

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 5.741, 143.998)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 5.741, 143.998) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 5.715, 144.266)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | D9E2D9 |
| RGB | 217, 226, 217 |
| RGB Percent | 85%, 89%, 85% |
| CMY | 0.1490, 0.1137, 0.1490 |
| CMYK | 0.04, 0.00, 0.04, 0.11 |
| HSL | 120°, 13%, 87% |
| HSV | 120°, 4%, 89% |
| XYZ | 68.3453, 74.1641, 76.3675 |
| YIQ | 222.2830, -2.4750, -4.7070 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

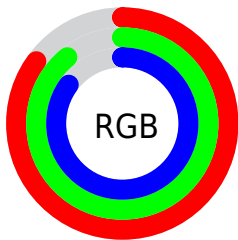
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 217, 226, 226 |
| Decimal | 14279385 |
| CIE Lab | 89.00, -4.64, 3.34 |
| CIE LCh | 89, 5.715, 144.266 |
| Yxy | 74.1641, 0.3123, 0.3388 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292469465 (0xFFD9E2D9) |
| YUV | 222.2830, -2.6045, -4.6332 |
| Hunter-Lab | 86.1186, -9.0467, 7.7063 |

Details

The CIELCh color **89, 5.715, 144.266** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **88, 5.736, 324.611**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 6.028, 144.185** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 20.222, 143.597**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 8.576, 324.720**.

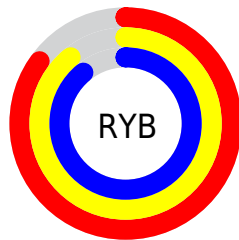
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (89%)

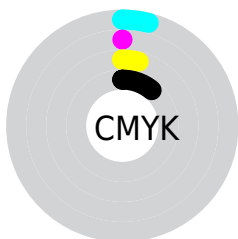
Blue (85%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (89%)

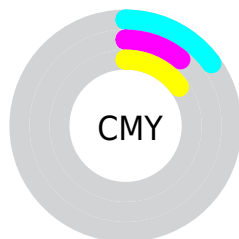


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 5.715, 144.266 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 5.715, 144.266 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89, 5.715, 144.266

■ 89, 5.715, 144.266

■ 100, 5.715,
144.266

■ 79, 5.715, 144.266

■ 69, 5.715, 144.266

■ 59, 5.715, 144.266

■ 49, 5.715, 144.266

■ 39, 5.715, 144.266

■ 29, 5.715, 144.266

■ 19, 5.715, 144.266

■ 9, 5.715, 144.266

■ 0, 5.715, 144.266

89, 5.715, 144.266

89, 5.715, 144.266

87, 20.222,
143.597

91, 8.576, 324.720

85, 34.767,
142.845

93, 18.123,
325.053

83, 49.115,
141.973

82, 62.953,
140.980

81, 75.879,
139.885

80, 87.403,
138.741

79, 96.953,
137.652

79, 103.950,
136.761

■ 79,108.009,
136.205

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 5.715, 144.266



88, 5.736, 324.611

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 5.715, 144.266



89, 5.715, 194.266



89, 5.715, 324.266



89, 5.715, 14.266

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 5.717, 144.266



100, 1.571, 144.583



90, 4.661, 109.781



53, 0.893, 144.597



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 5.717, 144.266



99, 7.923, 144.194



89, 3.996, 163.436



47, 4.870, 144.152



63, 90.678, 136.016



16, 35.257, 139.480

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 5.736, 324.611



97, 7.944, 324.679



88, 4.029, 343.867



45, 4.882, 324.718



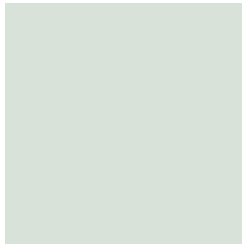
42, 87.490, 328.233



8, 35.926, 328.229

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 5.715, 144.266 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

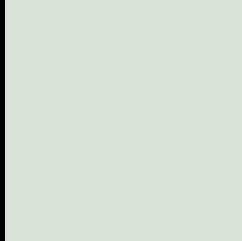
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 5.715, 144.266 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

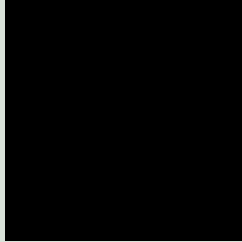
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

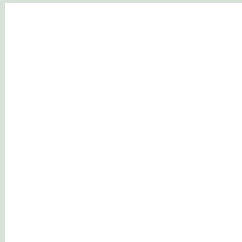
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 5.715, 144.266

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 5.715, 144.266.

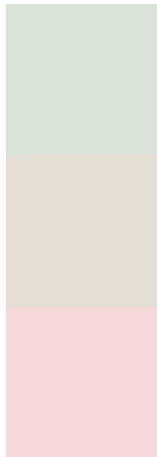


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 5.715, 144.266.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

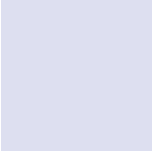
89, 5.715, 144.266

Protanopia

89, 4.422, 74.584

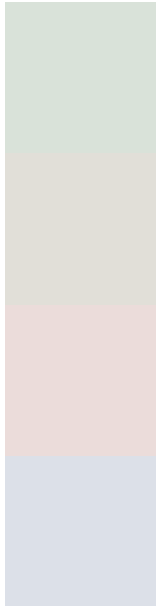
Deuteranopia

89, 11.118, 12.150



Tritanopia
89, 8.875, 286.437

Trichromacy



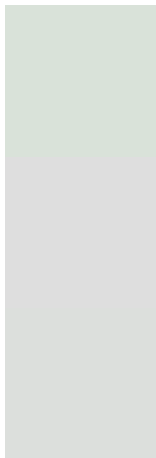
Original Color
89, 5.715, 144.266

Protanomaly
89, 3.694, 98.528

Deuteranomaly
89, 5.561, 30.426

Tritanomaly
89, 4.379, 271.842

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 5.715, 144.266

Achromatopsia
88, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 1.899, 144.515

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 5.715, 144.266 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 226, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 226, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 226, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 226, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 5.715, 144.266 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 226, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 226, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 226, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 226, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 226, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 226,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 5.715, 144.266 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 226, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
226, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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