

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 6.137, 4.277)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(88, 6.137, 4.277) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(88, 6.025, 4.743)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9D9DC
RGB	233, 217, 220
RGB Percent	91%, 85%, 86%
CMY	0.0865, 0.1493, 0.1375
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.06, 0.09
HSL	349°, 27%, 88%
HSV	349°, 7%, 91%
XYZ	71.2853, 72.0653, 77.8146
YIQ	222.1260, 8.5730, 4.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

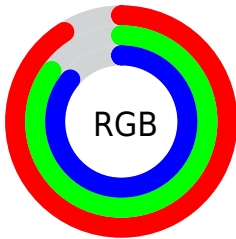
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 217, 220
Decimal	15325660
CIE Lab	88.00, 6.00, 0.50
CIE LCh	88, 6.025, 4.743
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3223, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293515740 (0xFFE9D9DC)
YUV	222.1260, -1.0481, 9.5365
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 1.3311, 5.0764

# Details

The CIELCh color **88, 6.025, 4.743** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 5.853, 183.718**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 5.996, 3.951** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 15.198, 5.863**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 2.665, 184.178**.

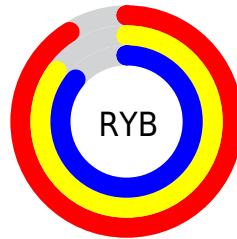
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (85%)

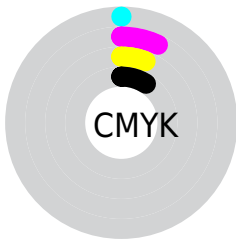
Blue (86%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (86%)

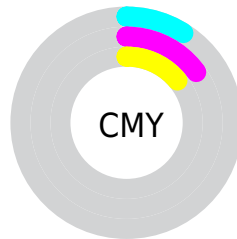


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 6.025, 4.743 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 6.025, 4.743 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



88, 6.025, 4.743

88, 6.025, 4.743

100, 6.025, 4.743

78, 6.025, 4.743

68, 6.025, 4.743

58, 6.025, 4.743

48, 6.025, 4.743

38, 6.025, 4.743

28, 6.025, 4.743

18, 6.025, 4.743

8, 6.025, 4.743

0, 6.025, 4.743

88, 6.025, 4.743

88, 6.025, 4.743

82, 15.198, 5.863

94, 2.665, 184.178

76, 24.817, 7.129

98, 7.544, 199.016

70, 34.776, 8.659

65, 44.875, 10.553

60, 54.813, 12.937

56, 64.210, 15.961

53, 72.695, 19.771

50, 80.055, 24.416

49, 86.326, 29.670

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 6.025, 4.743



91, 5.853, 183.718

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 6.025, 4.743



88, 6.025, 54.743



88, 6.025, 184.743



88, 6.025, 234.743

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 6.023, 4.758



99, 1.865, 4.073



88, 9.555, 319.090



53, 1.060, 4.047



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 6.023, 4.758



95, 7.575, 4.886



89, 4.767, 50.988



46, 5.047, 5.041



38, 72.407, 30.305



7, 27.931, 14.986





# Inverse Universe

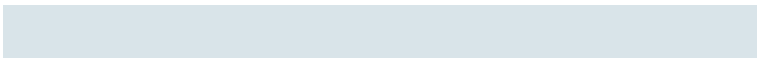
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 6.023, 4.758



95, 7.575, 4.886



90, 4.600, 232.181



46, 5.047, 5.041



38, 72.407, 30.305

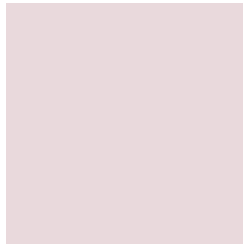


7, 27.931, 14.986



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 6.025, 4.743 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

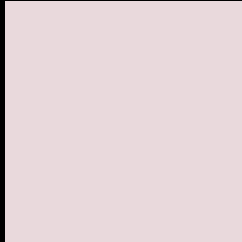
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 6.025, 4.743 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

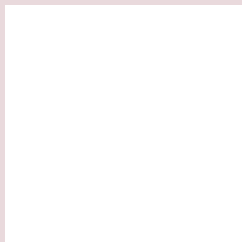
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 88, 6.025, 4.743**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 6.025, 4.743.

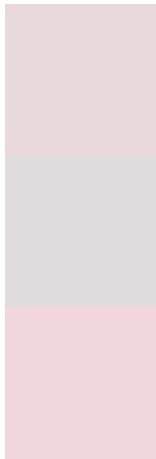


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 6.025, 4.743.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88, 6.025, 4.743

### Protanopia

88, 1.540, 359.332

### Deuteranopia

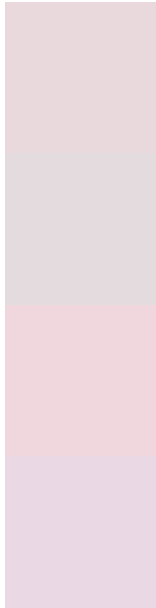
88, 10.850, 0.595



**Tritanopia**  
88, 11.433, 329.324



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88, 6.025, 4.743

## Protanomaly

88, 3.080, 359.667

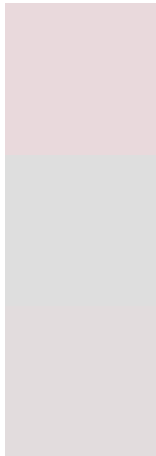
## Deuteranomaly

88, 9.289, 0.426

## Tritanomaly

88, 9.031, 336.165

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88, 6.025, 4.743

## Achromatopsia

88, 0.011, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

88, 2.231, 5.804

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 6.025, 4.743 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 217, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 217, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 217, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 217, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 6.025, 4.743 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 217, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 217, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 217, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 217, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 217, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 217,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 6.025, 4.743 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 217, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
217, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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