

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 0.770, 236.439)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 0.770, 236.439) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 0.881, 236.407)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEE0E1
RGB	222, 224, 225
RGB Percent	87%, 88%, 88%
CMY	0.1300, 0.1221, 0.1182
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	200°, 5%, 88%
HSV	200°, 1%, 88%
XYZ	70.2633, 74.1641, 81.7382
YIQ	223.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

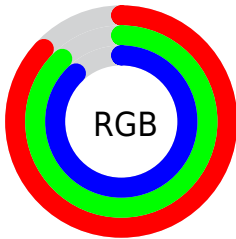
Format	Color
R _Y B	222, 223, 225
Decimal	14606561
CIE Lab	89.00, -0.49, -0.73
CIE LCh	89, 0.881, 236.407
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3107, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292796641 (0xFFDEE0E1)
YUV	223.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -5.0713, 4.0088

Details

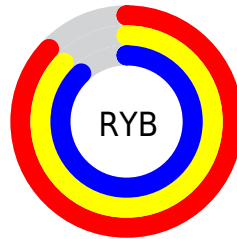
The CIELCh color $89, 0.881, 236.407$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $89, 0.877, 54.831$, and the grayscale version is $89, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $69, 0.926, 236.302$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $85, 7.318, 236.641$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $93, 5.764, 54.815$.

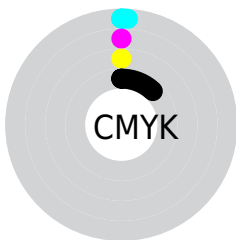
Distribution



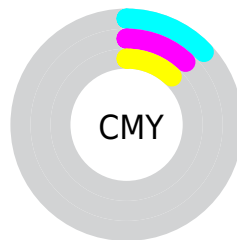
- Red (87%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 0.881, 236.407 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 0.881, 236.407 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89, 0.881, 236.407

■ 89, 0.881, 236.407

■ 100, 0.881,
236.407

■ 79, 0.881, 236.407

■ 69, 0.881, 236.407

■ 59, 0.881, 236.407

■ 49, 0.881, 236.407

■ 39, 0.881, 236.407

■ 29, 0.881, 236.407

■ 19, 0.881, 236.407

■ 9, 0.881, 236.407

■ 0, 0.881, 236.407

89, 0.881, 236.407

89, 0.881, 236.407

85, 7.318, 236.641

93, 5.764, 54.815

82, 13.487,
237.758

95, 9.262, 69.787

79, 19.319,
239.186

97, 11.342, 92.959

75, 24.744,
240.980

99, 14.625,
107.240

72, 29.701,
243.221

99, 15.253,
109.025

69, 34.147,
245.998

66, 38.080,
249.392

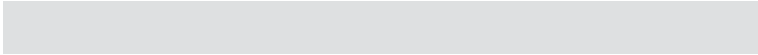
64, 41.557,
253.457

■ 61, 44.709,
258.169

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 0.881, 236.407



89, 0.877, 54.831

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 0.881, 236.407



89, 0.881, 286.407



89, 0.881, 56.407



89, 0.881, 106.407

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 0.881, 236.252

100, 0.012, 296.813



89, 1.514, 155.124



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

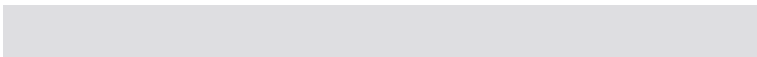
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 0.881, 236.252



99, 1.458, 236.105



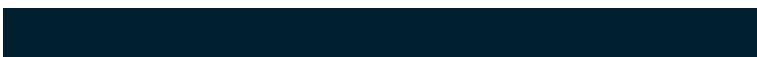
89, 1.298, 281.658



47, 0.747, 236.121



47, 39.056, 261.658



11, 14.718, 251.721

Inverse Universe

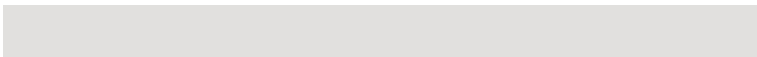
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 1.514, 335.455



99, 2.512, 335.586



89, 1.276, 101.112



47, 1.286, 335.567



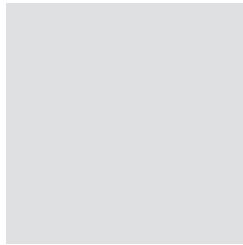
39, 68.572, 347.227



7, 28.800, 343.288

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 0.881, 236.407 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

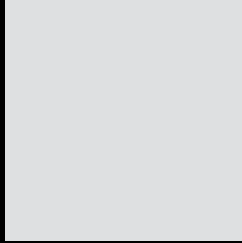
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 0.881, 236.407 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

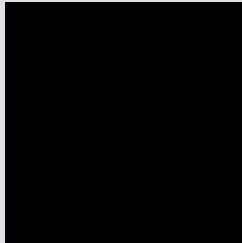
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

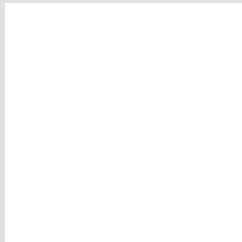
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 0.881, 236.407

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 0.881, 236.407.

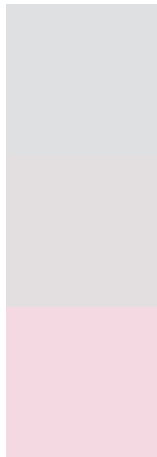


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 0.881, 236.407.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89, 0.881, 236.407

Protanopia

89, 2.089, 349.377

Deuteranopia

89, 11.413, 353.170



Tritanopia
89, 8.903, 295.385

Trichromacy



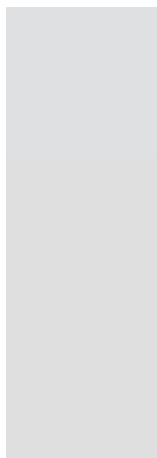
Original Color
89, 0.881, 236.407

Protanomaly
89, 0.897, 343.230

Deuteranomaly
89, 7.151, 349.272

Tritanomaly
89, 5.736, 290.658

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 0.881, 236.407

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 0.531, 290.352

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 0.881, 236.407 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 224, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 224, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 224, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 224, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 0.881, 236.407 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 224, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 224, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 224, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 224, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 224, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 224,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 0.881, 236.407 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 224, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
224, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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