

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 40.075, 101.422)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 40.075, 101.422)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 40.071, 101.653)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBE294
RGB	235, 226, 148
RGB Percent	92%, 89%, 58%
CMY	0.0786, 0.1139, 0.4197
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.37, 0.08
HSL	54°, 68%, 75%
HSV	54°, 37%, 92%
XYZ	66.7762, 74.1641, 38.7973
YIQ	219.7990, 30.4020, -22.3500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

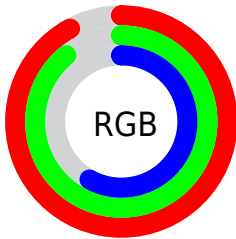
Format	Color
R _Y B	158, 235, 148
Decimal	15458964
CIE Lab	89.00, -8.09, 39.25
CIE LCh	89, 40.071, 101.653
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3715, 0.4126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293649044 (0xFFEBE294)
YUV	219.7990, -35.3969, 13.3313
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -12.2990, 33.5723

Details

The CIELCh color $89, 40.071, 101.653$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFFF99`. A complement of this color would be $67, 43.125, 290.868$, and the grayscale version is $88, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99, 26.235, 108.186$, and $69, 40.165, 101.725$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $88, 50.472, 100.574$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $90, 29.372, 102.748$.

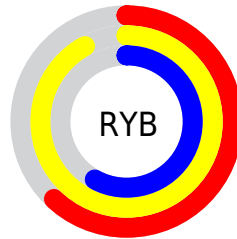
Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (89%)

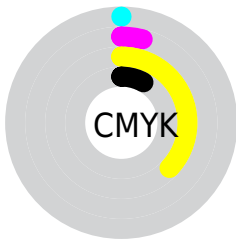
Blue (58%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (58%)

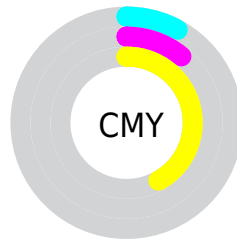


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)


Magenta (11%)


Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 40.071, 101.653 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 40.071, 101.653 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89, 40.071,
101.653

 89, 40.071,
101.653


 100, 40.071,
101.653


 79, 40.071,
101.653

 69, 40.071,
101.653

 59, 40.071,
101.653

 49, 40.071,
101.653

 39, 40.071,
101.653

 29, 40.071,
101.653

 19, 40.071,

101.653

■ 9, 40.071, 101.653

■ 0, 40.071, 101.653

■ 89, 40.071,
101.653

■ 89, 40.071,
101.653

■ 88, 50.472,
100.574

■ 90, 29.372,
102.748

■ 87, 60.314, 99.517

■ 91, 18.529,
103.831

■ 86, 69.196, 98.506

■ 92, 7.638, 104.890

■ 86, 76.545, 97.557

■ 93, 3.245, 285.985

■ 85, 81.690, 96.679

■ 94, 8.742, 283.779

■ 84, 84.181, 95.859

84, 84.628, 95.621

95, 7.640, 276.290

96, 6.709, 266.546

96, 6.026, 254.197

97, 5.680, 239.606

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 40.071, 101.653



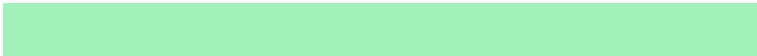
67, 43.125, 290.868

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 40.071, 101.653



89, 40.071, 151.653



89, 40.071, 281.653



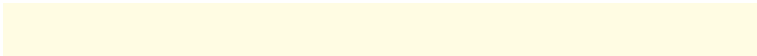
89, 40.071, 331.653

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 40.072, 101.657



99, 12.789, 104.469



70, 35.046, 14.069



52, 8.595, 104.325



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 40.072, 101.657



95, 50.611, 100.879



89, 46.116, 122.970



49, 6.172, 104.636



66, 69.698, 95.752



20, 27.957, 97.416

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 43.125, 290.868



67, 55.547, 292.278



67, 49.359, 307.142



45, 6.281, 286.708



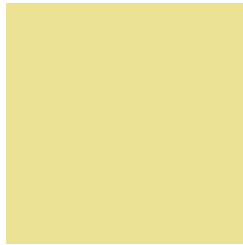
23, 98.340, 304.870



3, 33.174, 295.768

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 40.071, 101.653 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

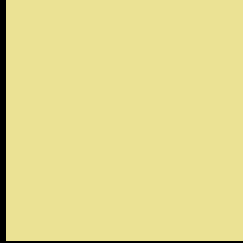
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 40.071, 101.653 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

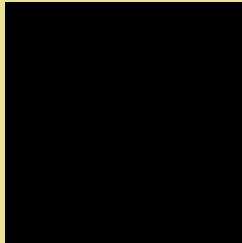
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 40.071, 101.653

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 40.071, 101.653.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 40.071, 101.653.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
89, 40.071, 101.653

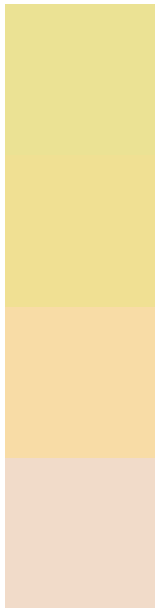
Protanopia
89, 39.881, 95.157

Deuteranopia
89, 25.768, 72.899



Tritanopia
89, 13.965, 341.172

Trichromacy



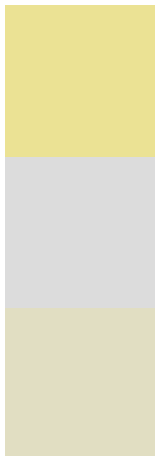
Original Color
89, 40.071, 101.653

Protanomaly
89, 40.021, 97.549

Deuteranomaly
89, 30.177, 86.138

Tritanomaly
89, 12.511, 67.873

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 40.071, 101.653

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
88, 14.574, 104.511

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 40.071, 101.653 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 226, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 226, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 226, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 226, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 40.071, 101.653 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 226, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 226, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 226, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 226, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 226, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 226,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 40.071, 101.653 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 226, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
226, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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