

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 6.406, 321.620)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 6.406, 321.620) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(89, 6.151, 321.882)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E6DDE7
RGB	230, 221, 231
RGB Percent	90%, 87%, 91%
CMY	0.0988, 0.1340, 0.0949
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	294°, 17%, 89%
HSV	294°, 4%, 91%
XYZ	72.7762, 74.1641, 85.9404
YIQ	224.8310, 2.1540, 5.0180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

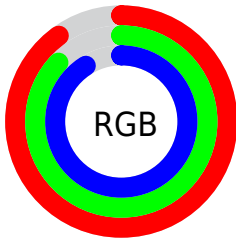
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	230, 221, 231
Decimal	15130087
CIE Lab	89.00, 4.84, -3.80
CIE LCh	89, 6.151, 321.882
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3125, 0.3185
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293320167 (0xFFE6DDE7)
YUV	224.8310, 3.0413, 4.5332
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 0.1373, 1.1157

# Details

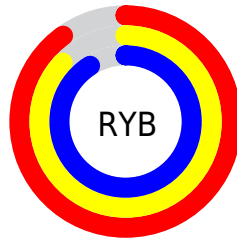
The CIELCh color  $89, 6.151, 321.882$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $91, 6.124, 141.540$ , and the grayscale version is  $89, 0.011, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $69, 6.018, 324.681$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $83, 20.485, 322.400$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $95, 7.944, 141.477$ .

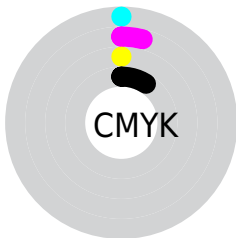
# Distribution



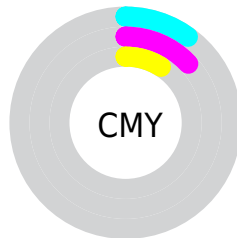
- Red (90%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 6.151, 321.882 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 6.151, 321.882 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



89, 6.151, 321.882

89, 6.151, 321.882

100, 6.151,  
321.882

79, 6.151, 321.882

69, 6.151, 321.882

59, 6.151, 321.882

49, 6.151, 321.882

39, 6.151, 321.882

29, 6.151, 321.882

19, 6.151, 321.882

9, 6.151, 321.882

0, 6.151, 321.882

89, 6.151, 321.882

89, 6.151, 321.882

83, 20.485,  
322.400

95, 7.944, 141.477

77, 34.916,  
322.892

98, 14.380,  
139.848

72, 49.204,  
323.363

98, 13.967,  
137.037

67, 63.007,  
323.796

98, 13.591,  
134.046

62, 75.863,  
324.164

98, 13.253,  
130.877

58, 87.202,  
324.441

99, 12.957,  
127.537

55, 96.416,  
324.595

99, 12.709,  
124.037

53, 102.996,  
324.601

99, 12.510,  
120.396

■ 51, 106.734,  
324.444

■ 99, 12.364,  
116.637

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 6.151, 321.882



91, 6.124, 141.540

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 6.151, 321.882



89, 6.151, 11.882



89, 6.151, 141.882



89, 6.151, 191.882

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 6.149, 321.881



99, 1.543, 321.580



89, 4.621, 285.478



53, 0.877, 321.568



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 6.149, 321.881



97, 7.701, 321.921



89, 4.837, 338.097



46, 4.820, 321.956



39, 89.021, 324.363



7, 37.230, 324.920

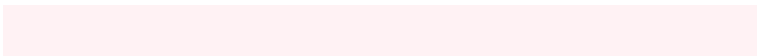


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 3.653, 11.331



97, 4.583, 11.413



91, 4.808, 157.628



46, 2.874, 11.483



37, 75.777, 35.728

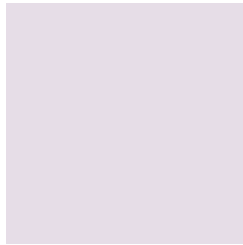


6, 26.820, 17.614



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 6.151, 321.882 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

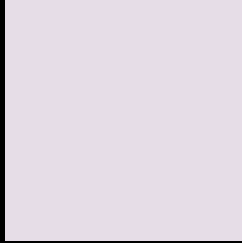
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 6.151, 321.882 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

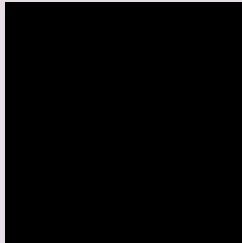
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

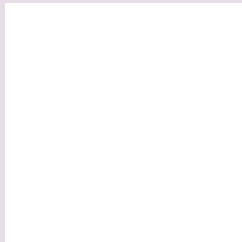
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 89, 6.151, 321.882

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 6.151, 321.882.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 6.151, 321.882.

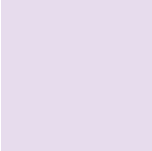
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
89, 9.720, 314.313

# Trichromacy



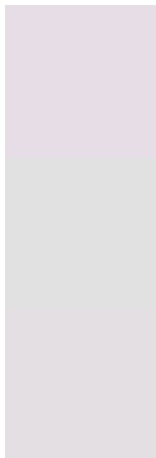
**Original Color**  
89, 6.151, 321.882

**Protanomaly**  
89, 5.531, 309.234

**Deuteranomaly**  
89, 10.003, 333.330

**Tritanomaly**  
89, 8.778, 317.025

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 6.151, 321.882

**Achromatopsia**  
90, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
89, 2.547, 324.428

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 6.151, 321.882 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 221, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 221, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 221, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 221, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 6.151, 321.882 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 221, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 221, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 221, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 221, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 221, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 221,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 6.151, 321.882 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 221, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
221, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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