

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 77.922, 155.993)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 77.922, 155.993)
contains.

CIELCh(89, 77.831, 156.026)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(89, 77.831, 156.026)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	05FFA0
RGB	5, 255, 160
RGB Percent	2%, 100%, 63%
CMY	0.9813, 0.0000, 0.3721
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.37, 0.00
HSL	157°, 100%, 51%
HSV	157°, 98%, 100%
XYZ	42.2093, 74.1641, 45.3951
YIQ	169.4200, -118.5050, -82.5450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

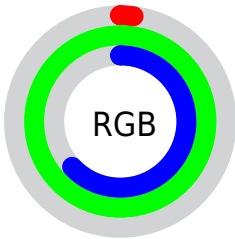
Format	Color
RYB	5, 159, 255
Decimal	393120
CIELab	89.00, -71.12, 31.62
CIELCh	89, 77.831, 156.026
Yxy	74.1641, 0.2609, 0.4585
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278583200 (0xFF05FFA0)
YUV	169.4200, -4.6441, -144.1963
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -63.2193, 29.0299

Details

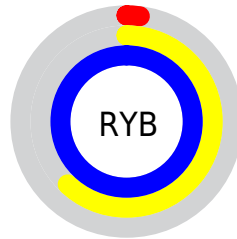
The CIELCh color **89, 77.831, 156.026** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00FF99**. The color can be described as middle saturated spring green. A complement of this color would be **54, 84.917, 13.874**, and the grayscale version is **69, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 47.821, 170.730**, and **70, 69.806, 151.591** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 78.543, 155.623**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89, 73.424, 158.323**.

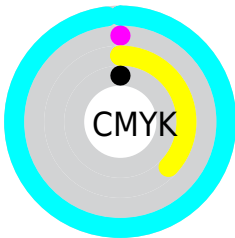
Distribution



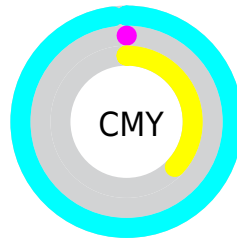
- Red (2%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 77.831, 156.026 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 77.831, 156.026 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89, 77.831,
156.026

■ 89, 77.831,
156.026

■ 100, 77.831,
156.026

■ 79, 77.831,
156.026

■ 69, 77.831,
156.026

■ 59, 77.831,
156.026

■ 49, 77.831,
156.026

■ 39, 77.831,
156.026

■ 29, 77.831,
156.026

■ 19, 77.831,

156.026

■ 9, 77.831, 156.026

■ 0, 77.831, 156.026

■ 89, 77.831,
156.026

■ 89, 77.831,
156.026

■ 89, 78.543,
155.623

■ 89, 73.424,
158.323

■ 90, 68.182,
160.412

■ 90, 61.938,
162.286

■ 91, 54.705,
163.953

■ 92, 46.578,

165.435

■ 93, 37.701,
166.756

■ 95, 28.247,
167.944

■ 96, 18.390,
169.024

■ 98, 8.290, 170.037

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 77.831, 156.026



54, 84.917, 13.874

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 77.831, 156.026



89, 77.831, 206.026



89, 77.831, 336.026



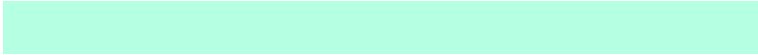
89, 77.831, 26.026

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 77.776, 156.046



95, 29.085, 167.846



89, 112.709, 131.489



50, 19.836, 167.349



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 77.776, 156.046



89, 78.543, 155.623



83, 44.041, 217.668



52, 5.793, 169.899



69, 62.769, 156.055



23, 27.322, 159.229

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 84.917, 13.874



54, 85.457, 14.863



54, 101.489, 40.968



50, 5.915, 351.541



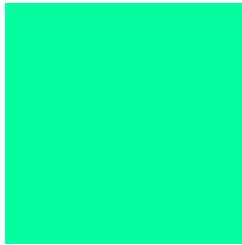
41, 68.633, 13.824



10, 31.282, 6.563

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 77.831, 156.026 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

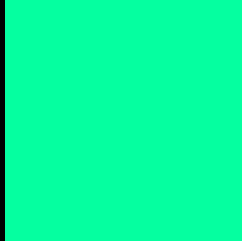
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 77.831, 156.026 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

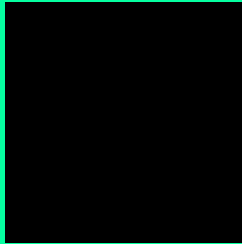
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 77.831, 156.026

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 77.831, 156.026.

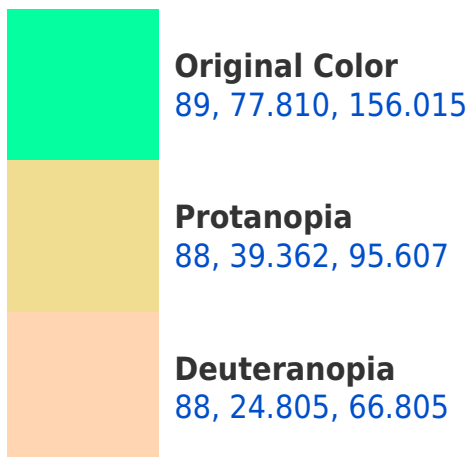


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 77.831, 156.026.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



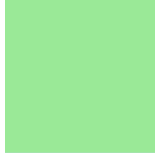


Tritanopia
89, 32.545, 212.487

Trichromacy



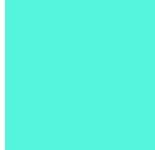
Original Color
89, 77.810, 156.015



Protanomaly
86, 51.500, 141.019



Deuteranomaly
85, 37.983, 145.544

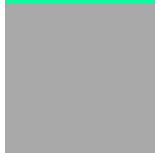


Tritanomaly
88, 47.344, 180.273

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 77.810, 156.015



Achromatopsia
69, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
74, 36.259, 166.235

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 77.831, 156.026 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 255, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 255, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 255, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 255, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 77.831, 156.026 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 255, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 255, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 255, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 255, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 255, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 255,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 77.831, 156.026 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 255, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 255,  
160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor