

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 8.447, 144.302)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 8.447, 144.302) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 8.264, 144.148)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6E3D6
RGB	214, 227, 214
RGB Percent	84%, 89%, 84%
CMY	0.1604, 0.1094, 0.1604
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.06, 0.11
HSL	120°, 19%, 87%
HSV	120°, 6%, 89%
XYZ	67.4071, 74.1641, 74.4467
YIQ	221.6310, -3.5750, -6.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

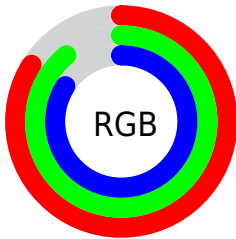
Format	Color
R_{YB}	214, 227, 227
Decimal	14083030
CIE _{Lab}	89.00, -6.70, 4.84
CIE _{LCh}	89, 8.264, 144.148
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3120, 0.3433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292273110 (0xFFD6E3D6)
YUV	221.6310, -3.7621, -6.6924
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -10.9913, 9.0287

Details

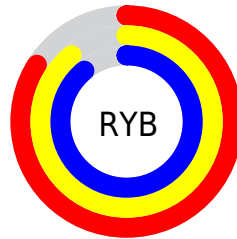
The CIELCh color **89, 8.264, 144.148** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 8.286, 324.722**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 8.716, 144.037** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 22.848, 143.474**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 6.129, 324.620**.

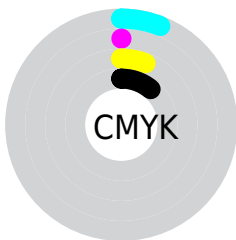
Distribution



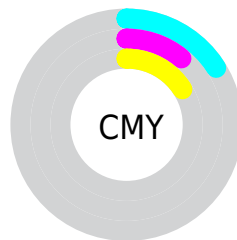
- Red (84%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 8.264, 144.148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 8.264, 144.148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

89, 8.264, 144.148

89, 8.264, 144.148

100, 8.264,
144.148

79, 8.264, 144.148

69, 8.264, 144.148

59, 8.264, 144.148

49, 8.264, 144.148

39, 8.264, 144.148

29, 8.264, 144.148

19, 8.264, 144.148

9, 8.264, 144.148

0, 8.264, 144.148

89, 8.264, 144.148

89, 8.264, 144.148

87, 22.848,
143.474

91, 6.129, 324.620

85, 37.435,
142.701

93, 17.439,
325.029

84, 51.775,
141.808


82, 65.537,
140.795

81, 78.305,
139.685

80, 89.568,
138.542

80, 98.744,
137.476

79, 105.265,
136.636

 79,108.814,
136.147

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



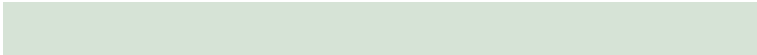
89, 8.264, 144.148



87, 8.286, 324.722

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 8.264, 144.148



89, 8.264, 194.148



89, 8.264, 324.148



89, 8.264, 14.148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 8.266, 144.148



100, 3.155, 144.428



90, 6.729, 109.618



53, 1.793, 144.439



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 8.266, 144.148



98, 11.113, 144.062



89, 5.772, 163.256



47, 6.625, 144.028



63, 91.650, 136.016



17, 36.761, 138.832

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 8.286, 324.722



96, 11.134, 324.801



87, 5.825, 344.047



46, 6.637, 324.832



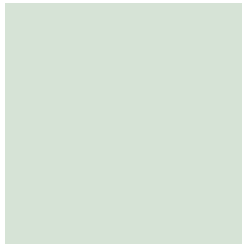
42, 88.427, 328.233



9, 37.107, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 8.264, 144.148 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

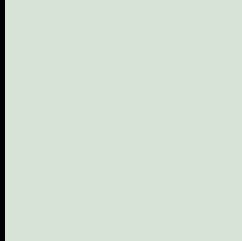
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 8.264, 144.148 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

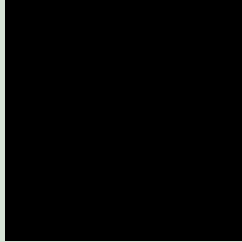
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

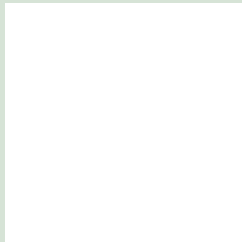
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 8.264, 144.148

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 8.264, 144.148.

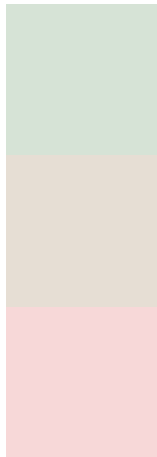


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 8.264, 144.148.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

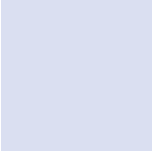
89, 8.264, 144.148

Protanopia

89, 5.945, 80.140

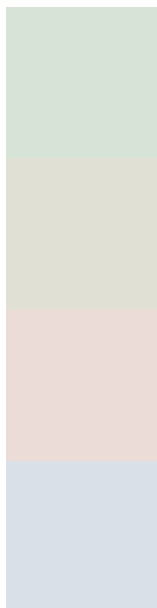
Deuteranopia

89, 11.439, 20.188



Tritanopia
89, 9.507, 280.524

Trichromacy



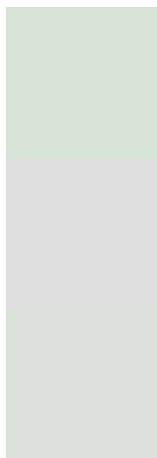
Original Color
89, 8.264, 144.148

Protanomaly
89, 5.705, 109.695

Deuteranomaly
89, 6.068, 44.955

Tritanomaly
89, 4.363, 256.281

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 8.264, 144.148

Achromatopsia
88, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 3.172, 144.406

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 8.264, 144.148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 227, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 227, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 227, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 227, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 8.264, 144.148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 227, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 227, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 227, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 227, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 227, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 227,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 8.264, 144.148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 227, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
227, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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