

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(89, 112.137, 130.698)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 112.137, 130.698)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 111.820, 130.712)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BFE01
RGB	107, 254, 1
RGB Percent	42%, 100%, 0%
CMY	0.5794, 0.0031, 0.9967
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 1.00, 0.00
HSL	95°, 99%, 50%
HSV	95°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	41.6084, 74.1641, 12.1454
YIQ	181.2050, -6.3990, -109.8470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

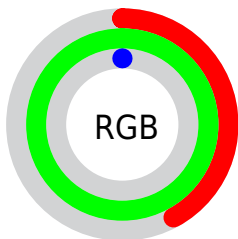
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 254, 148
Decimal	7077377
CIE _{Lab}	89.00, -72.94, 84.76
CIE _{LCh}	89, 111.820, 130.712
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3253, 0.5798
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285267457 (0xFF6BFE01)
YUV	181.2050, -88.8411, -65.0778
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -64.4648, 51.9213

Details

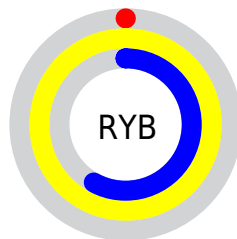
The CIELCh color **89, 111.820, 130.712** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF00**. The color can be described as dark saturated chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **43, 122.463, 313.678**, and the grayscale version is **74, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 83.873, 126.780**, and **69, 98.123, 135.918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 111.938, 130.748**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 107.705, 129.681**.

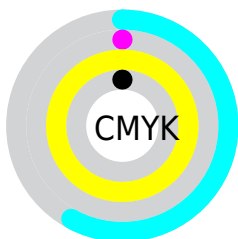
Distribution



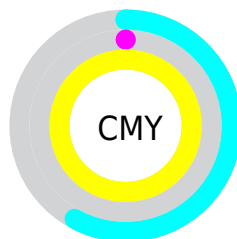
- Red (42%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 111.820, 130.712 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 111.820, 130.712 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89, 111.820,
130.712

■ 89, 111.820,
130.712

■ 100, 111.820,
130.712

■ 79, 111.820,
130.712

■ 69, 111.820,
130.712

■ 59, 111.820,
130.712

■ 49, 111.820,
130.712

■ 39, 111.820,
130.712

■ 29, 111.820,
130.712

■ 19, 111.820,

130.712

■ 9, 111.820,
130.712

■ 0, 111.820,
130.712

■ 89, 111.820,
130.712

■ 89, 111.820,
130.712

■ 89, 111.938,
130.748

■ 90, 107.705,
129.681

■ 90, 101.059,
129.092

■ 91, 91.922,
128.949

■ 92, 80.862,
129.124

■ 93, 68.478,
129.492

■ 94, 55.254,
129.955

■ 95, 41.537,
130.451

■ 97, 27.571,
130.944

■ 98, 13.526,
131.414

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 111.820, 130.712



43, 122.463, 313.678

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 111.820, 130.712



89, 111.820, 180.712



89, 111.820, 310.712



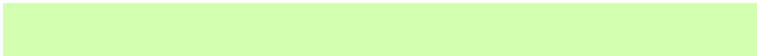
89, 111.820, 0.712

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 111.819, 130.713



95, 42.106, 130.434



70, 83.226, 65.685



50, 28.678, 130.224



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 111.819, 130.713



89, 112.201, 130.750



88, 118.282, 136.423



52, 7.976, 131.422



69, 90.107, 130.483



23, 40.023, 129.048

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 122.463, 313.678



44, 122.876, 313.652



59, 109.275, 331.125



49, 8.068, 312.208



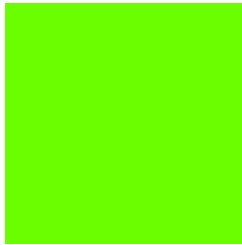
32, 98.816, 313.845



7, 44.736, 315.107

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 111.820, 130.712 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

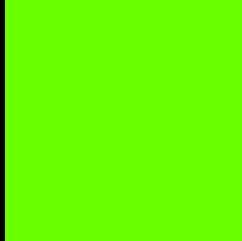
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 111.820, 130.712 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

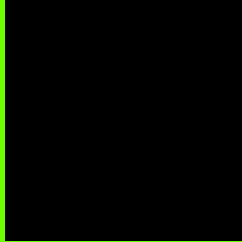
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

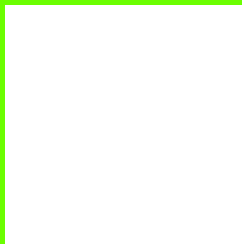
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 111.820, 130.712

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 111.820, 130.712.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 111.820,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89, 111.755, 130.732

Protanopia

88, 88.184, 94.923

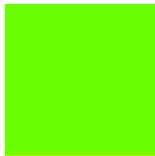
Deuteranopia

88, 34.160, 80.144



Tritanopia
89, 27.877, 218.842

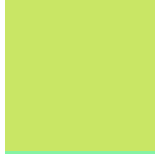
Trichromacy



Original Color
89, 111.755, 130.732



Protanomaly
87, 92.312, 112.247



Deuteranomaly
87, 64.844, 115.451

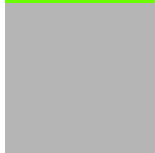


Tritanomaly
88, 56.509, 149.101

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 111.755, 130.732



Achromatopsia
74, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 52.726, 129.757

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 111.820, 130.712 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 254, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 254, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 254, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 254, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 111.820, 130.712 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 254, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 254, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 254, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 254, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 254, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 254,  
1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 111.820, 130.712 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 254, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
254, 1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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