

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 68.129, 309.770)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 68.129, 309.770)
contains.

CIELCh(86, 35.751, 325.667)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(86, 35.751, 325.667)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEC5FE
RGB	254, 197, 254
RGB Percent	100%, 77%, 100%
CMY	0.0050, 0.2283, 0.0050
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 96%, 88%
HSV	300°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	78.5307, 67.9871, 102.5201
YIQ	220.5410, 15.6750, 29.8110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

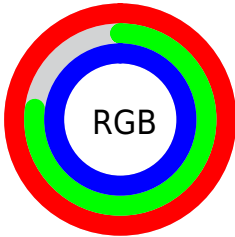
Format	Color
R _{YB}	254, 197, 254
Decimal	16696830
CIE Lab	86.00, 29.52, -20.16
CIE LCh	86, 35.751, 325.667
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3153, 0.2730
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294886910 (0xFFFE C5FE)
YUV	220.5410, 16.4953, 29.3435
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 25.7111, -16.0006

Details

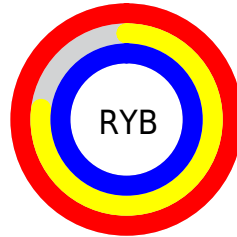
The CIELCh color `86, 35.751, 325.667` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `95, 35.730, 142.953`, and the grayscale version is `88, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.630, 323.973`, and `66, 35.531, 325.920` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `80, 51.507, 326.204`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `92, 19.771, 325.110`.

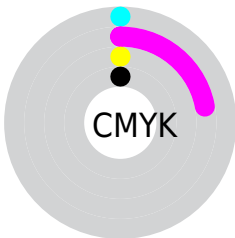
Distribution



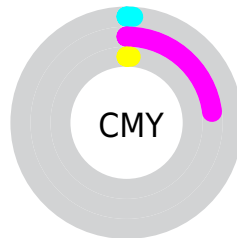
- Red (100%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 35.751, 325.667 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 35.751, 325.667 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86, 35.751,
325.667


 86, 35.751,
325.667


 100, 35.751,
325.667


 76, 35.751,
325.667

 66, 35.751,
325.667

 56, 35.751,
325.667

 46, 35.751,
325.667

 36, 35.751,
325.667

 26, 35.751,
325.667

 16, 35.751,

325.667

■ 6, 35.751, 325.667

■ 0, 35.751, 325.667

■ 86, 35.751,
325.667

■ 86, 35.751,
325.667

■ 80, 51.507,
326.204

■ 92, 19.771,
325.110

■ 75, 66.643,
326.708

■ 98, 3.863, 324.493

■ 71, 80.629,
327.162

■ 100, 0.778,
144.747

■ 67, 92.853,
327.549

■ 100, 0.777,
144.661

■ 64, 102.700,

■ 100, 0.776,
144.575

327.853

100, 0.775,
144.488

■ 62, 109.701,
328.065

100, 0.774,
144.402

■ 60, 113.712,
328.184

100, 0.774,
144.315

■ 60, 115.130,
328.226

100, 0.773,
144.228

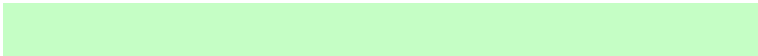
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 35.751, 325.667



95, 35.730, 142.953

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86, 35.751, 325.667



86, 35.751, 15.667



86, 35.751, 145.667



86, 35.751, 195.667

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 35.748, 325.667



96, 11.134, 324.797



81, 29.762, 292.157



51, 7.237, 324.832



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 35.748, 325.667



84, 43.152, 325.915



85, 25.693, 344.739



50, 9.056, 324.943



45, 93.083, 328.226



12, 42.823, 328.227

Inverse Universe

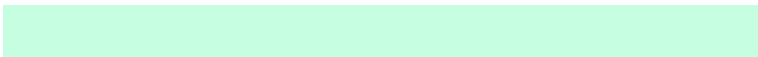
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 21.742, 21.081



82, 26.729, 21.576



95, 25.033, 160.776



49, 5.254, 19.930



40, 84.222, 39.994



10, 33.366, 27.170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 35.751, 325.667 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

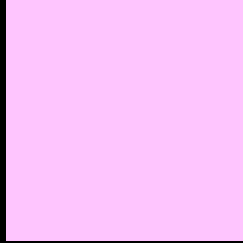
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 35.751, 325.667 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 86, 35.751, 325.667

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 35.751, 325.667.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 35.751, 325.667.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
86, 18.805, 354.558

Trichromacy



Original Color
86, 35.777, 325.672



Protanomaly
86, 25.312, 303.654



Deuteranomaly
86, 26.483, 312.445

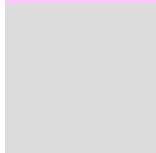


Tritanomaly
86, 24.173, 339.245

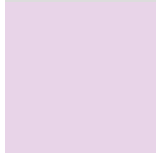
Monochromacy



Original Color
86, 35.777, 325.672



Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
87, 12.713, 324.893

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 35.751, 325.667 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 197, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 197, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 197, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 197, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 35.751, 325.667 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 197, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 197, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 197, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 197, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 197, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 197,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 35.751, 325.667 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 197, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
197, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor