

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 45.870, 204.962)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 45.870, 204.962)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 46.053, 203.868)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	23F4FF
RGB	35, 244, 255
RGB Percent	14%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.8623, 0.0444, 0.0013
CMYK	0.86, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	183°, 100%, 57%
HSV	183°, 86%, 100%
XYZ	50.9476, 72.0653, 105.5607
YIQ	182.7630, -128.0950, -40.8870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

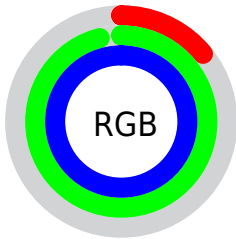
Format	Color
R _Y B	35, 142, 255
Decimal	2356479
CIE Lab	88.00, -42.11, -18.63
CIE LCh	88, 46.053, 203.868
Yxy	72.0653, 0.2229, 0.3153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280546559 (0xFF23F4FF)
YUV	182.7630, 35.6128, -129.5882
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -41.4326, -14.3021

Details

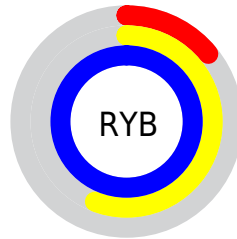
The CIELCh color **88, 46.053, 203.868** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **55, 93.994, 37.602**, and the grayscale version is **74, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 37.074, 197.146**, and **69, 38.496, 205.730** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 46.696, 204.576**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 44.439, 203.338**.

Distribution



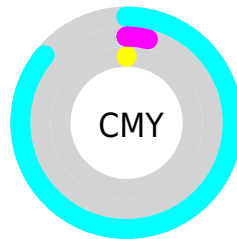
- Red (14%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 46.053, 203.868 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 46.053, 203.868 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 88, 46.053,
203.868

 88, 46.053,
203.868

 100, 46.053,
203.868


 78, 46.053,
203.868

 68, 46.053,
203.868

 58, 46.053,
203.868

 48, 46.053,
203.868

 38, 46.053,
203.868

 28, 46.053,
203.868

 18, 46.053,

203.868

■ 8, 46.053, 203.868

■ 0, 46.053, 203.868

■ 88, 46.053,
203.868

■ 88, 46.053,
203.868

■ 87, 46.696,
204.576

■ 89, 44.439,
203.338

■ 87, 46.786,
204.876

■ 90, 41.744,
202.982

■ 91, 37.942,
202.787

■ 92, 33.075,
202.735

■ 93, 27.235,

202.809

■ 95, 20.547,
202.992

■ 97, 13.149,
203.273

■ 99, 5.181, 203.686

100, 0.151,
109.655

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 46.053, 203.868



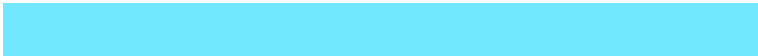
55, 93.994, 37.602

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 46.053, 203.868



88, 46.053, 253.868



88, 46.053, 23.868



88, 46.053, 73.868

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 46.052, 203.867



95, 20.415, 202.997



88, 113.402, 137.262



50, 13.655, 202.921



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 46.052, 203.867



87, 46.830, 204.877



57, 69.517, 283.560



52, 4.704, 203.525



67, 37.758, 204.721



23, 17.497, 203.652

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 107.911, 330.012



60, 111.030, 330.373



73, 77.053, 67.898



50, 8.753, 326.326



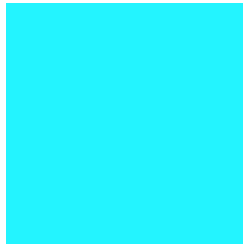
45, 89.490, 330.335



12, 41.365, 330.070

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 46.053, 203.868 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

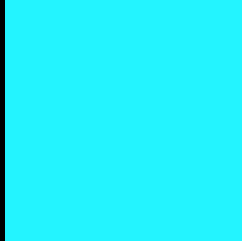
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 46.053, 203.868 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

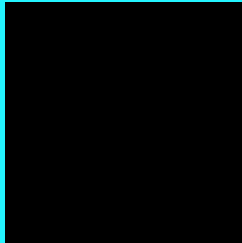
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 46.053, 203.868

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 46.053, 203.868.

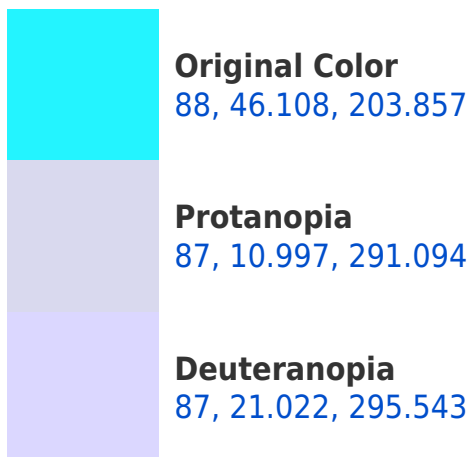


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 46.053, 203.868.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



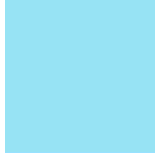


Tritanopia
88, 36.595, 211.437

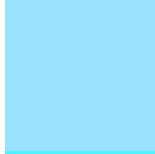
Trichromacy



Original Color
88, 46.108, 203.857



Protanomaly
86, 24.818, 219.216



Deuteranomaly
86, 26.513, 234.963

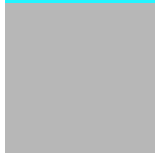


Tritanomaly
88, 40.978, 208.102

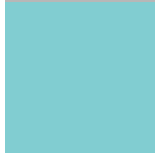
Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 46.108, 203.857



Achromatopsia
74, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 24.339, 202.779

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 46.053, 203.868 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 244, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 244, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 244, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 244, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 46.053, 203.868 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 244, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 244, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 244, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 244, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 244, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 244,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 46.053, 203.868 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 244, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 244,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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