

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 27.557, 212.811)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 27.557, 212.811)
contains.

CIELCh(89, 27.475, 213.316)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(89, 27.475, 213.316)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95EDFB
RGB	149, 237, 251
RGB Percent	58%, 93%, 98%
CMY	0.4144, 0.0693, 0.0144
CMYK	0.41, 0.06, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	188°, 93%, 79%
HSV	188°, 41%, 99%
XYZ	60.2979, 74.1641, 102.6765
YIQ	212.2840, -56.9420, -14.3020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

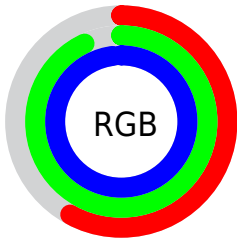
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 196, 251
Decimal	9825787
CIE Lab	89.00, -22.96, -15.09
CIE LCh	89, 27.475, 213.316
Yxy	74.1641, 0.2543, 0.3127
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288015867 (0xFF95EDFB)
YUV	212.2840, 19.0870, -55.5001
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -25.7268, -10.4066

Details

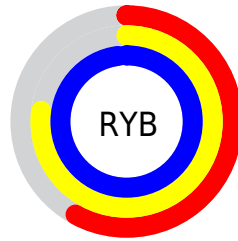
The CIELCh color **89, 27.475, 213.316** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **75, 37.312, 33.866**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 15.940, 198.446**, and **69, 27.569, 212.581** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 32.487, 213.982**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 21.640, 212.876**.

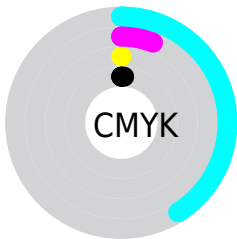
Distribution



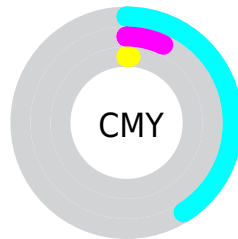
- Red (58%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 27.475, 213.316 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 27.475, 213.316 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89, 27.475,
213.316


 89, 27.475,
213.316


 100, 27.475,
213.316


 79, 27.475,
213.316

 69, 27.475,
213.316

 59, 27.475,
213.316

 49, 27.475,
213.316

 39, 27.475,
213.316

 29, 27.475,
213.316

 19, 27.475,

213.316

■ 9, 27.475, 213.316

■ 0, 27.475, 213.316

■ 89, 27.475,
213.316

■ 89, 27.475,
213.316

■ 87, 32.487,
213.982

■ 91, 21.640,
212.876

■ 85, 36.571,
214.932

■ 93, 15.109,
212.629

■ 84, 39.652,
216.222

■ 96, 8.007, 212.552

■ 82, 41.718,
217.914

■ 99, 0.454, 213.919

■ 100, 1.642,
104.853

■ 81, 42.831,

220.061

100, 1.849,

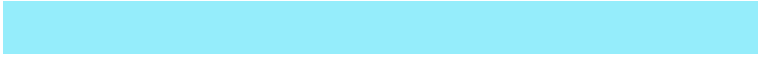
109.998

■ 80, 43.214,
222.484

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 27.475, 213.316



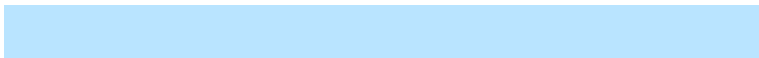
75, 37.312, 33.866

Rectangle

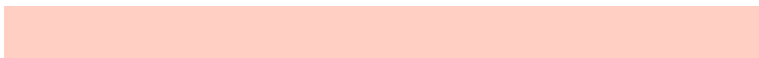
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 27.475, 213.316



89, 27.475, 263.316



89, 27.475, 33.316



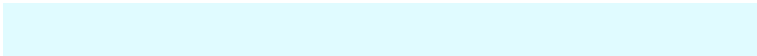
89, 27.475, 83.316

Sweetspot

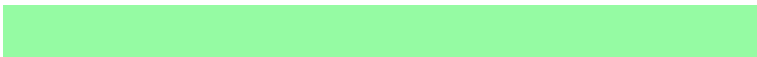
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 27.475, 213.313



97, 9.149, 212.551



91, 58.019, 145.008



51, 6.046, 212.555



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 27.475, 213.313



88, 32.122, 213.861



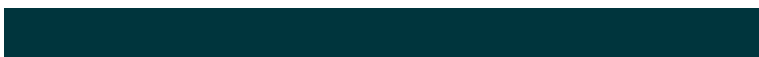
75, 36.066, 275.434



51, 4.293, 212.556



61, 34.867, 221.970



20, 15.894, 218.318

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 57.823, 330.919



72, 69.598, 331.449



87, 37.014, 82.944



49, 8.104, 328.973



43, 82.755, 334.584



11, 37.949, 333.676

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 27.475, 213.316 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

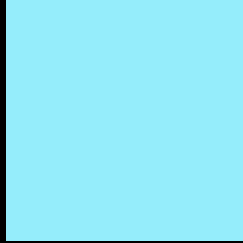
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 27.475, 213.316 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

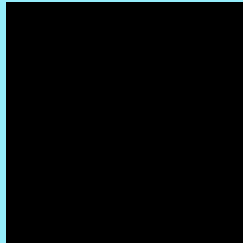
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 27.475, 213.316

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 27.475, 213.316.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 27.475, 213.316.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

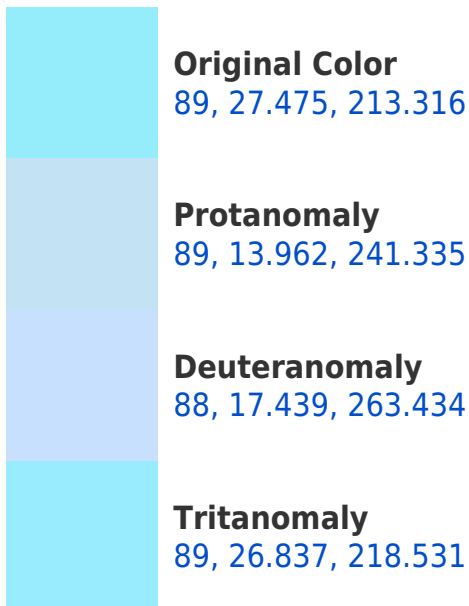
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
89, 26.710, 219.868

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 27.475, 213.316 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 237, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 237, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 237, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 237, 251) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 27.475, 213.316 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 237, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 237, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 237, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 237, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 237, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 237,  
251) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 27.475, 213.316 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 237, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
237, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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