

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(88, 86.741, 92.390)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(88, 86.741, 92.390) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(88, 86.646, 92.529)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDB0F
RGB	255, 219, 15
RGB Percent	100%, 86%, 6%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1406, 0.9395
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.94, 0.00
HSL	51°, 100%, 53%
HSV	51°, 94%, 100%
XYZ	66.7582, 72.0653, 10.8591
YIQ	206.5080, 86.9400, -55.8120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

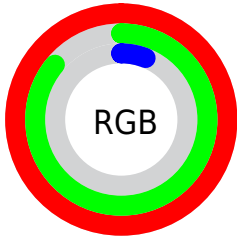
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	57, 255, 15
Decimal	16767759
CIE Lab	88.00, -3.82, 86.56
CIE LCh	88, 86.646, 92.529
Yxy	72.0653, 0.4460, 0.4815
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294957839 (0xFFFFDB0F)
YUV	206.5080, -94.4134, 42.5275
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, -8.1879, 51.8396

# Details

The CIELCh color **88, 86.646, 92.529** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC00**. The color can be described as light saturated yellow. A complement of this color would be **37, 118.696, 303.071**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 76.764, 104.318**, and **68, 71.247, 92.446** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 87.509, 91.870**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 83.182, 93.710**.

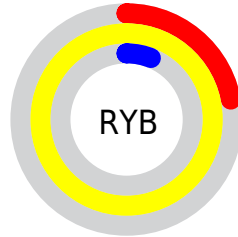
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (86%)

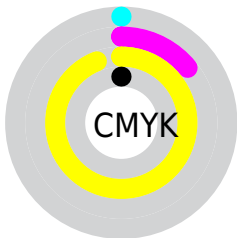
Blue (6%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (6%)

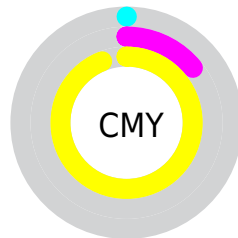


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 86.646, 92.529 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 86.646, 92.529 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 88, 86.646, 92.529

 88, 86.646, 92.529

 100, 86.646,  
92.529

 78, 86.646, 92.529

 68, 86.646, 92.529

 58, 86.646, 92.529

 48, 86.646, 92.529

 38, 86.646, 92.529

 28, 86.646, 92.529

 18, 86.646, 92.529

 8, 86.646, 92.529

 0, 86.646, 92.529

88, 86.646, 92.529

88, 86.646, 92.529

87, 87.509, 91.870

89, 83.182, 93.710

90, 76.947, 94.827

91, 68.624, 95.955

92, 58.959, 97.104

94, 48.512, 98.266

95, 37.649, 99.430

96, 26.591,  
100.586

98, 15.469,  
101.720

99, 4.359, 102.804

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 86.646, 92.529



37, 118.696, 303.071

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 86.646, 92.529



88, 86.646, 142.529



88, 86.646, 272.529



88, 86.646, 322.529

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 86.631, 92.577



96, 31.087, 100.119



54, 93.063, 31.055



51, 21.448, 99.620



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 86.631, 92.577



87, 87.509, 91.870



92, 102.268, 121.805



53, 6.299, 102.212



67, 70.586, 92.082



23, 31.619, 93.662





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37, 118.696, 303.071



35, 124.627, 304.292



38, 125.978, 309.098



49, 6.394, 284.387



26, 99.171, 303.942



5, 39.365, 298.899



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 86.646, 92.529 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

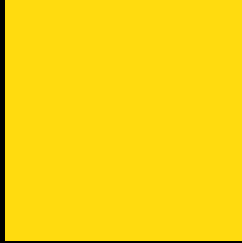
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 86.646, 92.529 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 88, 86.646, 92.529

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 86.646, 92.529.

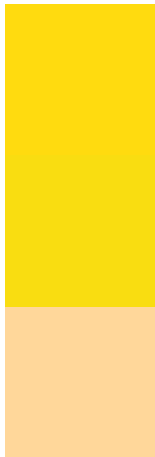


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 86.646, 92.529.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88, 86.646, 92.529

### Protanopia

88, 86.389, 94.879

### Deuteranopia

88, 35.787, 80.471



**Tritanopia**  
88, 17.839, 2.137



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
88, 86.646, 92.529

**Protanomaly**  
88, 86.420, 93.988



**Deuteranomaly**  
88, 59.435, 89.523



**Tritanomaly**  
87, 39.046, 80.990

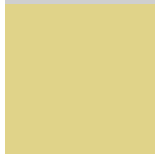
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
88, 86.646, 92.529



**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
84, 38.722, 98.906

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 86.646, 92.529 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 219, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 219, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 219, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 219, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 86.646, 92.529 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 219, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 219, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 219, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 219, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 219, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 219,  
15) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 86.646, 92.529 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 219, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
219, 15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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