

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(89, 17.170, 21.921)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 17.170, 21.921) contains.

CIELCh(89, 15.688, 22.404)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(89, 15.688, 22.404)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD6D5
RGB	255, 214, 213
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 84%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1618, 0.1657
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	1°, 100%, 92%
HSV	1°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	77.4873, 74.1641, 73.0122
YIQ	226.1450, 24.7570, 8.3810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

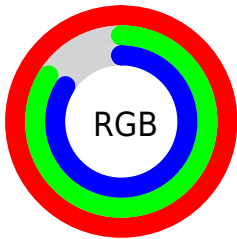
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 214, 213
Decimal	16766677
CIE Lab	89.00, 14.50, 5.98
CIE LCh	89, 15.688, 22.404
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3449, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294956757 (0xFFFFD6D5)
YUV	226.1450, -6.4805, 25.3058
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 9.9021, 10.0164

Details

The CIELCh color **89, 15.688, 22.404** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 13.789, 200.738**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 15.468, 22.798** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 25.680, 23.334**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 5.860, 21.684**.

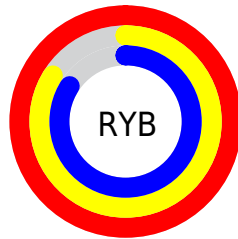
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (84%)

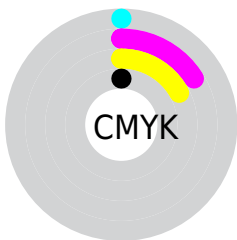
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (84%)

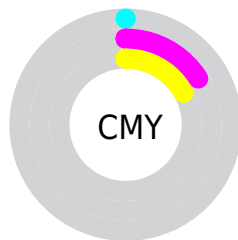


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (17%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 15.688, 22.404 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 15.688, 22.404 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 89, 15.688, 22.404

 89, 15.688, 22.404

 100, 15.688,
22.404

 79, 15.688, 22.404

 69, 15.688, 22.404

 59, 15.688, 22.404

 49, 15.688, 22.404

 39, 15.688, 22.404

 29, 15.688, 22.404

 19, 15.688, 22.404

 9, 15.688, 22.404

 0, 15.688, 22.404

89, 15.688, 22.404

89, 15.688, 22.404

82, 25.680, 23.334

96, 5.860, 21.684

76, 36.716, 24.518

100, 0.012,
296.813

71, 48.398, 26.078

65, 60.523, 28.116

61, 72.761, 30.711

57, 84.617, 33.826

55, 95.198, 37.092

54, 102.557,
39.503

53, 104.290,
40.167

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 15.688, 22.404



97, 13.789, 200.738

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



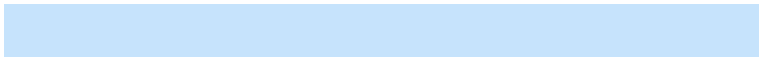
89, 15.688, 22.404



89, 15.688, 72.404



89, 15.688, 202.404



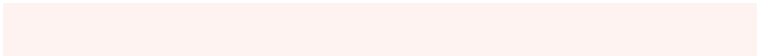
89, 15.688, 252.404

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 15.389, 22.427



97, 4.432, 21.557



90, 26.183, 325.799



51, 3.032, 21.616



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

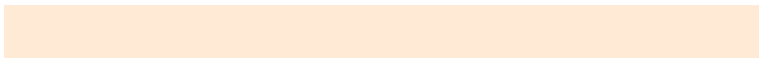
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 15.389, 22.427



87, 18.832, 22.712



94, 13.552, 75.090



50, 5.131, 21.898



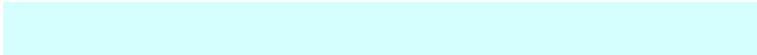
40, 83.901, 40.240



10, 32.878, 28.338

Inverse Universe

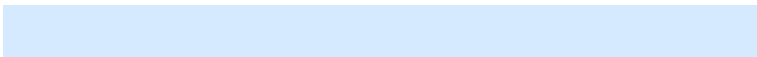
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 13.789, 200.738



96, 16.463, 200.593



92, 13.039, 259.579



52, 4.827, 201.076



69, 39.040, 200.193



23, 18.030, 199.720

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 15.688, 22.404 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

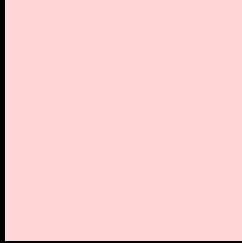
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 15.688, 22.404 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

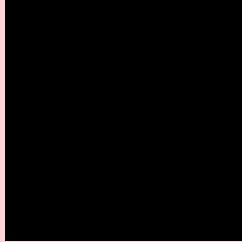
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 15.688, 22.404

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 15.688, 22.404.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 15.688, 22.404.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
89, 17.680, 352.784

Trichromacy



Original Color
89, 15.290, 22.418

Protanomaly
89, 6.912, 37.205

Deuteranomaly
89, 13.505, 26.909

Tritanomaly
89, 16.090, 3.792

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 15.290, 22.418

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 5.472, 25.107

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 15.688, 22.404 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 214, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 214, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 214, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 214, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 15.688, 22.404 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 214, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 214, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 214, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 214, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 214, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 214,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 15.688, 22.404 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 214, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
214, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor