

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 4.437, 217.279)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 4.437, 217.279) contains.

CIELCh(89, 4.325, 213.214)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(89, 4.325, 213.214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6E2E4
RGB	214, 226, 228
RGB Percent	84%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.1614, 0.1144, 0.1065
CMYK	0.06, 0.01, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	189°, 20%, 87%
HSV	189°, 6%, 89%
XYZ	68.8135, 74.1641, 83.9641
YIQ	222.6400, -7.7940, -1.9220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

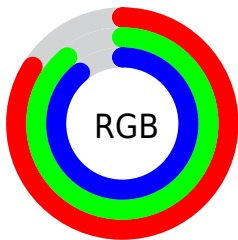
Format	Color
R_{YB}	214, 220, 228
Decimal	14082788
CIE Lab	89.00, -3.62, -2.37
CIE LCh	89, 4.325, 213.214
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3032, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292272868 (0xFFD6E2E4)
YUV	222.6400, 2.6425, -7.5773
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -8.0761, 2.4763

Details

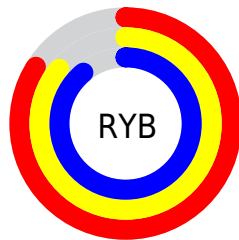
The CIELCh color $89, 4.325, 213.214$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $87, 4.497, 32.951$, and the grayscale version is $89, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $69, 4.533, 213.190$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $87, 11.059, 213.187$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $92, 2.774, 32.842$.

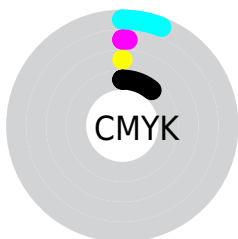
Distribution



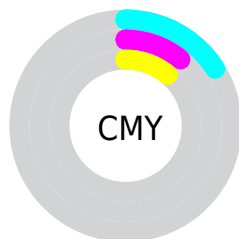
- Red (84%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 4.325, 213.214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 4.325, 213.214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89, 4.325, 213.214

■ 89, 4.325, 213.214

■ 100, 4.325,
213.214

■ 79, 4.325, 213.214

■ 69, 4.325, 213.214

■ 59, 4.325, 213.214

■ 49, 4.325, 213.214

■ 39, 4.325, 213.214

■ 29, 4.325, 213.214

■ 19, 4.325, 213.214

■ 9, 4.325, 213.214

■ 0, 4.325, 213.214

89, 4.325, 213.214

89, 4.325, 213.214

87, 11.059,
213.187

92, 2.774, 32.842

84, 17.322,
213.386

94, 8.566, 35.480

82, 23.003,
213.765

95, 8.100, 49.038

80, 27.985,
214.359

96, 8.645, 76.639

79, 32.163,
215.216

97, 9.567, 87.894

77, 35.453,
216.393

99, 12.217,
103.830

76, 37.816,
217.951

99, 13.747,
109.139

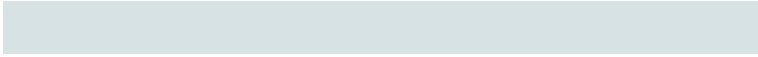
74, 39.272,
219.952

■ 73, 39.930,
222.441

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 4.325, 213.214



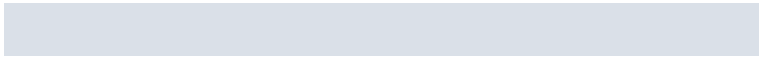
87, 4.497, 32.951

Rectangle

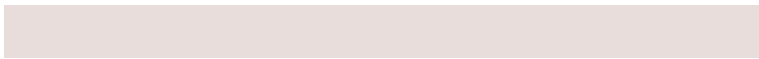
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 4.325, 213.214



89, 4.325, 263.214



89, 4.325, 33.214



89, 4.325, 83.214

Sweetspot

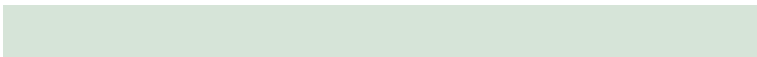
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 4.326, 213.186



99, 1.559, 213.467



89, 8.109, 147.972



53, 0.887, 213.489



0, 0.000, 0.000



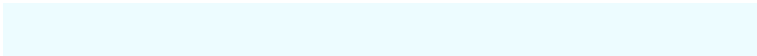
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

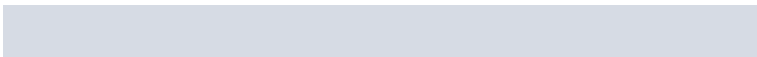
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 4.326, 213.186



98, 5.388, 213.171



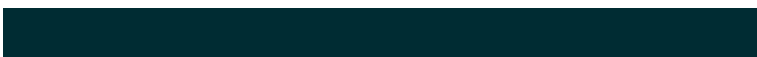
87, 4.950, 269.221



47, 3.206, 213.165



58, 33.408, 222.993



16, 14.144, 218.358

Inverse Universe

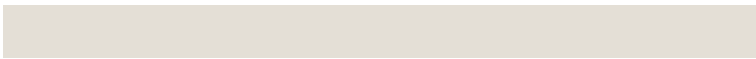
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 8.079, 328.928



96, 10.091, 328.987



89, 4.951, 87.539



46, 6.015, 329.021



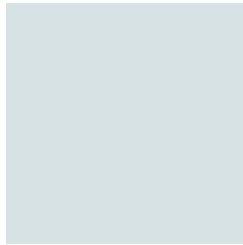
41, 79.114, 334.842



8, 33.768, 333.686

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 4.325, 213.214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

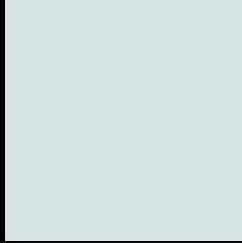
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 4.325, 213.214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

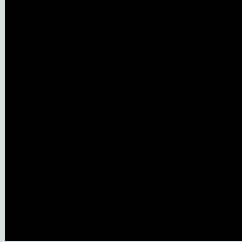
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

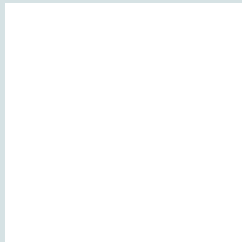
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 4.325, 213.214

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 4.325, 213.214.



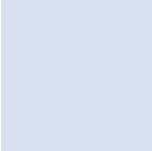
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 4.325, 213.214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

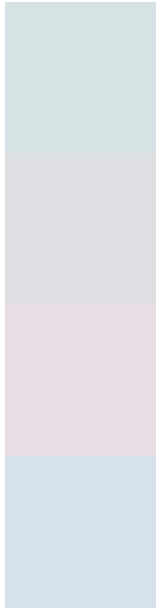
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
89, 9.220, 273.570

Trichromacy



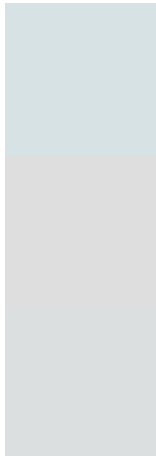
Original Color
89, 4.325, 213.214

Protanomaly
89, 2.117, 280.733

Deuteranomaly
89, 6.390, 332.618

Tritanomaly
89, 6.636, 259.189

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 4.325, 213.214

Achromatopsia
88, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 1.510, 219.920

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 4.325, 213.214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 226, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 226, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 226, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 226, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 4.325, 213.214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 226, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 226, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 226, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 226, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 226, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 226,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 4.325, 213.214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 226, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
226, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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