

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(89, 12.196, 64.116)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 12.196, 64.116) contains.

CIELCh(89, 12.006, 63.398)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(89, 12.006, 63.398)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2DBCBCB
RGB	242, 219, 203
RGB Percent	95%, 86%, 80%
CMY	0.0493, 0.1395, 0.2023
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.16, 0.05
HSL	25°, 61%, 87%
HSV	25°, 16%, 95%
XYZ	73.0328, 74.1641, 67.2218
YIQ	224.0530, 18.8440, -0.1000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

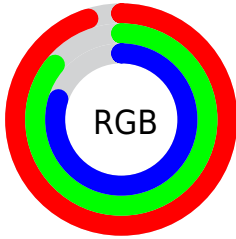
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 230, 203
Decimal	15915979
CIE Lab	89.00, 5.38, 10.74
CIE LCh	89, 12.006, 63.398
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3406, 0.3459
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294106059 (0xFFFF2DBC B)
YUV	224.0530, -10.3791, 15.7395
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 0.6692, 14.0029

Details

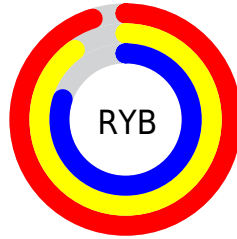
The CIELCh color **89, 12.006, 63.398** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **89, 11.243, 247.164**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 12.083, 62.491** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 20.089, 62.394**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 4.407, 64.389**.

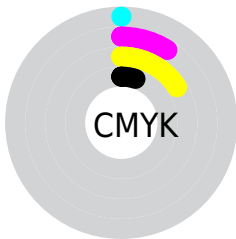
Distribution



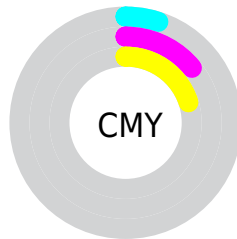
- Red (95%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 12.006, 63.398 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 12.006, 63.398 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 89, 12.006, 63.398

 89, 12.006, 63.398

 100, 12.006,
63.398

 79, 12.006, 63.398

 69, 12.006, 63.398

 59, 12.006, 63.398

 49, 12.006, 63.398

 39, 12.006, 63.398

 29, 12.006, 63.398

 19, 12.006, 63.398

 9, 12.006, 63.398

 0, 12.006, 63.398

89, 12.006, 63.398

89, 12.006, 63.398

85, 20.089, 62.394

93, 4.407, 64.389

81, 28.690, 61.395

97, 2.755, 245.739

77, 37.823, 60.429

99, 4.337, 199.283

73, 47.450, 59.495

70, 57.430, 58.560

67, 67.409, 57.530

64, 76.629, 56.178

61, 83.794, 54.077

60, 86.126, 53.157

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 12.006, 63.398



89, 11.243, 247.164

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 12.006, 63.398



89, 12.006, 113.398



89, 12.006, 243.398



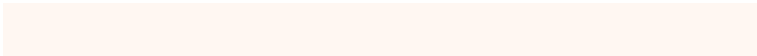
89, 12.006, 293.398

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 12.006, 63.412



98, 3.754, 64.477



86, 18.682, 339.869



52, 2.567, 64.421



0, 0.000, 0.000



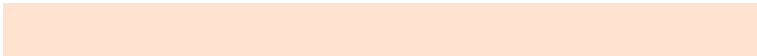
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 12.006, 63.412



92, 14.904, 63.111



94, 18.027, 104.098



49, 4.187, 64.073



47, 70.271, 53.811



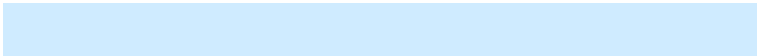
13, 24.960, 52.460

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 11.243, 247.164



92, 13.770, 247.592



84, 18.555, 287.708



49, 4.038, 246.308



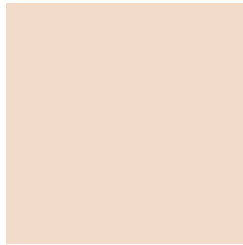
45, 47.518, 273.782



13, 18.975, 265.856

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 12.006, 63.398 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

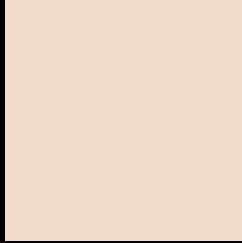
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 12.006, 63.398 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

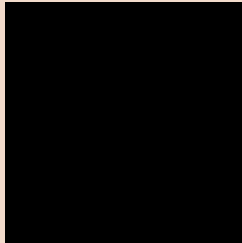
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 12.006, 63.398

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 12.006, 63.398.

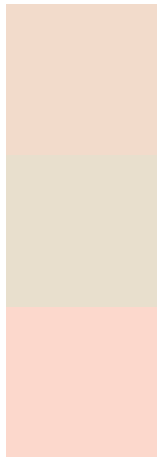


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 12.006, 63.398.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89, 12.006, 63.398

Protanopia

89, 9.904, 89.643

Deuteranopia

89, 15.000, 44.631



Tritanopia
89, 14.245, 342.129

Trichromacy



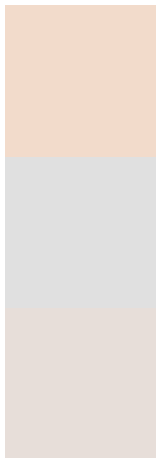
Original Color
89, 12.006, 63.398

Protanomaly
89, 10.695, 80.107

Deuteranomaly
89, 13.860, 49.090

Tritanomaly
89, 10.546, 5.924

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 12.006, 63.398

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 4.162, 57.988

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 12.006, 63.398 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 219, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 219, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 219, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 219, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 12.006, 63.398 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 219, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 219, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 219, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 219, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 219, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 219,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 12.006, 63.398 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 219, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
219, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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