

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 16.755, 352.676)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 16.755, 352.676)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 16.795, 353.110)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED5E4
RGB	254, 213, 228
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 89%
CMY	0.0044, 0.1652, 0.1064
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	338°, 95%, 92%
HSV	338°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	78.5722, 74.1641, 83.4784
YIQ	226.9690, 19.6210, 13.3570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

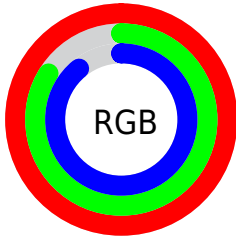
Format	Color
R_{YB}	254, 213, 228
Decimal	16700900
CIE _{Lab}	89.00, 16.67, -2.01
CIE _{LCh}	89, 16.795, 353.110
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3326, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294890980 (0xFF FED5E4)
YUV	226.9690, 0.5083, 23.7062
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 12.1508, 2.8107

Details

The CIELCh color **89, 16.795, 353.110** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 16.188, 170.078**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 17.013, 352.273** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 27.571, 354.294**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 6.286, 352.045**.

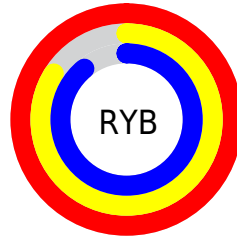
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (84%)

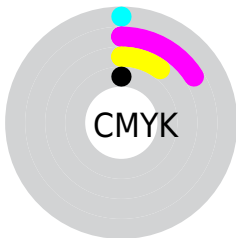
Blue (89%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (89%)

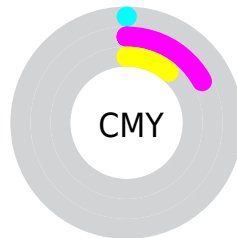


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (17%)


Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 16.795, 353.110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 16.795, 353.110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89, 16.795,
353.110


 89, 16.795,
353.110


 100, 16.795,
353.110


 79, 16.795,
353.110

 69, 16.795,
353.110

 59, 16.795,
353.110

 49, 16.795,
353.110

 39, 16.795,
353.110

 29, 16.795,
353.110

 19, 16.795,

353.110

■ 9, 16.795, 353.110

■ 0, 16.795, 353.110

■ 89, 16.795,
353.110

■ 89, 16.795,
353.110

■ 83, 27.571,
354.294

■ 96, 6.286, 352.045

■ 77, 38.445,
355.666

100, 0.393,
201.067

■ 71, 49.126,
357.305

■ 66, 59.199,
359.312

■ 61, 68.148, 1.824

■ 58, 75.456, 5.013

■ 56, 80.811, 9.063

■ 54, 84.350, 14.074

■ 54, 85.523, 16.154

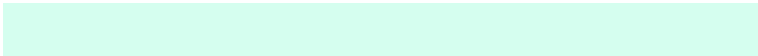
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 16.795, 353.110



96, 16.188, 170.078

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 16.795, 353.110



89, 16.795, 43.110



89, 16.795, 173.110



89, 16.795, 223.110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 16.792, 353.114



97, 5.122, 351.917



88, 23.295, 314.268



51, 3.498, 351.996



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

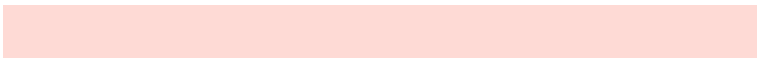
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 16.792, 353.114



88, 19.918, 353.435



90, 13.551, 32.269



50, 5.869, 352.402



40, 68.883, 15.116



10, 31.288, 7.702

Inverse Universe

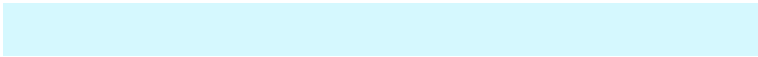
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 16.792, 353.114



88, 19.918, 353.435



95, 12.154, 212.124



50, 5.869, 352.402



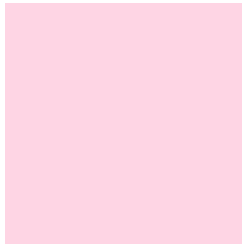
40, 68.883, 15.116



10, 31.288, 7.702

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 16.795, 353.110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 16.795, 353.110 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

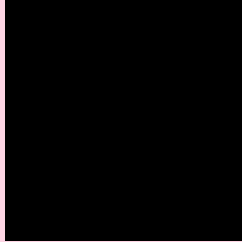
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 16.795, 353.110

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 16.795, 353.110.

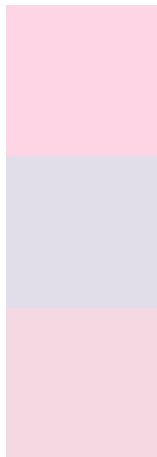


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 16.795, 353.110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
89, 16.795, 353.110

Protanopia
89, 6.364, 300.229

Deuteranopia
89, 11.080, 352.268



Tritanopia
89, 17.022, 351.542

Trichromacy



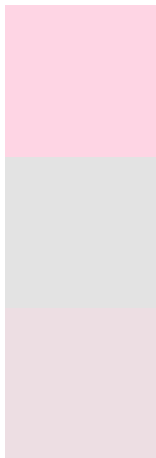
Original Color
89, 16.795, 353.110

Protanomaly
89, 8.897, 330.476

Deuteranomaly
89, 12.942, 354.208

Tritanomaly
89, 17.022, 351.542

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 16.795, 353.110

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 6.011, 354.193

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 16.795, 353.110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 213, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 213, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 213, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 213, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 16.795, 353.110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 213, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 213, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 213, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 213, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 213, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 213,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 16.795, 353.110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 213, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
213, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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