

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 12.132, 224.292)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 12.132, 224.292)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(89, 12.139, 224.297)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4E5EF
RGB	196, 229, 239
RGB Percent	77%, 90%, 94%
CMY	0.2305, 0.1011, 0.0619
CMYK	0.18, 0.04, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	194°, 58%, 85%
HSV	194°, 18%, 94%
XYZ	66.5086, 74.1641, 92.6362
YIQ	220.2730, -22.8780, -3.8860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

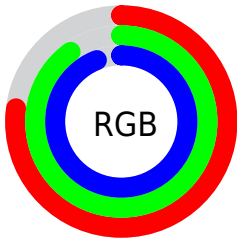
Format	Color
R _Y B	196, 215, 239
Decimal	12903919
CIE Lab	89.00, -8.69, -8.48
CIE LCh	89, 12.139, 224.297
Yxy	74.1641, 0.2851, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291093999 (0xFFC4E5EF)
YUV	220.2730, 9.2324, -21.2874
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -12.8536, -3.4942

Details

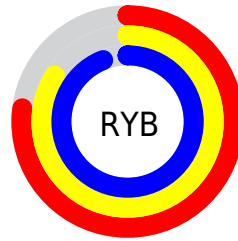
The CIELCh color **89, 12.139, 224.297** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **85, 13.613, 42.710**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.695, 200.315**, and **69, 12.078, 222.879** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 18.308, 225.067**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 5.529, 223.763**.

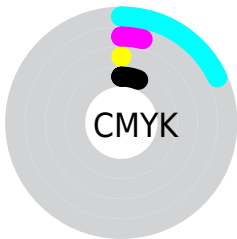
Distribution



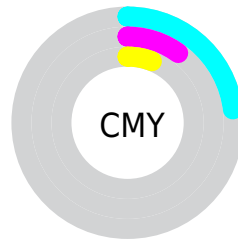
- Red (77%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (6%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 12.139, 224.297 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 12.139, 224.297 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89, 12.139,
224.297

 89, 12.139,
224.297

 100, 12.139,
224.297

 79, 12.139,
224.297

 69, 12.139,
224.297

 59, 12.139,
224.297

 49, 12.139,
224.297

 39, 12.139,
224.297

 29, 12.139,
224.297

 19, 12.139,

224.297

■ 9, 12.139, 224.297

■ 0, 12.139, 224.297

■ 89, 12.139,
224.297

■ 89, 12.139,
224.297

■ 86, 18.308,
225.067

■ 92, 5.529, 223.763

■ 83, 23.936,
226.122

■ 95, 1.428, 42.804

■ 81, 28.922,
227.518

■ 97, 4.688, 65.942

■ 78, 33.177,
229.336

■ 99, 6.330, 98.170

■ 76, 36.645,

■ 100, 7.990,
109.570

231.666

■ 74, 39.322,
234.601

■ 72, 41.280,
238.212

■ 70, 42.702,
242.486

■ 70, 42.979,
243.377

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 12.139, 224.297



85, 13.613, 42.710

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



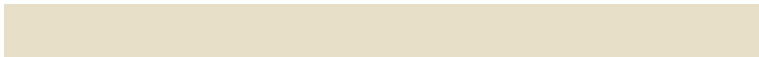
89, 12.139, 224.297



89, 12.139, 274.297



89, 12.139, 44.297



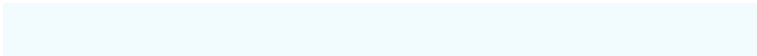
89, 12.139, 94.297

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 12.139, 224.288



98, 3.676, 223.687



91, 23.394, 149.861



52, 2.504, 223.698



0, 0.000, 0.000



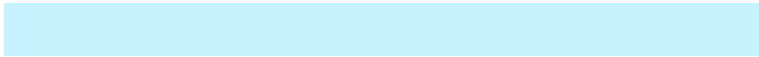
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 12.139, 224.288



93, 15.456, 224.577



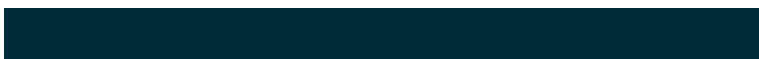
84, 16.674, 277.391



49, 3.931, 223.822



55, 35.118, 242.552



16, 14.987, 235.592

Inverse Universe

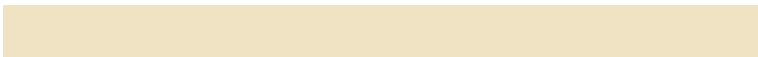
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 23.235, 332.854



86, 29.982, 333.139



90, 16.569, 92.691



47, 7.321, 332.271



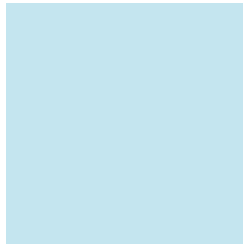
41, 75.516, 340.195



9, 33.752, 338.163

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 12.139, 224.297 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

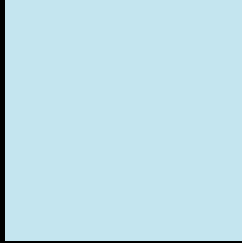
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 12.139, 224.297 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

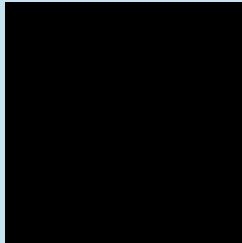
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 12.139, 224.297

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 12.139, 224.297.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 12.139, 224.297.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

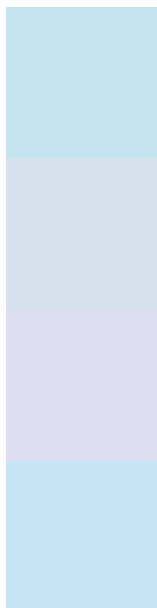
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
89, 13.491, 243.163

Trichromacy



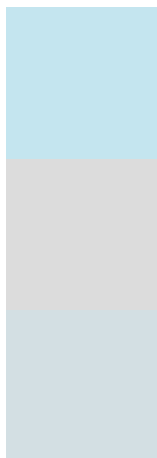
Original Color
89, 12.139, 224.297

Protanomaly
89, 7.247, 259.082

Deuteranomaly
89, 10.449, 292.931

Tritanomaly
89, 13.093, 238.613

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 12.139, 224.297

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 4.665, 225.897

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 12.139, 224.297 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 229, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 229, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 229, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 229, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 12.139, 224.297 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 229, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 229, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 229, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 229, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 229, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 229,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 12.139, 224.297 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 229, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
229, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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