

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(89, 14.221, 32.315)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 14.221, 32.315) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(89, 14.092, 30.893)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCD7D2
RGB	252, 215, 210
RGB Percent	99%, 84%, 82%
CMY	0.0106, 0.1557, 0.1754
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.17, 0.01
HSL	7°, 89%, 91%
HSV	7°, 17%, 99%
XYZ	76.2935, 74.1641, 71.4518
YIQ	225.4930, 23.6570, 6.2890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

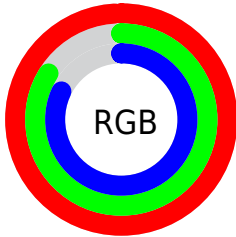
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	252, 216, 210
Decimal	16570322
CIE Lab	89.00, 12.09, 7.24
CIE LCh	89, 14.092, 30.893
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3438, 0.3342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294760402 (0xFFFC7D2)
YUV	225.4930, -7.6380, 23.2466
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 7.4277, 11.0907

# Details

The CIELCh color **89, 14.092, 30.893** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95, 12.589, 210.527**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 14.096, 29.471** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 23.522, 31.358**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 5.398, 30.557**.

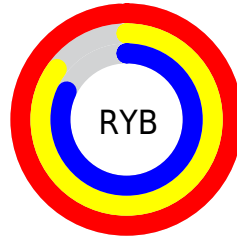
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (84%)

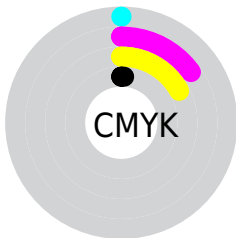
Blue (82%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (82%)

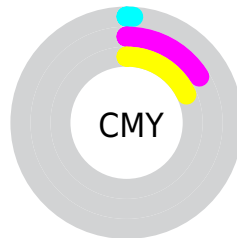


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 14.092, 30.893 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 14.092, 30.893 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 89, 14.092, 30.893

 89, 14.092, 30.893

 100, 14.092,  
30.893

 79, 14.092, 30.893

 69, 14.092, 30.893

 59, 14.092, 30.893

 49, 14.092, 30.893

 39, 14.092, 30.893

 29, 14.092, 30.893

 19, 14.092, 30.893

 9, 14.092, 30.893

 0, 14.092, 30.893

89, 14.092, 30.893

89, 14.092, 30.893

83, 23.522, 31.358

95, 5.398, 30.557

77, 33.717, 32.018

100, 0.939,  
200.051

72, 44.654, 32.950

67, 56.233, 34.214

63, 68.236, 35.847

59, 80.240, 37.791

56, 91.348, 39.743

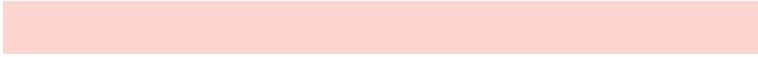
54, 99.647, 40.907

54, 101.751,  
41.215

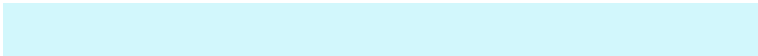
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 14.092, 30.893



95, 12.589, 210.527

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



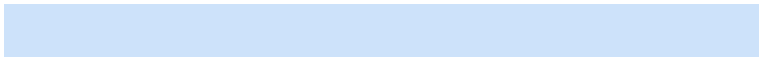
89, 14.092, 30.893



89, 14.092, 80.893



89, 14.092, 210.893



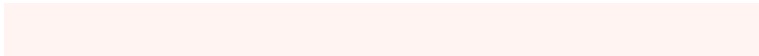
89, 14.092, 260.893

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 14.090, 30.904



97, 4.064, 30.484



89, 24.358, 328.756



51, 2.781, 30.518



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

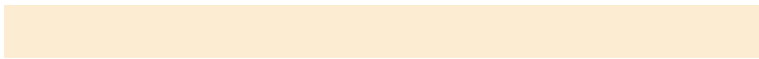
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 14.090, 30.904



88, 17.314, 31.038



94, 14.579, 84.748



49, 4.631, 30.657



40, 81.456, 41.488



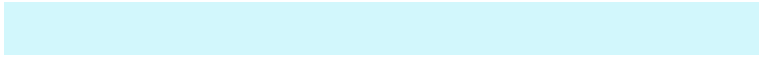
10, 29.941, 32.239



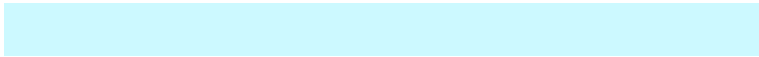


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 12.589, 210.527



95, 15.088, 210.537



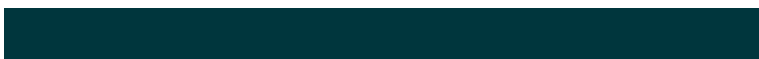
90, 14.379, 269.314



51, 4.353, 210.570



63, 35.145, 218.151

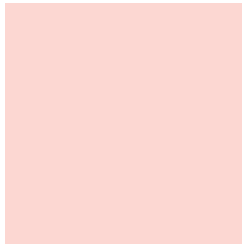


20, 16.053, 215.062



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 14.092, 30.893 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

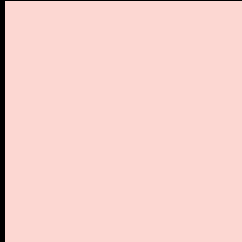
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 14.092, 30.893 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

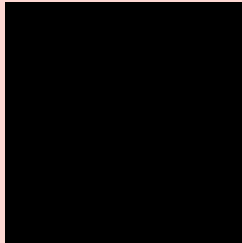
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

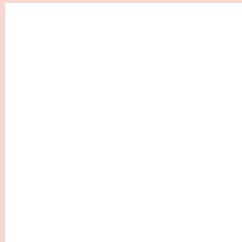
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 89, 14.092, 30.893**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 14.092, 30.893.

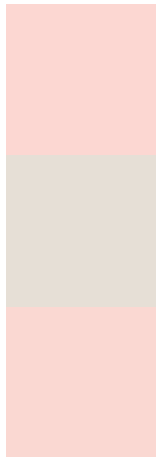


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 14.092, 30.893.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89, 14.092, 30.893

### Protanopia

89, 5.306, 80.927

### Deuteranopia

89, 13.090, 33.933



**Tritanopia**  
89, 17.910, 351.298



# Trichromacy



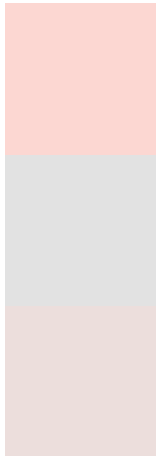
**Original Color**  
89, 14.092, 30.893

**Protanomaly**  
89, 7.556, 48.419

**Deuteranomaly**  
89, 13.462, 33.571

**Tritanomaly**  
89, 15.733, 3.363

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 14.092, 30.893

**Achromatopsia**  
90, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
90, 5.189, 31.153

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 14.092, 30.893 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 215, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 215, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 215, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 215, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 14.092, 30.893 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 215, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 215, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 215, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 215, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 215, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 215,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 14.092, 30.893 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 215, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
215, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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