

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 76.561, 152.032)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 76.561, 152.032)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(89, 76.646, 152.081)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(89, 76.646, 152.081)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	44FE98
RGB	68, 254, 152
RGB Percent	27%, 100%, 60%
CMY	0.7350, 0.0051, 0.4050
CMYK	0.73, 0.00, 0.40, 0.01
HSL	147°, 99%, 63%
HSV	147°, 73%, 99%
XYZ	43.3451, 74.1641, 41.6193
YIQ	186.7580, -78.1140, -71.1540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

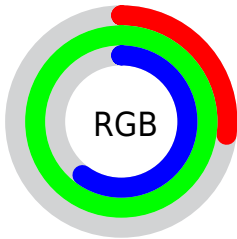
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">68, 196, 254</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4521624</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">89.00, -67.73, 35.89</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">89, 76.646, 152.081</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">74.1641, 0.2724, 0.4661</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282711704 (0xFF44FE98)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">186.7580, -17.1357, -104.1508</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">86.1186, -60.8651, 31.6294</a>

# Details

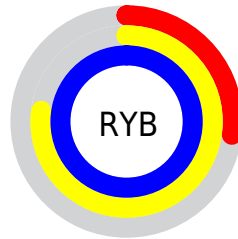
The CIELCh color **89, 76.646, 152.081** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF99**. The color can be described as light washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **60, 77.751, 350.300**, and the grayscale version is **76, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 45.393, 163.534**, and **70, 72.428, 149.561** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 84.009, 150.077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 68.222, 153.870**.

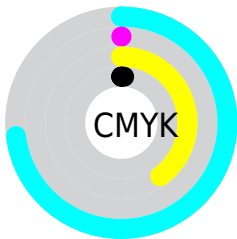
# Distribution



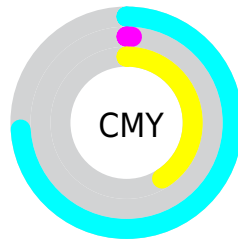
- Red (27%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (41%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 76.646, 152.081 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 76.646, 152.081 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 89, 76.646,  
152.081


 89, 76.646,  
152.081


 100, 76.646,  
152.081


 79, 76.646,  
152.081

 69, 76.646,  
152.081

 59, 76.646,  
152.081

 49, 76.646,  
152.081

 39, 76.646,  
152.081


 29, 76.646,  
152.081


 19, 76.646,

152.081


 9, 76.646, 152.081


 0, 76.646, 152.081


 89, 76.646,  
152.081


 89, 76.646,  
152.081


 88, 84.009,  
150.077


 90, 68.222,  
153.870

 88, 90.301,  
147.885

 91, 58.836,  
155.449


 88, 93.988,  
146.390

 92, 48.652,  
156.835

 93, 37.868,  
158.051

 95, 26.684,

159.124

 97, 15.287,  
160.082

 99, 3.837, 161.016

100, 0.814,  
324.090

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 76.646, 152.081



60, 77.751, 350.300

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 76.646, 152.081



89, 76.646, 202.081



89, 76.646, 332.081



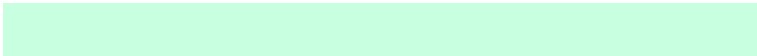
89, 76.646, 22.081

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 76.647, 152.081



96, 25.238, 159.260



92, 91.851, 124.541



50, 16.941, 158.986



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 76.647, 152.081



89, 87.405, 149.077



91, 47.635, 190.601



52, 6.525, 160.431



68, 75.319, 146.808



23, 32.421, 150.007



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 77.751, 350.300



57, 84.239, 354.147



58, 79.277, 28.617



50, 6.593, 341.885



41, 69.001, 357.632

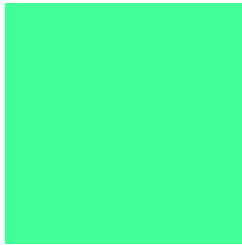


11, 32.400, 352.789



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 76.646, 152.081 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 76.646, 152.081 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

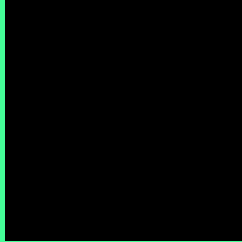
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 89, 76.646, 152.081**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 76.646, 152.081.

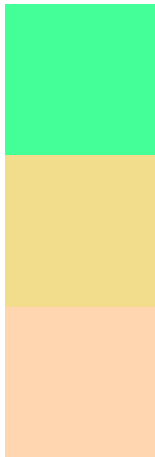


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 76.646, 152.081.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89, 76.646, 152.081


### Protanopia

88, 42.875, 95.605

### Deuteranopia

88, 26.169, 70.173





**Tritanopia**  
89, 31.090, 214.320

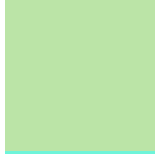
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 76.646, 152.081



**Protanomaly**  
87, 50.178, 131.281



**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 35.232, 133.603

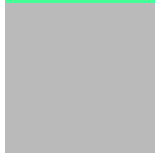


**Tritanomaly**  
88, 43.191, 177.493

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 76.646, 152.081



**Achromatopsia**  
76, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
79, 31.439, 158.398

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 76.646, 152.081 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 254, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 254, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 254, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 254, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 76.646, 152.081 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 254, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 254, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 254, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 254, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 254, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 254,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 76.646, 152.081 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 254, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 254,  
152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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