

Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 86.215, 140.997)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(89, 86.215, 140.997)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(89, 86.368, 140.882)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	67FD71
RGB	103, 253, 113
RGB Percent	40%, 99%, 44%
CMY	0.5971, 0.0087, 0.5577
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.55, 0.01
HSL	124°, 97%, 70%
HSV	124°, 59%, 99%
XYZ	43.5877, 74.1641, 27.5795
YIQ	192.1900, -44.4600, -75.3400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

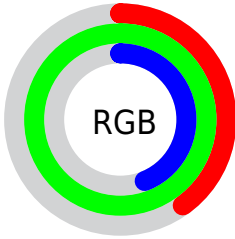
Format	Color
RYB	103, 244, 253
Decimal	6815089
CIELab	89.00, -67.01, 54.49
CIELCh	89, 86.368, 140.882
Yxy	74.1641, 0.2999, 0.5103
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285005169 (0xFF67FD71)
YUV	192.1900, -39.0407, -78.2196
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -60.3623, 41.2954

Details

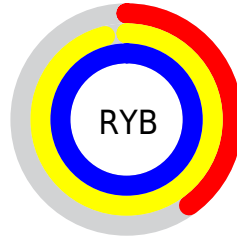
The CIELCh color **89, 86.368, 140.882** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF66**. A complement of this color would be **67, 85.150, 329.575**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 54.758, 142.451**, and **69, 86.323, 140.897** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 97.774, 139.590**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 73.374, 142.107**.

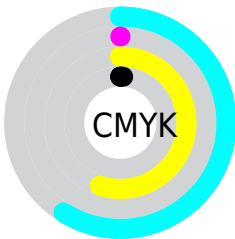
Distribution



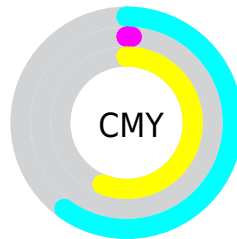
- Red (40%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (56%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 86.368, 140.882 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 86.368, 140.882 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89, 86.368,
140.882

 89, 86.368,
140.882


 100, 86.368,
140.882


 79, 86.368,
140.882

 69, 86.368,
140.882

 59, 86.368,
140.882

 49, 86.368,
140.882

 39, 86.368,
140.882


 29, 86.368,
140.882


 19, 86.368,


140.882


 9, 86.368, 140.882

 0, 86.368, 140.882


 89, 86.368,
140.882


 89, 86.368,
140.882


 88, 97.774,
139.590


 90, 73.374,
142.107


 88, 107.075,
138.325


 91, 59.270,
143.214


 87, 113.788,
137.222

 93, 44.471,
144.185

 87, 117.677,
136.442

 95, 29.324,
145.023

 87, 117.845,

 97, 14.104,

136.412

145.748

99, 0.981, 325.997

99, 1.388, 324.267

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 86.368, 140.882



67, 85.150, 329.575

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 86.368, 140.882



89, 86.368, 190.882



89, 86.368, 320.882



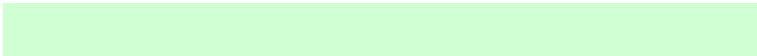
89, 86.368, 10.882

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 86.369, 140.882



96, 27.460, 145.127



96, 72.201, 107.882



51, 19.095, 144.900



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 86.369, 140.882



89, 100.162, 139.372



90, 58.074, 160.505



52, 8.637, 145.737



68, 95.248, 136.542



22, 42.356, 138.060

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 85.150, 329.575



64, 97.329, 330.103



64, 63.343, 355.186



50, 8.653, 326.813



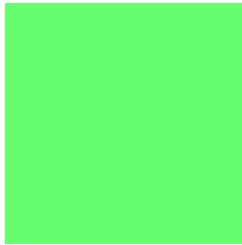
45, 88.309, 331.097



12, 40.885, 330.730

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 89, 86.368, 140.882 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

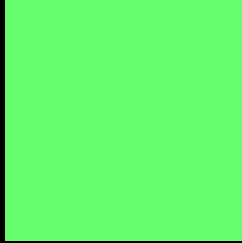
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 86.368, 140.882 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

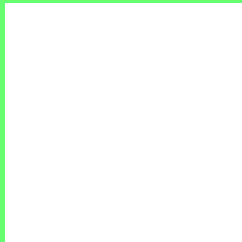
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 86.368, 140.882

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 86.368, 140.882.

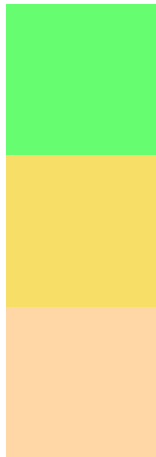


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 86.368, 140.882.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89, 86.368, 140.882

Protanopia

88, 60.447, 95.485

Deuteranopia

88, 30.282, 76.101

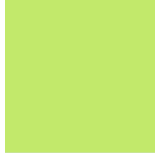


Tritanopia
89, 28.930, 216.851

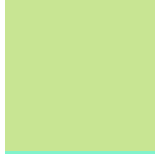
Trichromacy



Original Color
89, 86.368, 140.882



Protanomaly
87, 64.427, 119.204

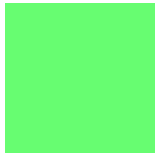


Deuteranomaly
87, 43.448, 121.873

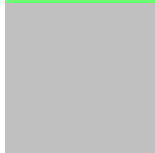


Tritanomaly
88, 42.762, 167.436

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 86.368, 140.882



Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 33.688, 144.245

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 86.368, 140.882 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 253, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 253, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 253, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 253, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 86.368, 140.882 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 253, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 253, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 253, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 253, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 253, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 253,  
113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 86.368, 140.882 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 253, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
253, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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