

Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 62.079, 113.081)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(88, 62.079, 113.081)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(88, 62.103, 113.069)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2E76B
RGB	210, 231, 107
RGB Percent	82%, 91%, 42%
CMY	0.1757, 0.0933, 0.5796
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.54, 0.09
HSL	70°, 72%, 66%
HSV	70°, 54%, 91%
XYZ	57.9357, 72.0653, 24.8200
YIQ	210.5850, 27.2880, -43.0160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

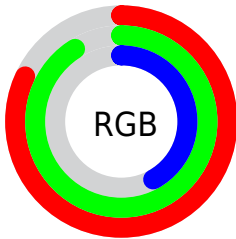
Format	Color
RYB	107, 231, 128
Decimal	13821803
CIELab	88.00, -24.33, 57.14
CIELCh	88, 62.103, 113.069
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3742, 0.4655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292011883 (0xFFD2E76B)
YUV	210.5850, -51.0674, -0.5130
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -26.7390, 42.0891

Details

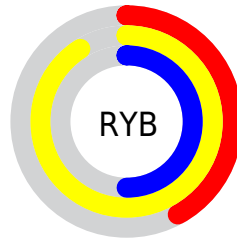
The CIELCh color **88, 62.103, 113.069** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **53, 71.565, 302.429**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 46.400, 106.631**, and **68, 61.897, 112.953** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 71.882, 112.591**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 51.363, 113.683**.

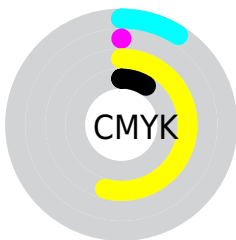
Distribution



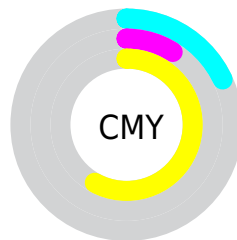
- Red (82%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Black (9%)





- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 62.103, 113.069 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 62.103, 113.069 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88, 62.103,
113.069


 88, 62.103,
113.069


 100, 62.103,
113.069


 78, 62.103,
113.069

 68, 62.103,
113.069

 58, 62.103,
113.069

 48, 62.103,
113.069

 38, 62.103,
113.069


 28, 62.103,
113.069


 18, 62.103,


113.069


 8, 62.103, 113.069


 0, 62.103, 113.069


 88, 62.103,
113.069


 88, 62.103,
113.069


 88, 71.882,
112.591


 89, 51.363,
113.683


 87, 80.205,
112.318

 89, 40.015,
114.371

 87, 86.508,
112.338

 90, 28.304,
115.095

 86, 90.365,
112.727

 91, 16.387,
115.828

 86, 91.772,

 91, 4.370, 116.551

113.135

■ 92, 7.677, 297.253

■ 93, 12.529,
301.233

■ 93, 12.846,
307.175

■ 93, 13.292,
312.817

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 62.103, 113.069



53, 71.565, 302.429

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 62.103, 113.069



88, 62.103, 163.069



88, 62.103, 293.069



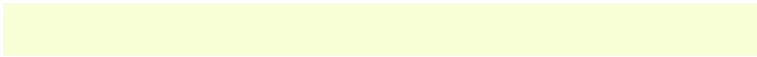
88, 62.103, 343.069

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 62.104, 113.071



99, 20.804, 115.648



65, 47.511, 37.373



52, 14.036, 115.497



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 62.104, 113.071



95, 78.100, 112.564



84, 69.865, 132.025



48, 6.789, 116.133



68, 75.574, 112.974



20, 29.679, 112.915

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 71.565, 302.429



50, 93.606, 303.925



59, 73.069, 316.908



44, 6.934, 297.527



22, 101.189, 307.034



3, 34.033, 300.807

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 62.103, 113.069 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

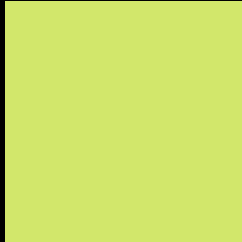
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 88, 62.103, 113.069 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

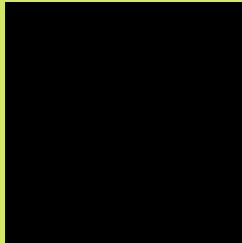
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 88, 62.103, 113.069

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 62.103, 113.069.

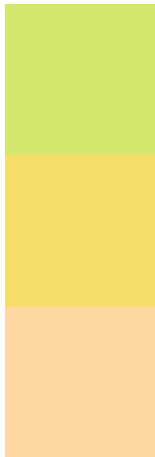


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 62.103, 113.069.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

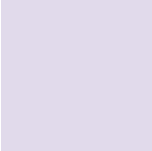
Dichromacy



Original Color
88, 62.103, 113.069

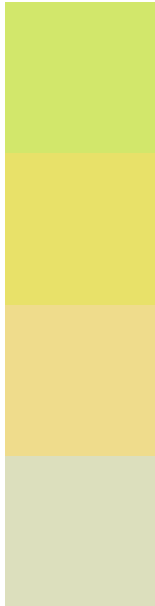
Protanopia
88, 59.509, 95.804

Deuteranopia
88, 33.259, 77.871



Tritanopia
88, 9.256, 306.275

Trichromacy



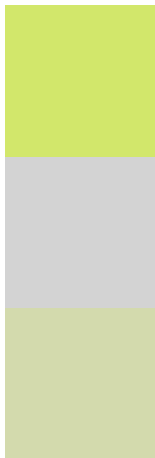
Original Color
88, 62.103, 113.069

Protanomaly
88, 59.919, 102.347

Deuteranomaly
88, 41.845, 95.986

Tritanomaly
88, 17.676, 112.379

Monochromacy



Original Color
88, 62.103, 113.069

Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 23.566, 114.747

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 62.103, 113.069 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 231, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 231, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 231, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 231, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 62.103, 113.069 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 231, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 231, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 231, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 231, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 231, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 231,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 62.103, 113.069 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 231, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
231, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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