

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(89, 93.680, 138.941)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(89, 93.680, 138.941)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(89, 93.844, 138.898)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIElCh(89, 93.844, 138.898)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	60FE60
RGB	96, 254, 96
RGB Percent	38%, 100%, 38%
CMY	0.6239, 0.0042, 0.6238
CMYK	0.62, 0.00, 0.62, 0.00
HSL	120°, 99%, 69%
HSV	120°, 62%, 100%
XYZ	42.3427, 74.1641, 23.1336
YIQ	188.7460, -43.4500, -82.6340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

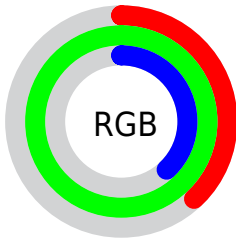
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	96, 254, 254
Decimal	6356576
CIE Lab	89.00, -70.72, 61.69
CIE LCh	89, 93.844, 138.898
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3032, 0.5311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284546656 (0xFF60FE60)
YUV	188.7460, -45.7238, -81.3382
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -62.9429, 44.3563

# Details

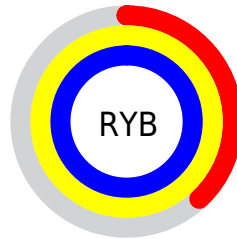
The CIELCh color **89, 93.844, 138.898** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF66**. A complement of this color would be **67, 92.666, 327.550**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 62.340, 139.358**, and **69, 93.068, 138.266** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 104.666, 137.787**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 80.931, 140.048**.

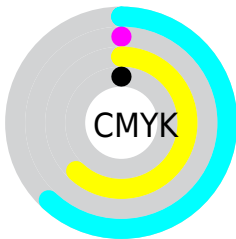
# Distribution



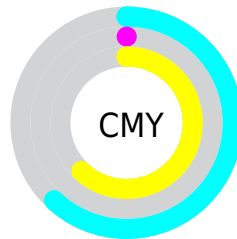
- Red (38%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 93.844, 138.898 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 93.844, 138.898 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 89, 93.844,  
138.898

 89, 93.844,  
138.898


 100, 93.844,  
138.898


 79, 93.844,  
138.898

 69, 93.844,  
138.898

 59, 93.844,  
138.898

 49, 93.844,  
138.898

 39, 93.844,  
138.898


 29, 93.844,  
138.898


 19, 93.844,


138.898


 9, 93.844, 138.898


 0, 93.844, 138.898


 89, 93.844,  
138.898


 89, 93.844,  
138.898


 88, 104.666,  
137.787


 90, 80.931,  
140.048


 88, 112.741,  
136.856


 91, 66.549,  
141.138

 88, 117.595,  
136.251

 93, 51.231,  
142.119

 87, 119.397,  
136.017

 95, 35.407,  
142.977

 97, 19.414,

143.716

99, 3.503, 144.408

100, 0.671,  
324.004

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 93.844, 138.898



67, 92.666, 327.550

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 93.844, 138.898



89, 93.844, 188.898



89, 93.844, 318.898



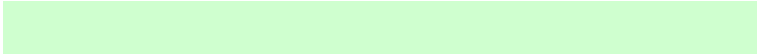
89, 93.844, 8.898

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 93.844, 138.899



96, 30.354, 143.227



97, 75.240, 104.414



50, 20.901, 143.006



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 93.844, 138.899



88, 107.562, 137.502



90, 64.424, 156.413



52, 9.043, 143.900



68, 96.472, 136.017



22, 43.823, 136.779



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 92.666, 327.550



63, 105.179, 327.926



64, 67.932, 351.221



50, 9.056, 324.950



45, 93.074, 328.237

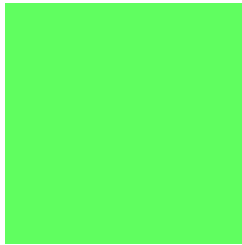


12, 42.819, 328.237



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 93.844, 138.898 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 93.844, 138.898 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

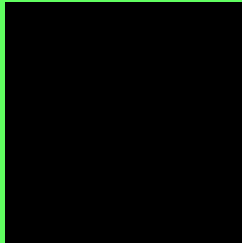
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 89, 93.844, 138.898**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 93.844, 138.898.

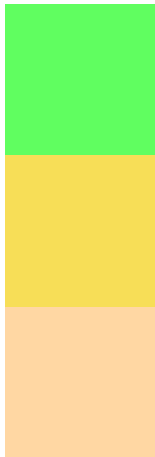


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 93.844, 138.898.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 93.844, 138.898

**Protanopia**  
88, 67.291, 95.448

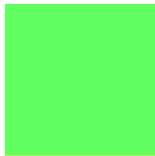
**Deuteranopia**  
88, 31.641, 77.355



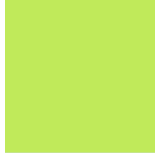


**Tritanopia**  
89, 29.157, 216.685

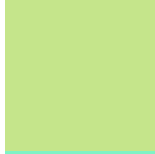
# Trichromacy



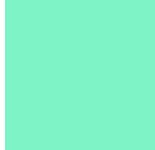
**Original Color**  
89, 93.844, 138.898



**Protanomaly**  
87, 72.089, 118.191



**Deuteranomaly**  
87, 47.565, 121.767

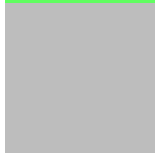


**Tritanomaly**  
88, 45.358, 164.586

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
89, 93.844, 138.898



**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
80, 37.605, 142.583

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 93.844, 138.898 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 254, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 254, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 254, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 254, 96) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 93.844, 138.898 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 254, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 254, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 254, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 254, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 254, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 254,  
96) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 93.844, 138.898 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 254, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 254,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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