

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 106.929, 127.423)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 106.929, 127.423)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(89, 106.792, 127.411)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	25
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	28

**Color**

**CIELCh(89, 106.792, 127.411)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85FB05
RGB	133, 251, 5
RGB Percent	52%, 98%, 2%
CMY	0.4774, 0.0147, 0.9806
CMYK	0.47, 0.00, 0.98, 0.01
HSL	89°, 97%, 50%
HSV	89°, 98%, 99%
XYZ	44.3138, 74.1641, 12.1207
YIQ	187.6740, 8.6380, -101.5220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

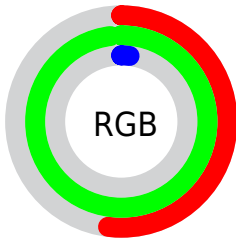
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	5, 251, 123
Decimal	8780549
CIELab	89.00, -64.88, 84.82
CIElCh	89, 106.792, 127.411
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3393, 0.5679
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286970629 (0xFF85FB05)
YUV	187.6740, -90.0583, -47.9491
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -58.8572, 51.9383

# Details

The CIELCh color **89, 106.792, 127.411** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF00**. The color can be described as dark saturated chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **40, 123.350, 311.345**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 80.369, 121.540**, and **69, 92.683, 132.363** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 107.458, 127.647**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 102.612, 126.318**.

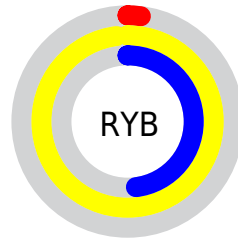
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (98%)

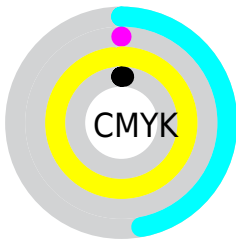
Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (98%)

Blue (48%)

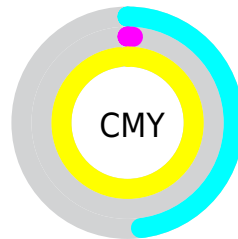


Cyan (47%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 106.792, 127.411 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 106.792, 127.411 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 89, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 89, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 100, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 79, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 69, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 59, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 49, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 39, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 29, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 19, 106.792,

127.411

■ 9, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 0, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 89, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 89, 106.792,  
127.411

■ 89, 107.458,  
127.647

■ 90, 102.612,  
126.318

■ 90, 95.877,  
125.721

■ 91, 86.802,  
125.565

■ 92, 75.958,  
125.720

■ 93, 63.917,  
126.067

■ 94, 51.119,  
126.514

■ 95, 37.878,  
127.004

■ 96, 24.408,  
127.499

■ 98, 10.857,  
127.983

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 106.792, 127.411



40, 123.350, 311.345

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 106.792, 127.411



89, 106.792, 177.411



89, 106.792, 307.411



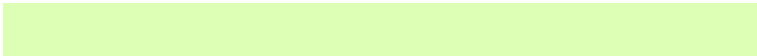
89, 106.792, 357.411

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 106.792, 127.412



96, 39.651, 126.955



65, 84.897, 57.681



51, 27.155, 126.744



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 106.792, 127.412



90, 108.686, 127.660



87, 117.879, 135.974



52, 7.657, 127.913



69, 86.421, 127.358



23, 37.585, 125.919



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 123.350, 311.345



40, 125.624, 311.209



58, 114.114, 326.908



48, 7.768, 308.761



29, 99.972, 311.415

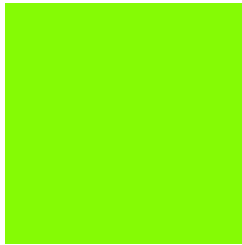


5, 43.224, 312.084



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 106.792, 127.411 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

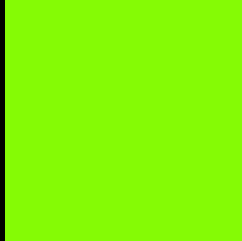
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 106.792, 127.411 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 89, 106.792, 127.411**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 106.792, 127.411.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 106.792, 127.411.





# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89, 106.726, 127.431

### Protanopia

88, 88.409, 95.235

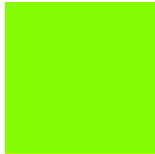
### Deuteranopia

88, 33.697, 79.815



**Tritanopia**  
89, 23.183, 222.197

# Trichromacy



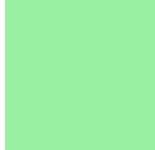
**Original Color**  
89, 106.726, 127.431



**Protanomaly**  
88, 91.119, 109.513



**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 62.846, 111.776

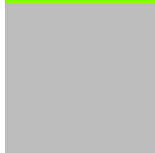


**Tritanomaly**  
88, 51.170, 144.583

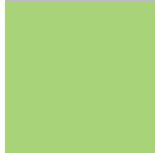
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 106.726, 127.431



**Achromatopsia**  
76, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
80, 49.571, 126.272

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 106.792, 127.411 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 251, 5)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 251, 5)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 251, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 251, 5) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 106.792, 127.411 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 251, 5) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 251, 5) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 251, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 251, 5); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 251, 5);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 251,  
5) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 106.792, 127.411 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 251, 5) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
251, 5) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**



**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor