

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 32.171, 19.235)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 32.171, 19.235) contains.

CIELCh(86, 20.024, 16.492)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(86, 20.024, 16.492)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCACD
RGB	255, 202, 205
RGB Percent	100%, 79%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2074, 0.1956
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	357°, 100%, 90%
HSV	357°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	73.4608, 67.9871, 67.0776
YIQ	218.1890, 30.6250, 12.1690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

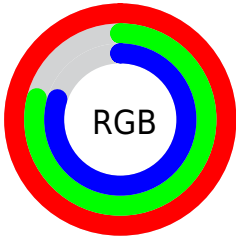
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 202, 205
Decimal	16763597
CIE _{Lab}	86.00, 19.20, 5.68
CIE _{LCh}	86, 20.024, 16.492
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3523, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953677 (0xFFFFCADC)
YUV	218.1890, -6.5022, 32.2832
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 14.7356, 9.4849

Details

The CIELCh color **86, 20.024, 16.492** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 17.659, 193.317**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **66, 20.094, 16.701** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 30.633, 17.724**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 9.981, 15.478**.

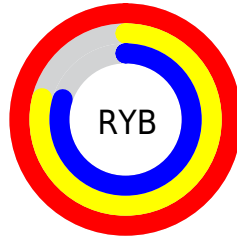
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (79%)

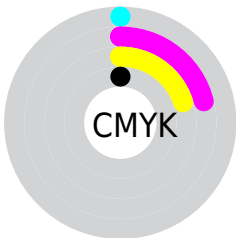
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (79%)

Blue (80%)

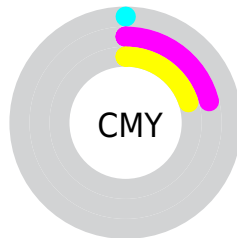


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (20%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 20.024, 16.492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 20.024, 16.492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 86, 20.024, 16.492

 86, 20.024, 16.492

 100, 20.024,
16.492

 76, 20.024, 16.492

 66, 20.024, 16.492

 56, 20.024, 16.492

 46, 20.024, 16.492

 36, 20.024, 16.492

 26, 20.024, 16.492

 16, 20.024, 16.492

 6, 20.024, 16.492

 0, 20.024, 16.492

86, 20.024, 16.492

86, 20.024, 16.492

80, 30.633, 17.724

93, 9.981, 15.478

73, 41.856, 19.298

99, 0.665, 13.777

68, 53.452, 21.321

100, 0.012,
296.813

63, 65.116, 23.920

59, 76.457, 27.197

56, 87.033, 31.119

54, 96.213, 35.298

53, 102.387,
38.430

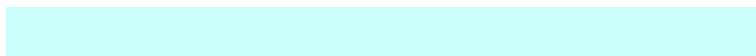
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 20.024, 16.492



96, 17.659, 193.317

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 20.024, 16.492



86, 20.024, 66.492



86, 20.024, 196.492



86, 20.024, 246.492

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 19.978, 16.485



96, 5.482, 15.033



87, 32.540, 323.690



51, 3.645, 15.097



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 19.978, 16.485



83, 24.441, 16.978



91, 16.462, 65.534



50, 5.261, 15.364



40, 81.869, 37.865



10, 32.914, 24.900

Inverse Universe

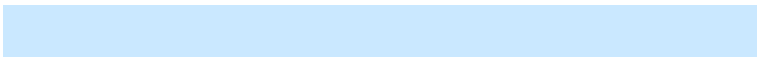
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 19.978, 16.485



83, 24.441, 16.978



91, 15.209, 250.702



50, 5.261, 15.364



40, 81.869, 37.865



10, 32.914, 24.900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 20.024, 16.492 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

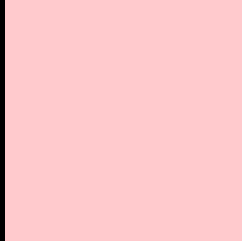
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 86, 20.024, 16.492 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

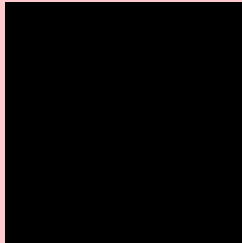
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 20.024, 16.492

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.024, 16.492.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.024, 16.492.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86, 20.024, 16.492

Protanopia

86, 2.409, 45.023

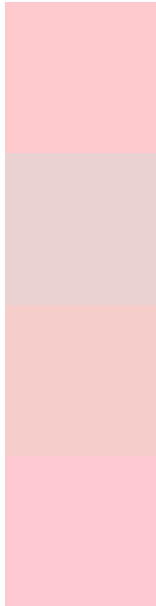
Deuteranopia

86, 12.181, 30.064



Tritanopia
86, 21.389, 359.723

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 20.024, 16.492

Protanomaly
86, 8.519, 23.472

Deuteranomaly
86, 14.703, 24.515

Tritanomaly
86, 20.858, 5.156

Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 20.024, 16.492

Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
86, 6.989, 15.564

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 20.024, 16.492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 202, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 202, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 202, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 202, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.024, 16.492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 202, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 202, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 202, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 202, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 202, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 202,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.024, 16.492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 202, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
202, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor