

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 52.215, 144.934)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 52.215, 144.934)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 52.156, 145.027)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97F1A2
RGB	151, 241, 162
RGB Percent	59%, 95%, 64%
CMY	0.4080, 0.0551, 0.3649
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.33, 0.06
HSL	127°, 76%, 77%
HSV	127°, 37%, 94%
XYZ	50.7135, 72.0653, 45.3997
YIQ	205.0840, -28.2810, -43.6490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

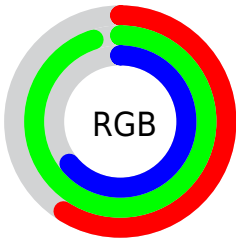
Format	Color
RYB	151, 231, 241
Decimal	9957794
CIELab	88.00, -42.74, 29.90
CIElCh	88, 52.156, 145.027
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3015, 0.4285
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288147874 (0xFF97F1A2)
YUV	205.0840, -21.2404, -47.4317
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -41.9250, 27.7157

Details

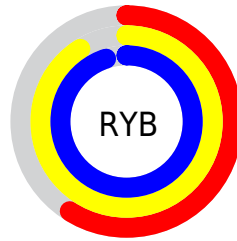
The CIELCh color **88, 52.156, 145.027** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **74, 52.159, 330.201**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 25.733, 148.955**, and **68, 51.725, 145.071** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 65.418, 143.921**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 38.361, 145.988**.

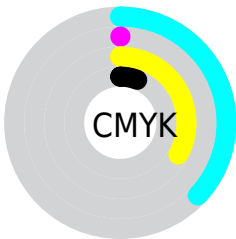
Distribution



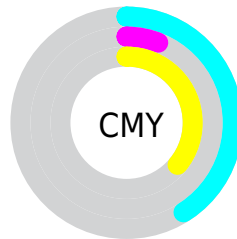
- Red (59%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 52.156, 145.027 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 52.156, 145.027 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 52.156,
145.027


 88, 52.156,
145.027


 100, 52.156,
145.027


 78, 52.156,
145.027

 68, 52.156,
145.027

 58, 52.156,
145.027

 48, 52.156,
145.027

 38, 52.156,
145.027

 28, 52.156,
145.027


 18, 52.156,


145.027


 8, 52.156, 145.027


 0, 52.156, 145.027


 88, 52.156,
145.027

 88, 52.156,
145.027


 87, 65.418,
143.921


 90, 38.361,
145.988

 86, 77.807,
142.669

 91, 24.314,
146.816


 85, 88.945,
141.297

 93, 10.245,
147.539


 84, 98.438,
139.861


 96, 3.673, 328.018

 97, 8.751, 324.711

 84, 105.900,

138.464

 83, 111.037,
137.247

 83, 112.036,
137.002

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 52.156, 145.027



74, 52.159, 330.201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 52.156, 145.027



88, 52.156, 195.027



88, 52.156, 325.027



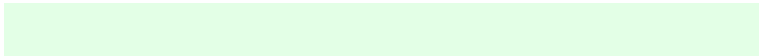
88, 52.156, 15.027

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 52.157, 145.027



97, 16.090, 147.282



93, 45.563, 111.791



52, 10.820, 147.185



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 52.157, 145.027



91, 65.284, 144.179



89, 35.444, 166.611



49, 7.897, 147.391



65, 90.932, 137.203



19, 37.282, 140.067

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 52.159, 330.201



74, 65.086, 330.674



72, 38.392, 354.652



47, 7.914, 328.491



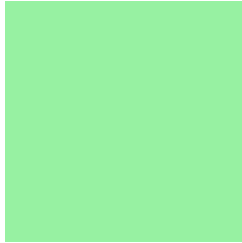
42, 82.051, 333.783



10, 36.296, 332.921

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 52.156, 145.027 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

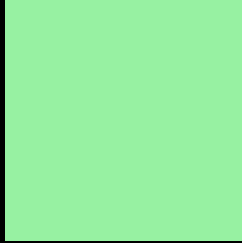
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 52.156, 145.027 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 52.156, 145.027

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 52.156, 145.027.

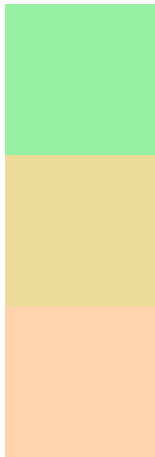


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 52.156, 145.027.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
88, 52.156, 145.027

Protanopia
87, 34.880, 95.281

Deuteranopia
87, 26.637, 67.528

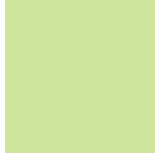


Tritanopia
88, 21.619, 225.802

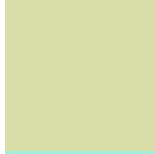
Trichromacy



Original Color
88, 52.156, 145.027



Protanomaly
87, 37.389, 119.808



Deuteranomaly
87, 27.489, 111.914

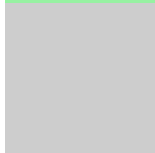


Tritanomaly
88, 25.930, 177.559

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 52.156, 145.027



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
84, 19.553, 146.958

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 52.156, 145.027 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 241, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 241, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 241, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 241, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 52.156, 145.027 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 241, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 241, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 241, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 241, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 241, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 241,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 52.156, 145.027 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 241, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
241, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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