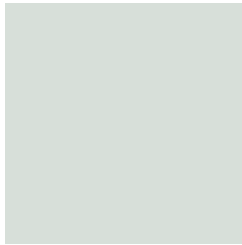
39, 72.311, 341.293



7, 30.350, 338.683

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 4.267, 152.188 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

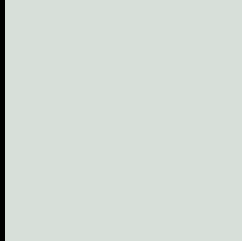
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 4.267, 152.188 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

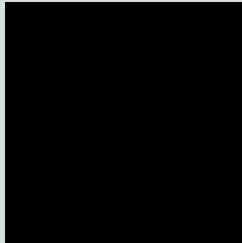
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

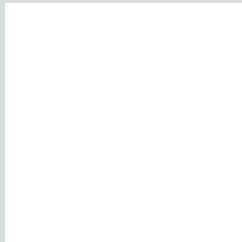
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 4.267, 152.188

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 4.267, 152.188.

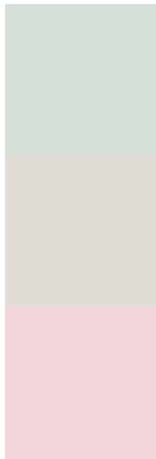


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 4.267, 152.188.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

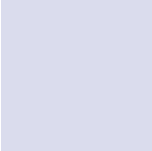
Dichromacy



Original Color
88, 4.267, 152.188

Protanopia
88, 3.377, 69.652

Deuteranopia
88, 11.065, 3.832



Tritanopia
88, 8.897, 286.448

Trichromacy



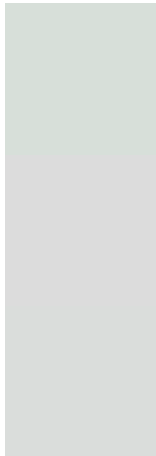
Original Color
88, 4.267, 152.188

Protanomaly
88, 2.616, 101.982

Deuteranomaly
88, 5.486, 14.260

Tritanomaly
88, 4.886, 273.880

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 4.267, 152.188

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 1.501, 155.822

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 4.267, 152.188 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 223, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 223, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 223, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 223, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 4.267, 152.188 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 223, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 223, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(215, 223, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 223, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 223, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 223,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 4.267, 152.188 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 223, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
223, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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