

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 16.458, 359.274)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 16.458, 359.274)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(89, 16.373, 0.293)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD5E0
RGB	255, 213, 224
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 88%
CMY	0.0004, 0.1650, 0.1219
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.12, 0.00
HSL	344°, 100%, 92%
HSV	344°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	78.4211, 74.1641, 80.6401
YIQ	226.8120, 21.5010, 12.3250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

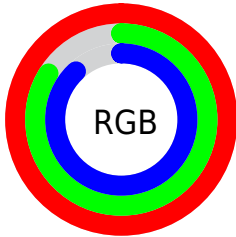
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 213, 224
Decimal	16766432
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	89.00, 16.37, 0.08
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	89, 16.373, 0.293
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3362, 0.3180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294956512 (0xFFFFD5E0)
YUV	226.8120, -1.3863, 24.7209
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 11.8377, 4.7648

# Details

The CIELCh color **89, 16.373, 0.293** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 15.501, 177.137**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 16.557, 359.764** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 26.837, 1.561**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 6.290, 359.178**.

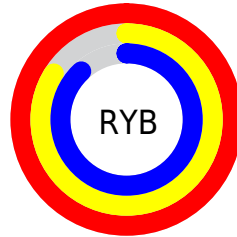
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (84%)

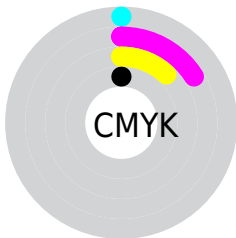
Blue (88%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (88%)

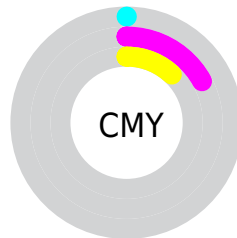


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

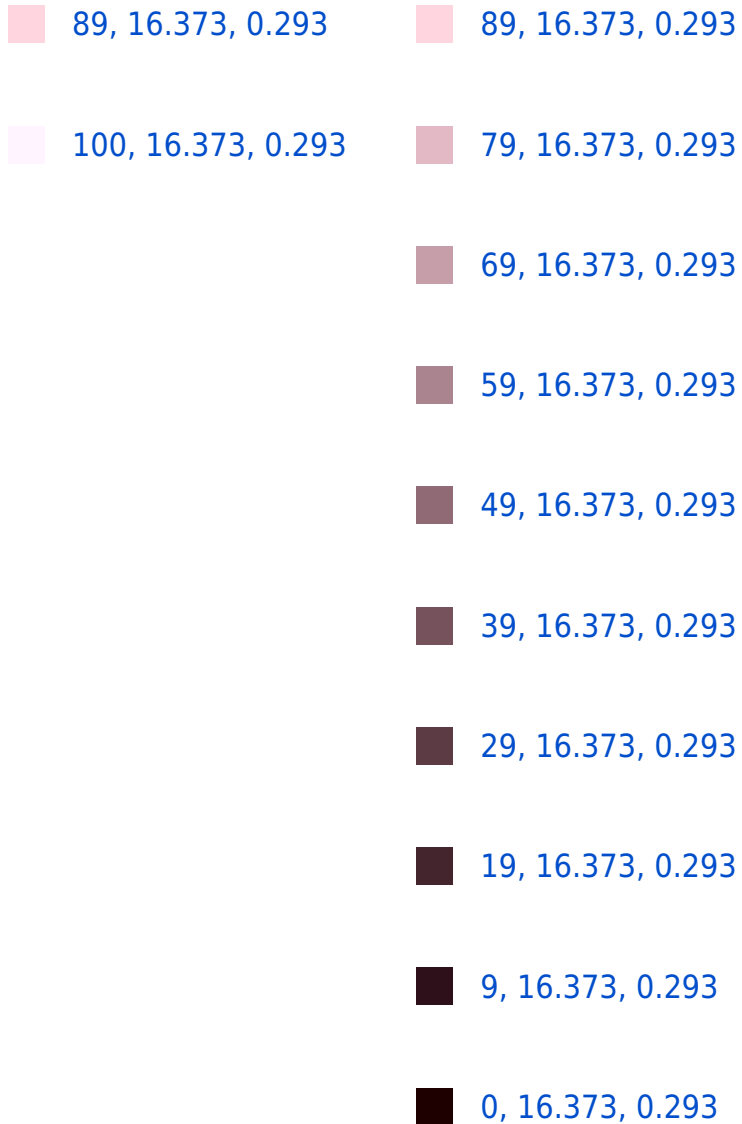
Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 16.373, 0.293 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 16.373, 0.293 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





89, 16.373, 0.293

89, 16.373, 0.293

83, 26.837, 1.561

96, 6.290, 359.178

76, 37.545, 3.062

100, 0.032,  
220.419

71, 48.248, 4.895

66, 58.579, 7.178

61, 68.079, 10.068

58, 76.304, 13.737

55, 83.019, 18.313

54, 88.391, 23.744

54, 90.195, 25.705

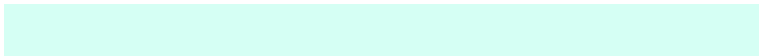
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 16.373, 0.293



97, 15.501, 177.137

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 16.373, 0.293



89, 16.373, 50.293



89, 16.373, 180.293



89, 16.373, 230.293

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 16.370, 0.298



97, 4.844, 359.007



89, 24.433, 317.481



51, 3.310, 359.090



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

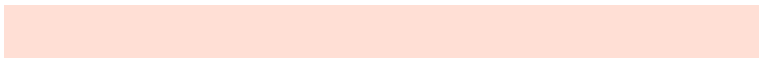
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 16.370, 0.298



87, 20.029, 0.721



91, 13.051, 42.833



50, 5.565, 359.514



40, 72.126, 24.622



10, 31.638, 15.269





# Inverse Universe

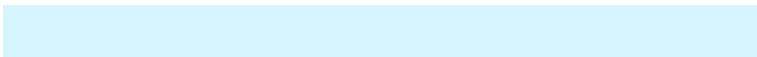
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 16.370, 0.298



87, 20.029, 0.721



95, 11.756, 224.303



50, 5.565, 359.514



40, 72.126, 24.622

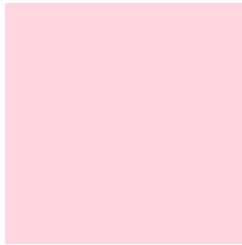


10, 31.638, 15.269



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 16.373, 0.293 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

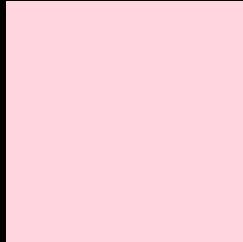
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 16.373, 0.293 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 89, 16.373, 0.293**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 16.373, 0.293.

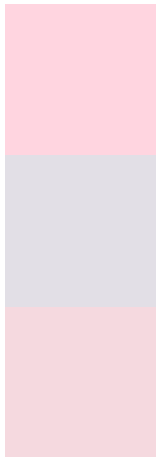


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 16.373, 0.293.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89, 16.373, 0.293

### Protanopia

89, 3.818, 306.651

### Deuteranopia

89, 10.672, 3.217



**Tritanopia**  
89, 17.910, 351.298



# Trichromacy



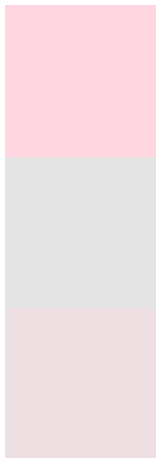
**Original Color**  
89, 16.373, 0.293

**Protanomaly**  
89, 8.016, 344.227

**Deuteranomaly**  
89, 12.588, 3.583

**Tritanomaly**  
89, 17.464, 354.310

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 16.373, 0.293

**Achromatopsia**  
90, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
90, 5.809, 358.812

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 16.373, 0.293 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 213, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 213, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 213, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 213, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 16.373, 0.293 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 213, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 213, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 213, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 213, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 213, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 213,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 16.373, 0.293 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 213, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
213, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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