

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 53.469, 278.872)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 53.469, 278.872)
contains.

CIELCh(86, 23.966, 247.176)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(86, 23.966, 247.176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8DEFF
RGB	168, 222, 255
RGB Percent	66%, 87%, 100%
CMY	0.3404, 0.1287, 0.0000
CMYK	0.34, 0.13, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	203°, 100%, 83%
HSV	203°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	60.6066, 67.9871, 105.5715
YIQ	209.6160, -42.7770, -1.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

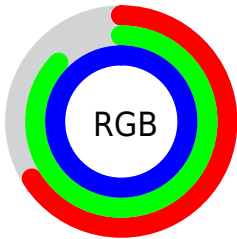
Format	Color
R _Y B	168, 201, 255
Decimal	11067135
CIE Lab	86.00, -9.30, -22.09
CIE LCh	86, 23.966, 247.176
Yxy	67.9871, 0.2588, 0.2903
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289257215 (0xFFA8DEFF)
YUV	209.6160, 22.3743, -36.4972
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, -13.0916, -18.1948

Details

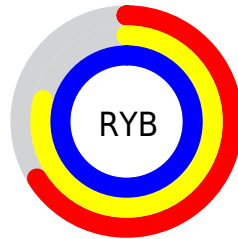
The CIELCh color **86, 23.966, 247.176** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **85, 27.959, 58.044**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 10.172, 198.828**, and **66, 23.490, 245.860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 29.717, 248.098**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 16.989, 244.216**.

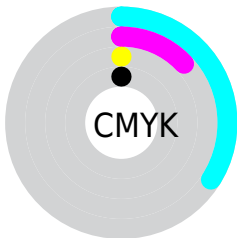
Distribution



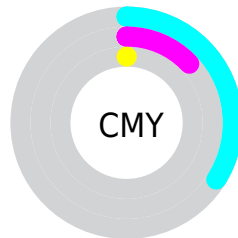
- Red (66%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 23.966, 247.176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 23.966, 247.176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86, 23.966,
247.176

■ 86, 23.966,
247.176

■ 100, 23.966,
247.176

■ 76, 23.966,
247.176

■ 66, 23.966,
247.176

■ 56, 23.966,
247.176

■ 46, 23.966,
247.176

■ 36, 23.966,
247.176

■ 26, 23.966,
247.176

■ 16, 23.966,

247.176

■ 6, 23.966, 247.176

■ 0, 23.966, 247.176

■ 86, 23.966,
247.176

■ 86, 23.966,
247.176

■ 82, 29.717,
248.098

■ 90, 16.989,
244.216

■ 78, 35.451,
250.732

■ 94, 10.104,
242.818

■ 75, 40.733,
253.935

■ 98, 2.957, 241.794

■ 71, 45.596,
257.764

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 68, 50.143,

262.223

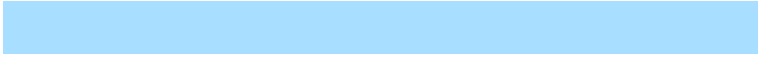
■ 65, 54.549,
267.214

■ 63, 57.220,
270.279

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



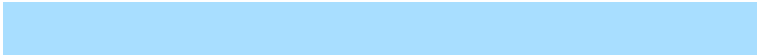
86, 23.966, 247.176



85, 27.959, 58.044

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 23.966, 247.176



86, 23.966, 297.176



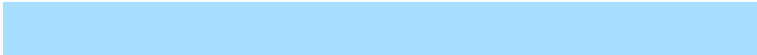
86, 23.966, 67.176



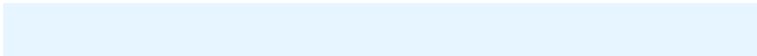
86, 23.966, 117.176

Sweetspot

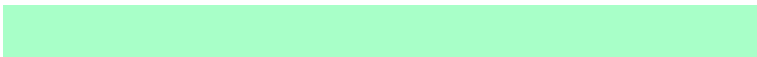
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 23.547, 245.953



96, 7.242, 242.344



93, 41.499, 154.100



51, 4.930, 242.502



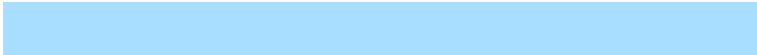
0, 0.000, 0.000



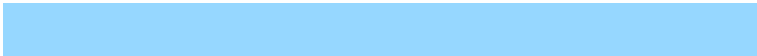
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 23.547, 245.953



83, 27.883, 247.397



75, 40.688, 288.943



51, 4.121, 242.290



48, 45.490, 269.314



15, 19.197, 262.060

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79, 41.973, 340.424



75, 50.308, 341.121



95, 38.340, 100.344



50, 6.944, 338.289



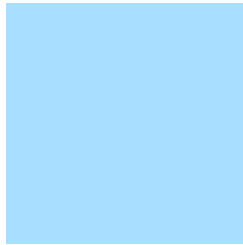
42, 71.090, 351.096



11, 33.517, 347.411

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 23.966, 247.176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

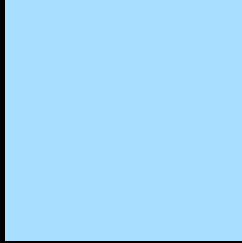
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 23.966, 247.176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

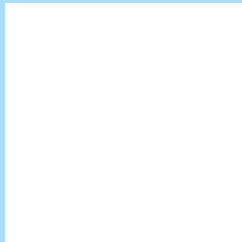
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 23.966, 247.176

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 23.966, 247.176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 23.966, 247.176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

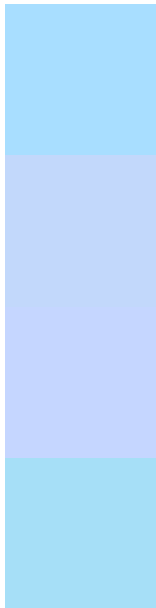
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 20.725, 225.613

Trichromacy



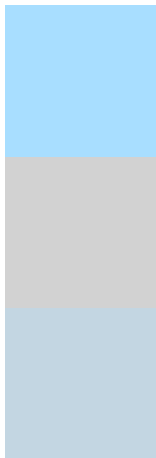
Original Color
86, 23.613, 246.156

Protanomaly
86, 19.519, 270.107

Deuteranomaly
86, 22.077, 277.487

Tritanomaly
86, 21.551, 234.455

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 23.613, 246.156

Achromatopsia
84, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
85, 8.986, 243.929

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 23.966, 247.176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 222, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 222, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 222, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 222, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 23.966, 247.176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 222, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 222, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 222, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 222, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 222, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 222,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 23.966, 247.176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 222, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
222, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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