

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 7.840, 166.090)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 7.840, 166.090) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 7.977, 167.461)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D1E4DC
RGB	209, 228, 220
RGB Percent	82%, 89%, 86%
CMY	0.1806, 0.1061, 0.1375
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.04, 0.11
HSL	155°, 26%, 86%
HSV	155°, 8%, 89%
XYZ	66.9146, 74.1641, 78.4567
YIQ	221.4070, -8.7560, -6.5160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

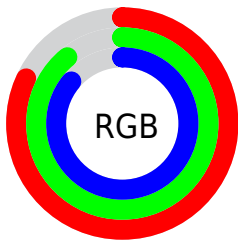
Format	Color
R_{YB}	209, 221, 228
Decimal	13755612
CIE Lab	89.00, -7.79, 1.73
CIE LCh	89, 7.977, 167.461
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3048, 0.3378
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291945692 (0xFFD1E4DC)
YUV	221.4070, -0.6937, -10.8809
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -12.0120, 6.2680

Details

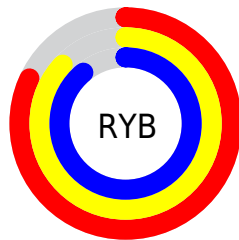
The CIELCh color **89, 7.977, 167.461** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **86, 8.106, 348.816**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 8.086, 165.908** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 17.493, 166.465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 1.600, 347.970**.

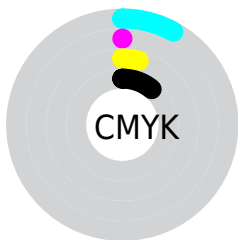
Distribution



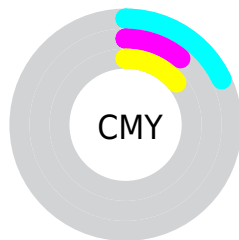
- Red (82%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 7.977, 167.461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 7.977, 167.461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89, 7.977, 167.461

■ 89, 7.977, 167.461

■ 100, 7.977,
167.461

■ 79, 7.977, 167.461

■ 69, 7.977, 167.461

■ 59, 7.977, 167.461

■ 49, 7.977, 167.461

■ 39, 7.977, 167.461

■ 29, 7.977, 167.461

■ 19, 7.977, 167.461

■ 9, 7.977, 167.461

■ 0, 7.977, 167.461

89, 7.977, 167.461

89, 7.977, 167.461

87, 17.493,
166.465

91, 1.600, 347.970

86, 26.816,
165.401

93, 11.143,
349.034

84, 35.800,
164.224

93, 14.397,
332.307

83, 44.285,
162.908


93, 16.912,
325.010

82, 52.109,
161.427

82, 59.134,
159.756

81, 65.266,
157.875

81, 70.482,
155.779

 80, 74.884,
153.508

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 7.977, 167.461



86, 8.106, 348.816

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 7.977, 167.461



89, 7.977, 217.461



89, 7.977, 347.461



89, 7.977, 37.461

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 7.979, 167.455



99, 3.141, 168.035



89, 10.637, 131.023



53, 2.383, 167.929



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 7.979, 167.455



98, 10.481, 167.285



89, 6.220, 205.183



47, 5.466, 167.344



64, 62.471, 153.539



18, 24.291, 157.731

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 8.106, 348.816



93, 10.677, 348.989



86, 6.564, 25.580



45, 5.563, 348.929



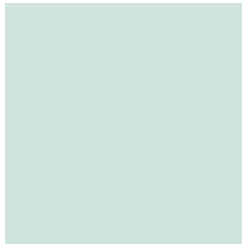
38, 64.692, 9.475



7, 27.014, 0.817

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 7.977, 167.461 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

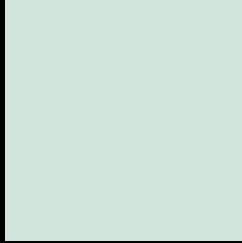
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 7.977, 167.461 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

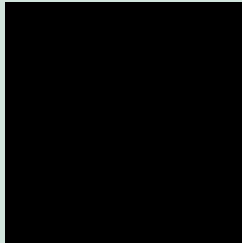
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

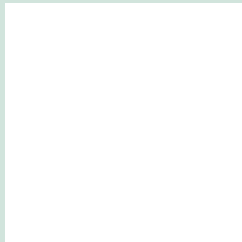
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 7.977, 167.461

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 7.977, 167.461.

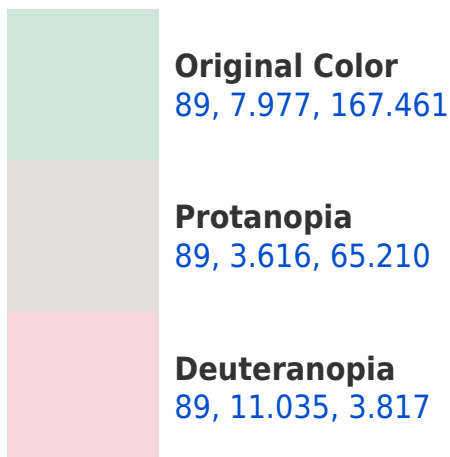


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 7.977, 167.461.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

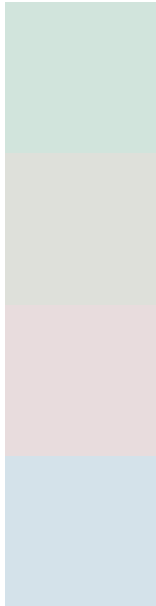
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
89, 9.673, 265.826

Trichromacy



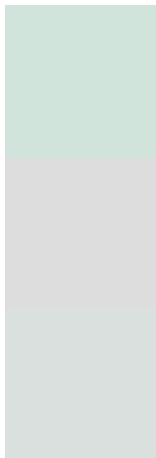
Original Color
89, 7.977, 167.461

Protanomaly
89, 3.200, 122.926

Deuteranomaly
89, 4.380, 12.777

Tritanomaly
89, 6.330, 240.477

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 7.977, 167.461

Achromatopsia
88, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 2.961, 167.578

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 7.977, 167.461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 228, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 228, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 228, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 228, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 7.977, 167.461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 228, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 228, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 228, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 228, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 228, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 228,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 7.977, 167.461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 228, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
228, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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