

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 5.764, 109.705)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 5.764, 109.705) contains.

CIELCh(88, 5.720, 109.689)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(88, 5.720, 109.689)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDDDD2
RGB	221, 221, 210
RGB Percent	87%, 87%, 82%
CMY	0.1316, 0.1316, 0.1747
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.05, 0.13
HSL	60°, 14%, 85%
HSV	60°, 5%, 87%
XYZ	67.6163, 72.0653, 71.6068
YIQ	219.7460, 3.5310, -3.4210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

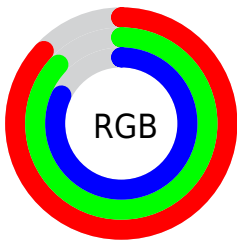
Format	Color
R_{YB}	210, 221, 210
Decimal	14540242
CIE _{Lab}	88.00, -1.93, 5.39
CIE _{LCh}	88, 5.720, 109.689
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3200, 0.3411
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292730322 (0xFFDDDDD2)
YUV	219.7460, -4.8048, 1.0998
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -6.3837, 9.4121

Details

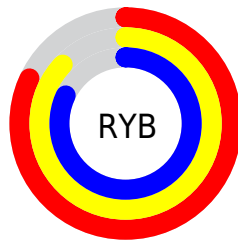
The CIELCh color **88, 5.720, 109.689** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **85, 5.803, 290.697**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 5.485, 109.602** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 17.213, 108.744**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 5.814, 290.680**.

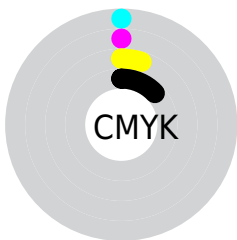
Distribution



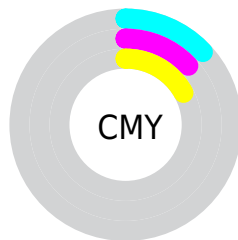
- Red (87%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 5.720, 109.689 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 5.720, 109.689 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88, 5.720, 109.689

■ 88, 5.720, 109.689

■ 100, 5.720,
109.689

■ 78, 5.720, 109.689

■ 68, 5.720, 109.689

■ 58, 5.720, 109.689

■ 48, 5.720, 109.689

■ 38, 5.720, 109.689

■ 28, 5.720, 109.689

■ 18, 5.720, 109.689

■ 8, 5.720, 109.689

■ 0, 5.720, 109.689

88, 5.720, 109.689

88, 5.720, 109.689

88, 17.213,
108.744

89, 5.814, 290.680

87, 28.591,
107.773

89, 17.352,
291.598

87, 39.750,
106.815

89, 17.491,
291.618

86, 50.527,
105.892

89, 17.491,
291.626

86, 60.671,
105.032

89, 17.491,
291.635

86, 69.808,
104.269

89, 17.491,
291.644

86, 77.440,
103.644

89, 17.491,
291.652

86, 83.019,
103.196

89, 17.491,
291.661

■ 86, 86.182,
102.947

■ 89, 17.491,
291.670

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 5.720, 109.689



85, 5.803, 290.697

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 5.720, 109.689



88, 5.720, 159.689



88, 5.720, 289.689



88, 5.720, 339.689

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 5.722, 109.704



100, 1.282, 110.036



85, 4.023, 19.560



53, 0.729, 110.038



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 5.722, 109.704



100, 7.745, 109.603



88, 6.089, 128.873



46, 4.539, 109.550



69, 72.577, 102.874



18, 26.501, 104.182

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 5.803, 290.697



95, 7.867, 290.807



85, 6.147, 309.266



43, 4.615, 290.865



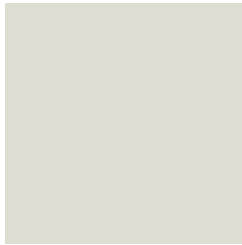
20, 100.214, 306.288



2, 29.602, 294.925

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 5.720, 109.689 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

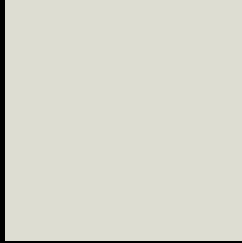
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 5.720, 109.689 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

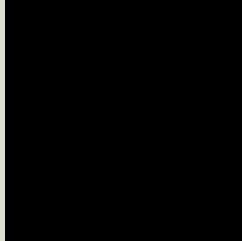
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

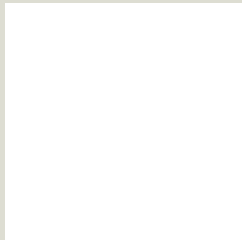
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 5.720, 109.689

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 5.720, 109.689.

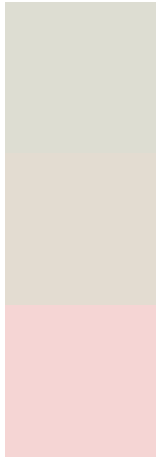


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 5.720, 109.689.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

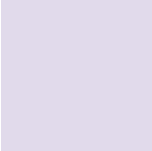
Dichromacy



Original Color
88, 5.720, 109.689

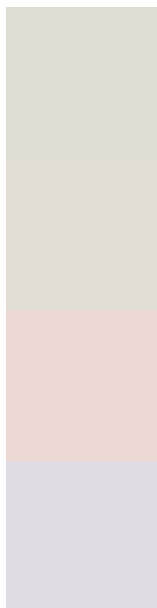
Protanopia
88, 6.257, 85.372

Deuteranopia
88, 11.883, 22.723



Tritanopia
88, 9.256, 306.275

Trichromacy



Original Color
88, 5.720, 109.689

Protanomaly
88, 5.890, 95.267

Deuteranomaly
88, 7.826, 39.205

Tritanomaly
88, 4.095, 316.264

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 5.720, 109.689

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 2.074, 109.972

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 5.720, 109.689 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 221, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 221, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 221, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 221, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 5.720, 109.689 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 221, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 221, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 221, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 221, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 221, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 221,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 5.720, 109.689 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 221, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
221, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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