

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(89, 16.207, 43.265)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 16.207, 43.265) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(89, 16.084, 42.975)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED7CB
RGB	254, 215, 203
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 80%
CMY	0.0029, 0.1559, 0.2030
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	14°, 97%, 90%
HSV	14°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	76.1336, 74.1641, 66.9508
YIQ	225.2930, 27.0960, 4.5360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

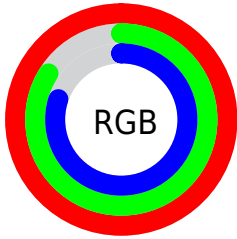
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 219, 203
Decimal	16701387
CIE Lab	89.00, 11.77, 10.96
CIE LCh	89, 16.084, 42.975
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3504, 0.3414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294891467 (0xFF FED7CB)
YUV	225.2930, -10.9904, 25.1760
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 7.0963, 14.1894

# Details

The CIELCh color **89, 16.084, 42.975** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93, 14.132, 224.810**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 16.188, 42.247** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 25.123, 42.842**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 7.743, 43.215**.

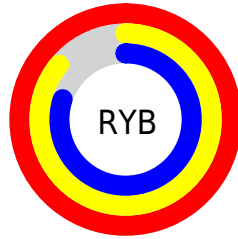
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (84%)

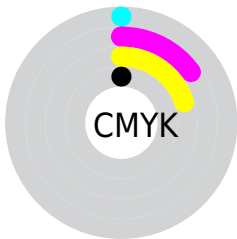
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (80%)

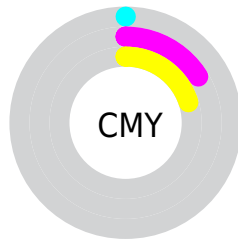


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 16.084, 42.975 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 16.084, 42.975 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 89, 16.084, 42.975

 89, 16.084, 42.975

 100, 16.084,  
42.975

 79, 16.084, 42.975

 69, 16.084, 42.975

 59, 16.084, 42.975

 49, 16.084, 42.975

 39, 16.084, 42.975

 29, 16.084, 42.975

 19, 16.084, 42.975

 9, 16.084, 42.975

 0, 16.084, 42.975

89, 16.084, 42.975

89, 16.084, 42.975

84, 25.123, 42.842

94, 7.743, 43.215

79, 34.903, 42.837

100, 0.045, 29.237

74, 45.426, 43.006

100, 0.260,  
201.934

70, 56.625, 43.369

65, 68.294, 43.904

62, 79.940, 44.482

59, 90.440, 44.723

56, 98.142, 44.163

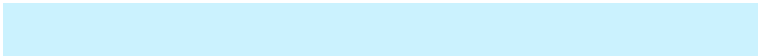
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 16.084, 42.975



93, 14.132, 224.810

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 16.084, 42.975



89, 16.084, 92.975



89, 16.084, 222.975



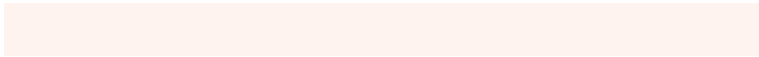
89, 16.084, 272.975

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 16.083, 42.985



97, 4.552, 43.293



87, 27.249, 333.035



51, 3.027, 43.285



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

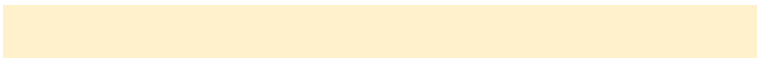
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 16.083, 42.985



87, 19.603, 42.915



95, 19.778, 93.625



50, 4.375, 43.228



43, 78.747, 44.628



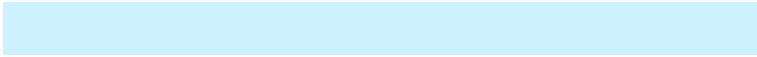
12, 29.461, 39.313



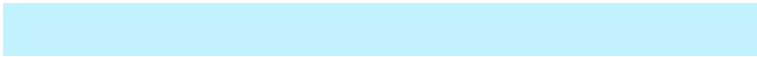


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 14.132, 224.810



92, 16.741, 225.116



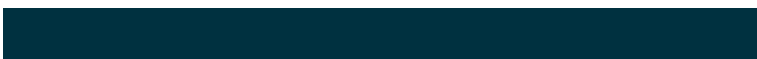
87, 19.984, 278.878



52, 4.130, 224.184



56, 36.321, 243.305

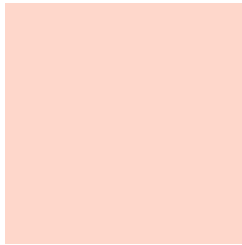


18, 16.347, 237.218



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 16.084, 42.975 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

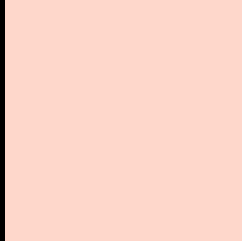
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 16.084, 42.975 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

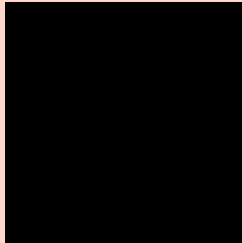
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

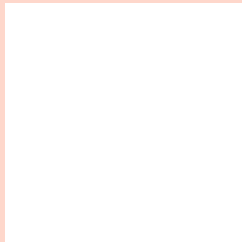
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 89, 16.084, 42.975

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 16.084, 42.975.

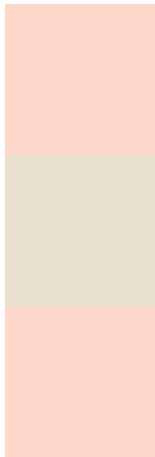


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 16.084, 42.975.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89, 16.084, 42.975

### Protanopia

89, 8.929, 87.542

### Deuteranopia

89, 15.598, 45.730



**Tritanopia**  
89, 17.680, 352.784



# Trichromacy



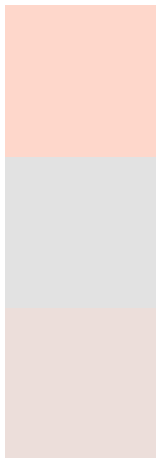
**Original Color**  
89, 16.084, 42.975

**Protanomaly**  
89, 10.424, 63.772

**Deuteranomaly**  
89, 15.598, 45.730

**Tritanomaly**  
89, 15.787, 9.245

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 16.084, 42.975

**Achromatopsia**  
90, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
89, 5.502, 41.745

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 16.084, 42.975 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 215, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 215, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 215, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 215, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 16.084, 42.975 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 215, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 215, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 215, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 215, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 215, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 215,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 16.084, 42.975 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 215, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
215, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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