

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 29.781, 77.433)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 29.781, 77.433) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(89, 29.538, 78.113)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDAA9
RGB	255, 218, 169
RGB Percent	100%, 85%, 66%
CMY	0.0006, 0.1456, 0.3378
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.34, 0.00
HSL	34°, 100%, 83%
HSV	34°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	73.3721, 74.1641, 47.9197
YIQ	223.4770, 37.7810, -7.3950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

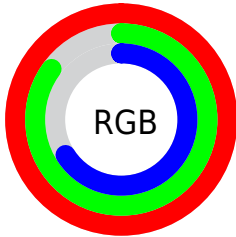
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	234, 255, 169
Decimal	16767657
CIE Lab	89.00, 6.08, 28.90
CIE LCh	89, 29.538, 78.113
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3754, 0.3794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294957737 (0xFFFFDAA9)
YUV	223.4770, -26.8572, 27.6457
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 1.3724, 27.2918

# Details

The CIELCh color **89, 29.538, 78.113** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **82, 27.959, 268.222**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 15.178, 109.030**, and **69, 29.243, 77.740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 38.940, 76.730**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 20.418, 79.475**.

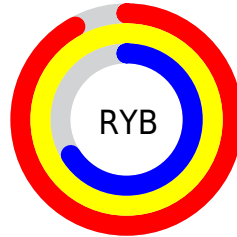
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (85%)

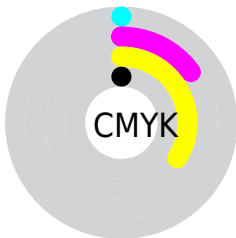
Blue (66%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (66%)

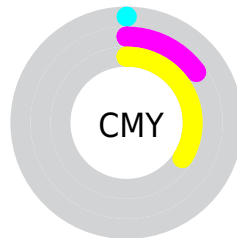


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 29.538, 78.113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 29.538, 78.113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 89, 29.538, 78.113

 89, 29.538, 78.113

 100, 29.538,  
78.113

 79, 29.538, 78.113

 69, 29.538, 78.113

 59, 29.538, 78.113

 49, 29.538, 78.113

 39, 29.538, 78.113

 29, 29.538, 78.113

 19, 29.538, 78.113

 9, 29.538, 78.113

 0, 29.538, 78.113

89, 29.538, 78.113

89, 29.538, 78.113

86, 38.940, 76.730

92, 20.418, 79.475

83, 48.536, 75.299

95, 11.606, 80.789

80, 58.127, 73.799

99, 3.097, 81.992

77, 67.304, 72.158

100, 0.050,  
212.769

75, 75.317, 70.227

72, 81.077, 67.739

71, 83.444, 65.873

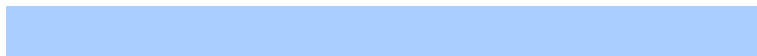
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 29.538, 78.113



82, 27.959, 268.222

# Rectangle

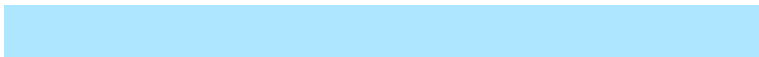
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 29.538, 78.113



89, 29.538, 128.113



89, 29.538, 258.113



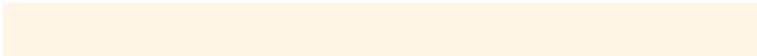
89, 29.538, 308.113

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 29.539, 78.119



97, 8.393, 81.264



78, 37.139, 350.926



51, 5.741, 81.087



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 29.539, 78.119



87, 35.412, 77.253



98, 43.082, 109.861



52, 4.768, 81.326



54, 67.111, 66.545



17, 27.179, 68.851





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 27.959, 268.222



78, 33.160, 269.655



73, 46.867, 296.623



50, 4.710, 263.917



38, 66.784, 290.296



10, 26.898, 284.320



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 29.538, 78.113 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

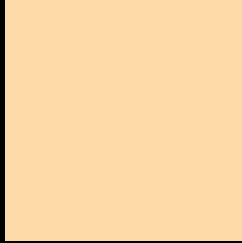
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 29.538, 78.113 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 89, 29.538, 78.113**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 29.538, 78.113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 29.538, 78.113.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89, 29.538, 78.113

### Protanopia

89, 27.608, 94.754

### Deuteranopia

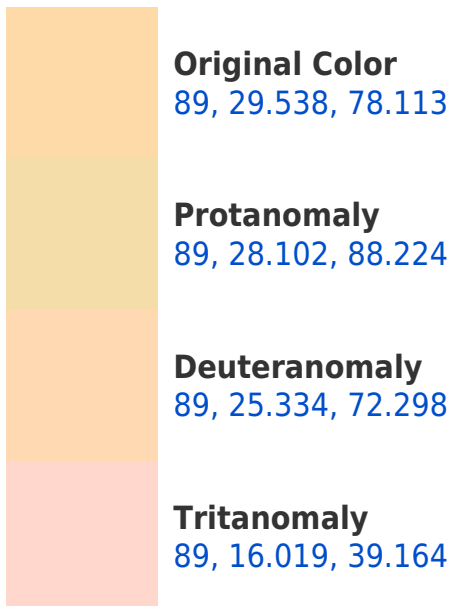
89, 23.216, 68.938



**Tritanopia**  
89, 16.718, 356.929



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 29.538, 78.113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 218, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 218, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 218, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 218, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 29.538, 78.113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 218, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 218, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 218, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 218, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 218, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 218,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 29.538, 78.113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 218, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
218, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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