

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 50.221, 114.397)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 50.221, 114.397)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 50.473, 114.306)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D7E986
RGB	215, 233, 134
RGB Percent	84%, 91%, 53%
CMY	0.1584, 0.0877, 0.4759
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.43, 0.09
HSL	71°, 69%, 72%
HSV	71°, 43%, 91%
XYZ	61.2223, 74.1641, 33.5130
YIQ	216.3320, 21.0510, -34.6050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

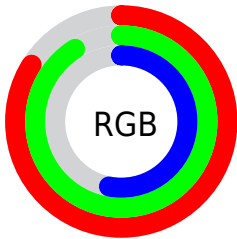
Format	Color
RYB	134, 233, 152
Decimal	14150022
CIELab	89.00, -20.78, 46.00
CIElCh	89, 50.473, 114.306
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3625, 0.4391
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292340102 (0xFFD7E986)
YUV	216.3320, -40.5897, -1.1682
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -23.8107, 37.2104

Details

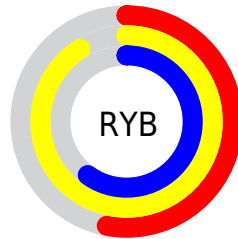
The CIELCh color **89, 50.473, 114.306** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **61, 56.017, 301.336**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 33.205, 107.650**, and **69, 50.228, 114.032** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 61.372, 113.702**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 39.002, 114.986**.

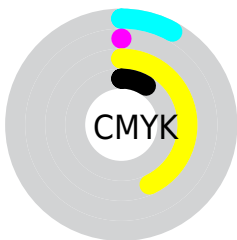
Distribution



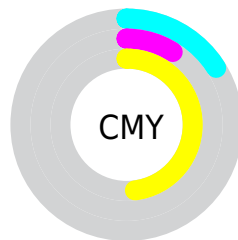
- Red (84%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (9%)





- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 50.473, 114.306 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 50.473, 114.306 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89, 50.473,
114.306


 89, 50.473,
114.306


 100, 50.473,
114.306


 79, 50.473,
114.306

 69, 50.473,
114.306

 59, 50.473,
114.306

 49, 50.473,
114.306

 39, 50.473,
114.306


 29, 50.473,
114.306


 19, 50.473,


114.306


 9, 50.473, 114.306


 0, 50.473, 114.306


 89, 50.473,
114.306

 89, 50.473,
114.306


 88, 61.372,
113.702


 90, 39.002,
114.986

 88, 71.348,
113.223

 90, 27.185,
115.697

 87, 79.924,
112.946

 91, 15.177,
116.415

 87, 86.532,
112.961

 92, 3.078, 117.122

 87, 90.716,

 93, 9.042, 297.803

113.348

93, 11.868,
303.422

87, 92.452,
113.855

94, 12.275,
310.118

94, 12.838,
316.356

94, 13.540,
322.057

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 50.473, 114.306



61, 56.017, 301.336

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 50.473, 114.306



89, 50.473, 164.306



89, 50.473, 294.306



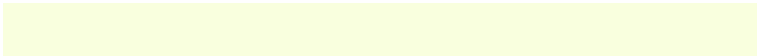
89, 50.473, 344.306

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 50.475, 114.308



99, 16.937, 116.378



70, 36.260, 36.534



53, 11.845, 116.219



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 50.475, 114.308



96, 64.322, 113.775



86, 56.446, 132.587



49, 6.921, 116.634



69, 76.582, 113.691



21, 31.092, 113.336

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 56.017, 301.336



60, 73.409, 302.445



66, 58.538, 316.501



45, 7.068, 297.999



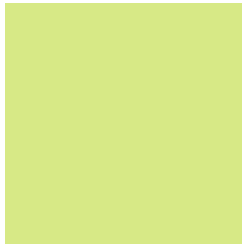
23, 102.125, 307.122



3, 36.186, 302.021

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 50.473, 114.306 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 50.473, 114.306 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 50.473, 114.306

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 50.473, 114.306.

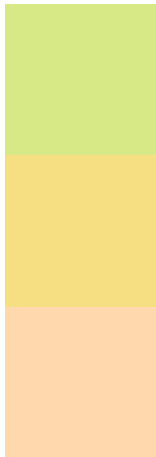


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 50.473, 114.306.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

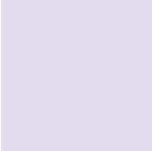
Dichromacy



Original Color
89, 50.473, 114.306

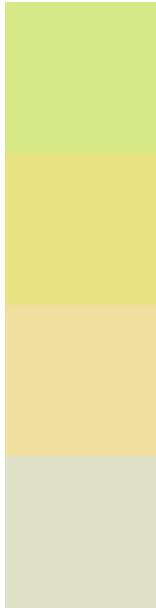
Protanopia
89, 48.286, 95.337

Deuteranopia
89, 27.529, 75.093



Tritanopia
89, 9.744, 305.474

Trichromacy



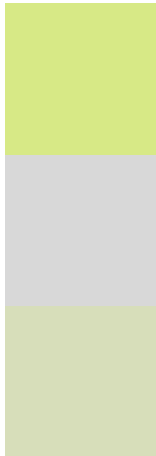
Original Color
89, 50.473, 114.306

Protanomaly
89, 48.749, 102.747

Deuteranomaly
89, 33.688, 95.777

Tritanomaly
89, 13.013, 114.018

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 50.473, 114.306

Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
87, 18.892, 116.663

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 50.473, 114.306 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(215, 233, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(215, 233, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 233, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(215, 233, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 50.473, 114.306 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(215, 233, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(215, 233, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(215, 233, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(215, 233, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 233, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(215, 233,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 50.473, 114.306 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(215, 233, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(215,  
233, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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