

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 10.967, 314.543)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 10.967, 314.543)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 10.967, 315.547)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8DBEE
RGB	232, 219, 238
RGB Percent	91%, 86%, 93%
CMY	0.0893, 0.1403, 0.0657
CMYK	0.03, 0.08, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	281°, 36%, 90%
HSV	281°, 8%, 93%
XYZ	74.2123, 74.1641, 91.4722
YIQ	225.0530, 1.6490, 8.6650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

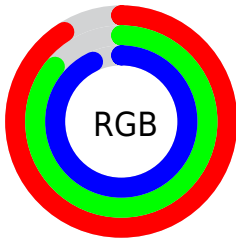
Format	Color
R _Y B	232, 219, 238
Decimal	15260654
CIE Lab	89.00, 7.83, -7.68
CIE LCh	89, 10.967, 315.547
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3094, 0.3092
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293450734 (0xFFE8DBEE)
YUV	225.0530, 6.3829, 6.0925
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 3.1140, -2.6927

Details

The CIELCh color `89, 10.967, 315.547` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `93, 10.880, 134.910`, and the grayscale version is `90, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `69, 10.897, 315.061` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `83, 24.969, 315.989`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `95, 2.736, 135.224`.

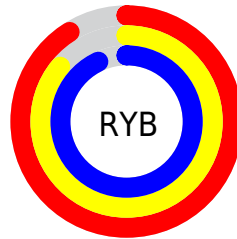
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (86%)

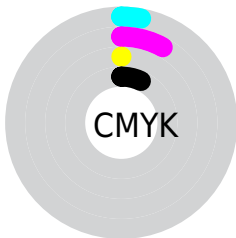
Blue (93%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (93%)

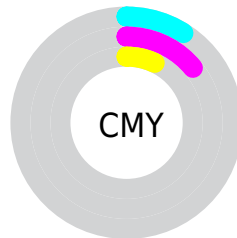


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (14%)


Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 10.967, 315.547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 10.967, 315.547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89, 10.967,
315.547

 89, 10.967,
315.547


 100, 10.967,
315.547


 79, 10.967,
315.547

 69, 10.967,
315.547

 59, 10.967,
315.547

 49, 10.967,
315.547

 39, 10.967,
315.547

 29, 10.967,
315.547

 19, 10.967,

315.547

■ 9, 10.967, 315.547

■ 0, 10.967, 315.547

■ 89, 10.967,
315.547

■ 89, 10.967,
315.547

■ 83, 24.969,
315.989

■ 95, 2.736, 135.224

■ 76, 39.174,
316.434

■ 99, 8.958, 127.384

■ 70, 53.400,
316.867

■ 100, 8.488,
110.002

■ 64, 67.357,
317.262

■ 100, 8.487,
109.533

■ 59, 80.609,

317.577

■ 54, 92.549,
317.759

■ 50, 102.434,
317.740

■ 47, 109.539,
317.451

■ 45, 113.554,
316.848

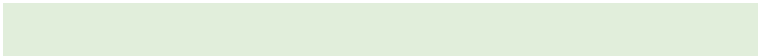
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 10.967, 315.547



93, 10.880, 134.910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 10.967, 315.547



89, 10.967, 5.547



89, 10.967, 135.547



89, 10.967, 185.547

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 10.965, 315.545



99, 2.893, 315.241



90, 7.035, 273.498



53, 1.645, 315.233



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 10.965, 315.545



93, 14.560, 315.637



89, 10.578, 330.411



47, 7.863, 315.612



34, 93.839, 316.873



6, 40.096, 317.988

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 7.559, 355.555



93, 10.056, 355.778



92, 10.546, 149.475



47, 5.428, 355.718



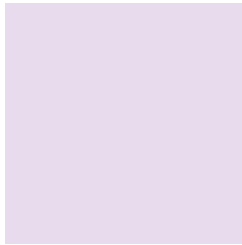
39, 68.009, 19.640



8, 28.765, 9.320

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 10.967, 315.547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

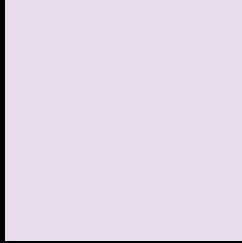
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 10.967, 315.547 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

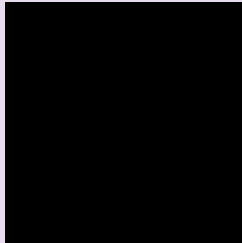
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

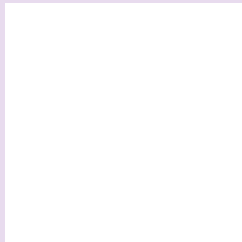
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 10.967, 315.547

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 10.967, 315.547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 10.967, 315.547.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89, 10.967, 315.547

Protanopia

89, 9.399, 293.063

Deuteranopia

89, 13.716, 323.682



Tritanopia
89, 10.498, 316.733

Trichromacy



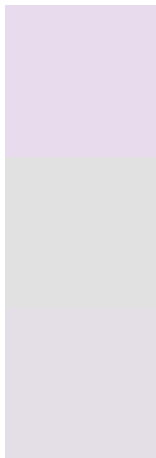
Original Color
89, 10.967, 315.547

Protanomaly
89, 9.577, 301.421

Deuteranomaly
89, 12.712, 320.881

Tritanomaly
89, 10.498, 316.733

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 10.967, 315.547

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 4.081, 316.261

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 10.967, 315.547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 219, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 219, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 219, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 219, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 10.967, 315.547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 219, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 219, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 219, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 219, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 219, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 219,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 10.967, 315.547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 219, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
219, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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