

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 3.572, 52.458)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 3.572, 52.458) contains.

CIELCh(89, 3.554, 55.131)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(89, 3.554, 55.131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6DEDA
RGB	230, 222, 218
RGB Percent	90%, 87%, 85%
CMY	0.0978, 0.1292, 0.1449
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.05, 0.10
HSL	20°, 19%, 88%
HSV	20°, 5%, 90%
XYZ	71.4444, 74.1641, 76.9126
YIQ	223.9360, 6.0520, 0.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

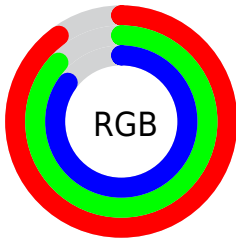
Format	Color
R _Y B	230, 224, 218
Decimal	15130330
CIE Lab	89.00, 2.03, 2.92
CIE LCh	89, 3.554, 55.131
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3211, 0.3333
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293320410 (0xFFE6DEDA)
YUV	223.9360, -2.9264, 5.3181
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -2.6230, 7.3310

Details

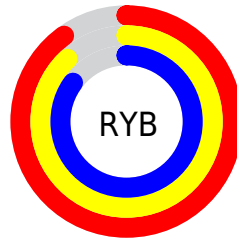
The CIELCh color **89, 3.554, 55.131** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **89, 3.472, 236.337**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 3.452, 58.767** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 10.751, 54.501**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 3.160, 236.301**.

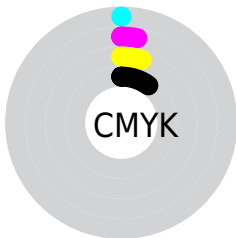
Distribution



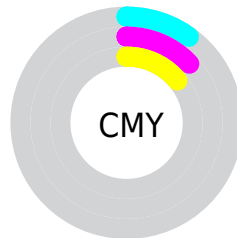
- Red (90%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 3.554, 55.131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 3.554, 55.131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

89, 3.554, 55.131

89, 3.554, 55.131

100, 3.554, 55.131

79, 3.554, 55.131

69, 3.554, 55.131

59, 3.554, 55.131

49, 3.554, 55.131

39, 3.554, 55.131

29, 3.554, 55.131

19, 3.554, 55.131

9, 3.554, 55.131

0, 3.554, 55.131

89, 3.554, 55.131

89, 3.554, 55.131

85, 10.751, 54.501

93, 3.160, 236.301

80, 18.484, 53.799

98, 7.787, 207.658

76, 26.798, 53.153

98, 8.504, 198.946

72, 35.718, 52.589

68, 45.228, 52.117

64, 55.224, 51.721

61, 65.421, 51.322

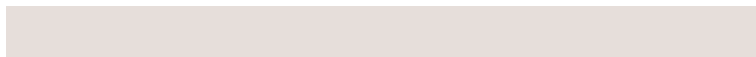
58, 75.161, 50.705

55, 83.157, 49.409

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



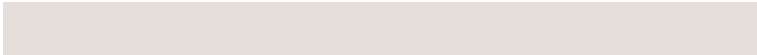
89, 3.554, 55.131



89, 3.472, 236.337

Rectangle

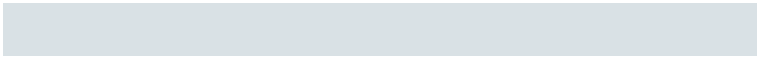
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



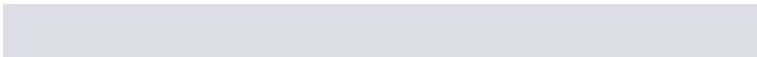
89, 3.554, 55.131



89, 3.554, 105.131



89, 3.554, 235.131



89, 3.554, 285.131

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 3.554, 55.172



99, 1.462, 55.180



88, 6.028, 335.967



53, 0.830, 55.167



0, 0.000, 0.000



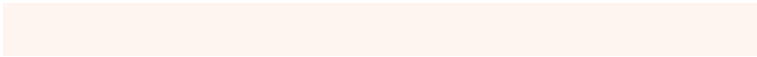
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 3.554, 55.172



97, 4.457, 55.129



91, 5.211, 101.732



47, 2.717, 55.094



42, 70.969, 49.236



10, 21.889, 43.593

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 3.472, 236.337



98, 4.335, 236.391



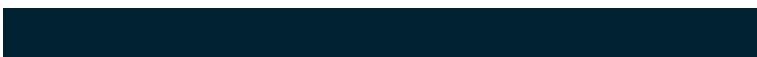
88, 5.264, 282.953



47, 2.634, 236.433



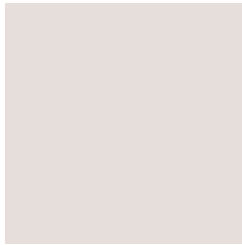
48, 39.612, 261.988



12, 15.293, 252.599

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 3.554, 55.131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

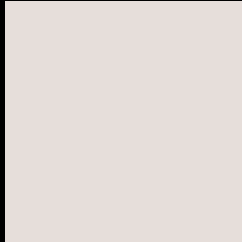
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 3.554, 55.131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

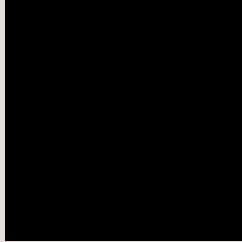
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

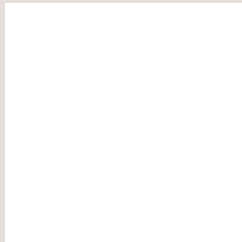
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 3.554, 55.131

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 3.554, 55.131.

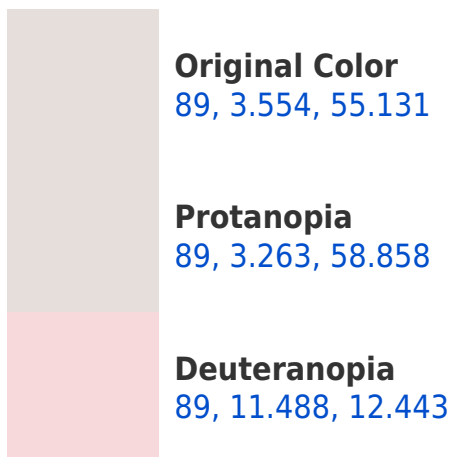


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 3.554, 55.131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

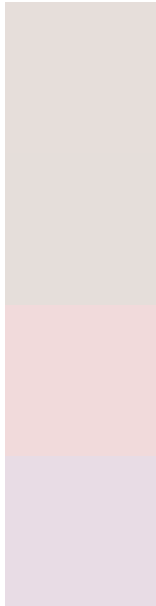
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
89, 10.202, 319.811

Trichromacy



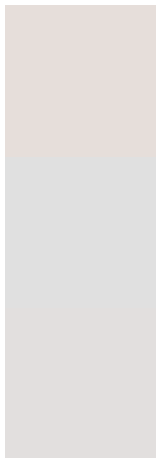
Original Color
89, 3.554, 55.131

Protanomaly
89, 3.263, 58.858

Deuteranomaly
89, 8.428, 16.427

Tritanomaly
89, 6.390, 332.618

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 3.554, 55.131

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 1.188, 44.854

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 3.554, 55.131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 222, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 222, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 222, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 222, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 3.554, 55.131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 222, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 222, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 222, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 222, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 222, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 222,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 3.554, 55.131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 222, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
222, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor