

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 7.555, 304.242)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 7.555, 304.242) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(89, 7.539, 304.237)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2DDEB
RGB	226, 221, 235
RGB Percent	89%, 87%, 92%
CMY	0.1122, 0.1318, 0.0769
CMYK	0.04, 0.06, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	261°, 26%, 90%
HSV	261°, 6%, 92%
XYZ	72.4913, 74.1641, 89.3829
YIQ	224.0910, -1.5140, 5.4140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

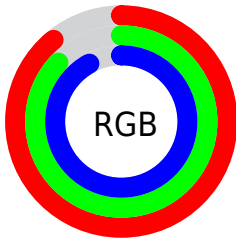
Format	Color
RYB	226, 221, 235
Decimal	14867947
CIELab	89.00, 4.24, -6.23
CIELCh	89, 7.539, 304.237
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3071, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293058027 (0xFFE2DDEB)
YUV	224.0910, 5.3781, 1.6742
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -0.4532, -1.2544

# Details

The CIELCh color `89, 7.539, 304.237` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `92, 7.442, 123.627`, and the grayscale version is `89, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `69, 7.412, 305.297` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `82, 20.540, 304.825`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `96, 5.027, 123.740`.

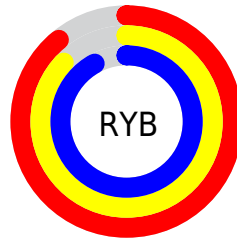
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (87%)

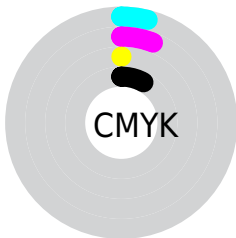
Blue (92%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (92%)

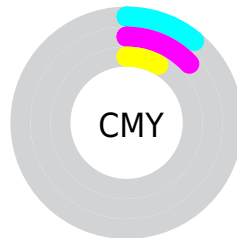


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 7.539, 304.237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 7.539, 304.237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 89, 7.539, 304.237

■ 89, 7.539, 304.237

■ 100, 7.539,  
304.237

■ 79, 7.539, 304.237

■ 69, 7.539, 304.237

■ 59, 7.539, 304.237

■ 49, 7.539, 304.237

■ 39, 7.539, 304.237

■ 29, 7.539, 304.237

■ 19, 7.539, 304.237

■ 9, 7.539, 304.237

■ 0, 7.539, 304.237

89, 7.539, 304.237

89, 7.539, 304.237

82, 20.540,  
304.825

96, 5.027, 123.740

75, 33.975,  
305.484

100, 9.929,  
109.426

68, 47.798,  
306.209

61, 61.897,  
306.982

54, 76.035,  
307.770

48, 89.761,  
308.506

43, 102.299,  
309.083

38, 112.521,  
309.349

■ 35,119.226,  
309.147

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 7.539, 304.237



92, 7.442, 123.627

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 7.539, 304.237



89, 7.539, 354.237



89, 7.539, 124.237



89, 7.539, 174.237

# Sweetspot

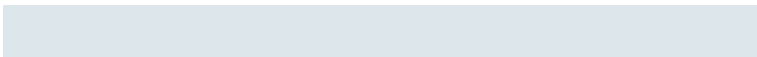
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 7.537, 304.231



99, 2.693, 303.999



91, 4.037, 238.445



53, 1.531, 303.992



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 7.537, 304.231



95, 9.480, 304.293



90, 8.463, 320.530



46, 5.757, 304.324



25, 99.363, 309.159



4, 36.935, 306.923



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 6.889, 337.055



95, 8.659, 337.144



92, 8.428, 140.031



47, 5.256, 337.187



40, 69.040, 349.257

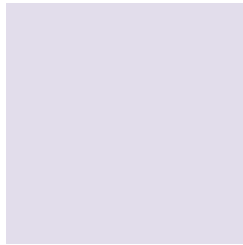


8, 30.481, 345.209



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 7.539, 304.237 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

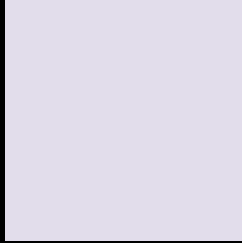
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 7.539, 304.237 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

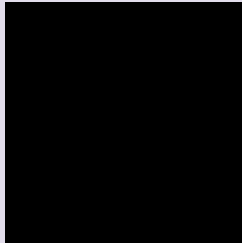
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 89, 7.539, 304.237

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 7.539, 304.237.

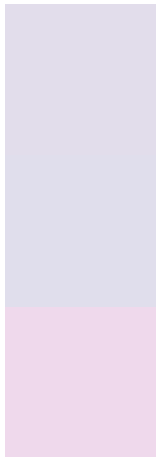


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 7.539, 304.237.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89, 7.539, 304.237

### Protanopia

89, 7.347, 296.243

### Deuteranopia

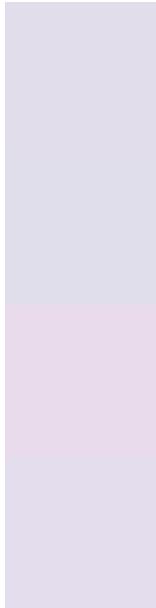
89, 12.663, 328.924





**Tritanopia**  
89, 9.143, 304.152

# Trichromacy



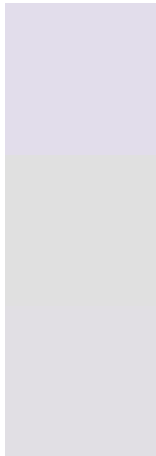
**Original Color**  
89, 7.539, 304.237

**Protanomaly**  
89, 7.393, 298.944

**Deuteranomaly**  
89, 10.380, 321.534

**Tritanomaly**  
89, 8.637, 304.929

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 7.539, 304.237

**Achromatopsia**  
89, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
89, 2.717, 305.574

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 7.539, 304.237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 221, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 221, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 221, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 221, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 7.539, 304.237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

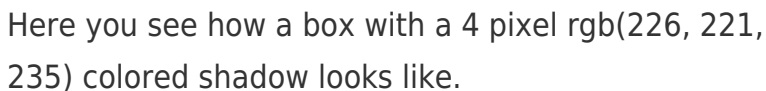
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 221, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 221, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 221, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 221, 235); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 221, 235); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 221, 235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 7.539, 304.237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 221, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
221, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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