

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 41.652, 98.046)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 41.652, 98.046) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(89, 41.888, 98.351)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0E190
RGB	240, 225, 144
RGB Percent	94%, 88%, 56%
CMY	0.0600, 0.1188, 0.4364
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.40, 0.06
HSL	51°, 76%, 75%
HSV	51°, 40%, 94%
XYZ	67.6862, 74.1641, 37.0202
YIQ	220.2510, 34.9410, -22.0110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

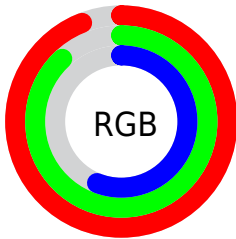
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	162, 240, 144
Decimal	15786384
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	89.00, -6.08, 41.44
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	89, 41.888, 98.351
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3784, 0.4146
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293976464 (0xFFFF0E190)
YUV	220.2510, -37.5917, 17.3199
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -10.4128, 34.7957

# Details

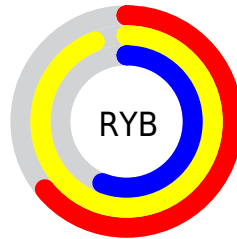
The CIELCh color **89, 41.888, 98.351** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **67, 44.764, 288.947**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 28.233, 108.033**, and **69, 41.941, 98.707** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 51.979, 97.183**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 31.514, 99.523**.

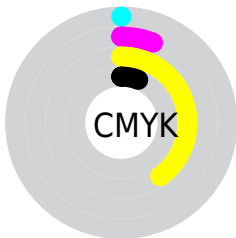
# Distribution



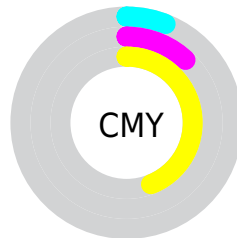
- Red (94%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 41.888, 98.351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 41.888, 98.351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 89, 41.888, 98.351

■ 89, 41.888, 98.351

■ 100, 41.888,  
98.351

■ 79, 41.888, 98.351

■ 69, 41.888, 98.351

■ 59, 41.888, 98.351

■ 49, 41.888, 98.351

■ 39, 41.888, 98.351

■ 29, 41.888, 98.351

■ 19, 41.888, 98.351

■ 9, 41.888, 98.351

■ 0, 41.888, 98.351

89, 41.888, 98.351

89, 41.888, 98.351

88, 51.979, 97.183

90, 31.514, 99.523

87, 61.502, 96.017

92, 21.022,  
100.675

85, 70.010, 94.865

93, 10.508,  
101.799

84, 76.861, 93.722

83, 81.322, 92.568

95, 0.030, 97.784

82, 83.225, 91.371

96, 6.058, 278.432

97, 4.728, 257.589

98, 4.357, 228.076

99, 5.145, 201.243

99, 5.268, 199.197

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 41.888, 98.351



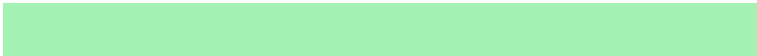
67, 44.764, 288.947

# Rectangle

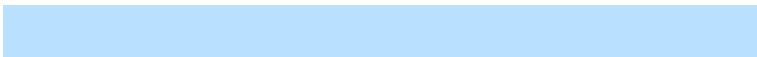
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 41.888, 98.351



89, 41.888, 148.351



89, 41.888, 278.351



89, 41.888, 328.351

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 41.889, 98.355



98, 13.216, 101.578



70, 38.810, 10.793



52, 8.769, 101.431



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 41.889, 98.355



93, 52.521, 97.403



91, 50.016, 120.835



50, 5.947, 101.861



65, 68.245, 91.588



20, 27.937, 93.604





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 44.764, 288.947



65, 57.278, 290.691



66, 54.235, 305.773



46, 6.033, 284.035



25, 95.460, 303.716

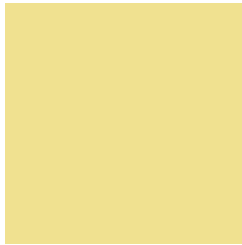


4, 33.730, 295.794



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 41.888, 98.351 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

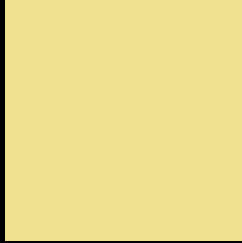
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 41.888, 98.351 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

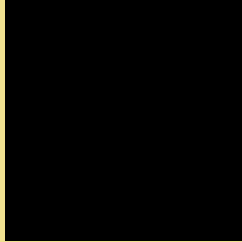
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 89, 41.888, 98.351

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 41.888, 98.351.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 41.888, 98.351.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89, 41.888, 98.351

### Protanopia

89, 42.211, 96.137

### Deuteranopia

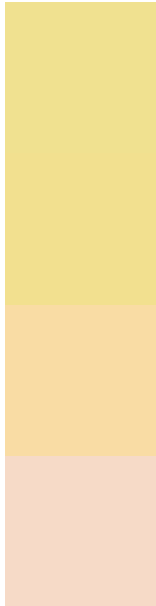
89, 26.204, 73.477



**Tritanopia**  
89, 15.416, 345.627



# Trichromacy



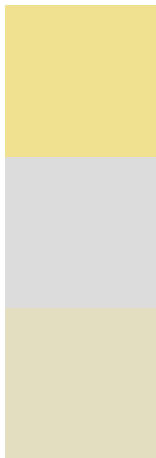
**Original Color**  
89, 41.888, 98.351

**Protanomaly**  
89, 42.131, 96.683

**Deuteranomaly**  
89, 31.298, 86.014

**Tritanomaly**  
89, 14.539, 62.404

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 41.888, 98.351

**Achromatopsia**  
88, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
88, 15.675, 101.939

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 41.888, 98.351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 225, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 225, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 225, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 225, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 41.888, 98.351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 225, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 225, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 225, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 225, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 225, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 225,  
144) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 41.888, 98.351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 225, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
225, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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