

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 8.445, 278.354)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 8.445, 278.354) contains.

CIELCh(89, 8.486, 279.124)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(89, 8.486, 279.124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DADFEF
RGB	218, 223, 239
RGB Percent	85%, 87%, 94%
CMY	0.1438, 0.1242, 0.0614
CMYK	0.09, 0.07, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	226°, 40%, 90%
HSV	226°, 9%, 94%
XYZ	71.1214, 74.1641, 92.4912
YIQ	223.3290, -8.1160, 3.9160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

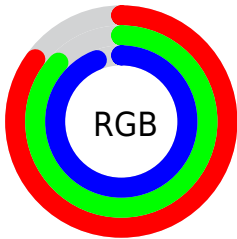
Format	Color
R _Y B	218, 222, 239
Decimal	14344175
CIE Lab	89.00, 1.35, -8.38
CIE LCh	89, 8.486, 279.124
Yxy	74.1641, 0.2991, 0.3119
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292534255 (0xFFDADFEF)
YUV	223.3290, 7.7258, -4.6735
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -3.2926, -3.3943

Details

The CIELCh color `89, 8.486, 279.124` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `93, 8.414, 96.956`, and the grayscale version is `89, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `69, 8.403, 278.608` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `83, 18.380, 280.526`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `95, 1.157, 97.690`.

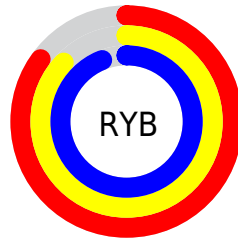
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (87%)

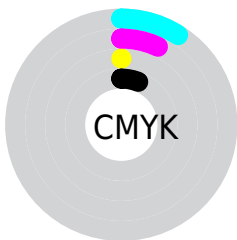
Blue (94%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (94%)

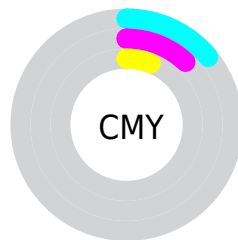


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (6%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 8.486, 279.124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 8.486, 279.124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 89, 8.486, 279.124

 89, 8.486, 279.124

 100, 8.486,
279.124

 79, 8.486, 279.124

 69, 8.486, 279.124

 59, 8.486, 279.124

 49, 8.486, 279.124

 39, 8.486, 279.124

 29, 8.486, 279.124

 19, 8.486, 279.124

 9, 8.486, 279.124

 0, 8.486, 279.124

■ 89, 8.486, 279.124

■ 89, 8.486, 279.124

■ 83, 18.380,
280.526

■ 95, 1.157, 97.690

■ 76, 28.548,
282.188

■ 100, 7.926,
109.575

■ 70, 39.015,
284.135

■ 64, 49.814,
286.402

■ 57, 60.978,
289.007

■ 52, 72.510,
291.929

■ 46, 84.314,
295.077

■ 41, 96.063,
298.272

■ 37,107.076,
301.228

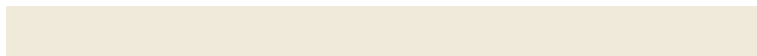
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 8.486, 279.124



93, 8.414, 96.956

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 8.486, 279.124



89, 8.486, 329.124



89, 8.486, 99.124



89, 8.486, 149.124

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 8.484, 279.114



98, 3.038, 278.434



93, 7.862, 178.783



52, 2.304, 278.516



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 8.484, 279.114



93, 11.225, 279.412



88, 11.159, 300.478



47, 5.504, 279.205



27, 87.436, 301.061



5, 31.475, 293.781

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 8.063, 1.148



93, 10.697, 1.396



94, 10.952, 119.367



47, 5.235, 1.225



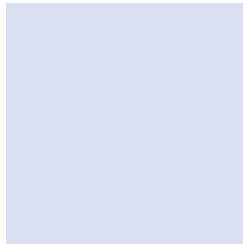
38, 70.859, 26.419



8, 28.899, 13.732

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 8.486, 279.124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

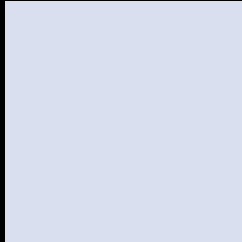
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 8.486, 279.124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

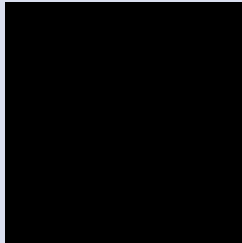
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

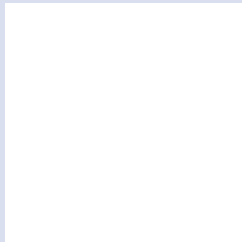
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 8.486, 279.124

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 8.486, 279.124.

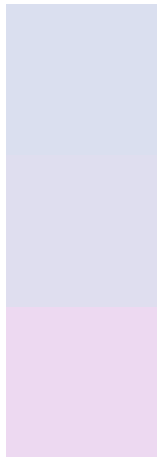


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 8.486, 279.124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

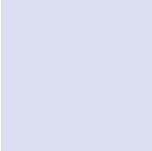
89, 8.486, 279.124

Protanopia

89, 8.878, 293.149

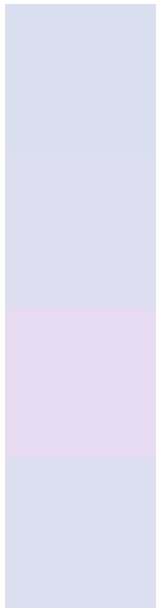
Deuteranopia

89, 14.419, 320.236



Tritanopia
89, 9.457, 282.572

Trichromacy



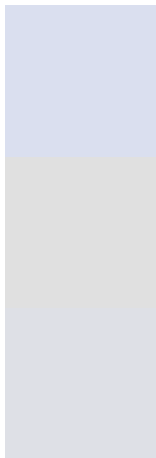
Original Color
89, 8.486, 279.124

Protanomaly
89, 8.868, 288.671

Deuteranomaly
89, 11.665, 310.268

Tritanomaly
89, 8.943, 282.028

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 8.486, 279.124

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 3.199, 277.709

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 8.486, 279.124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 223, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 223, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 223, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 223, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 8.486, 279.124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

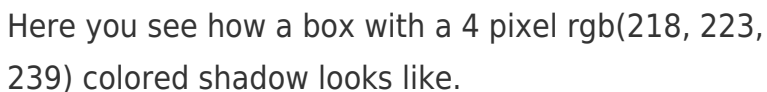
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 223, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 223, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 223, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 223, 239); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 223, 239); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 223, 239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 8.486, 279.124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 223, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
223, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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