

Converting Colors

CIELCh(8, 23.394, 177.185)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(8, 23.394, 177.185) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(10, 15.633, 164.940)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	012116
RGB	1, 33, 22
RGB Percent	0%, 13%, 9%
CMY	0.9967, 0.8723, 0.9152
CMYK	0.97, 0.00, 0.34, 0.87
HSL	159°, 95%, 7%
HSV	159°, 97%, 13%
XYZ	0.6837, 1.1260, 0.9214
YIQ	22.1780, -15.5410, -10.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

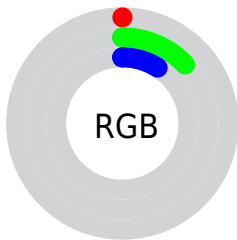
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 20, 33
Decimal	74006
CIE _{Lab}	10.00, -15.10, 4.06
CIE _{LCh}	10, 15.633, 164.940
Yxy	1.1260, 0.2503, 0.4123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278264086 (0xFF012116)
YUV	22.1780, -0.0878, -18.5731
Hunter-Lab	10.6114, -7.0690, 2.2797

Details

The CIELCh color **10, 15.633, 164.940** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **3, 14.141, 1.055**, and the grayscale version is **7, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30, 15.473, 164.598**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10, 15.979, 164.806**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10, 14.263, 165.596**.

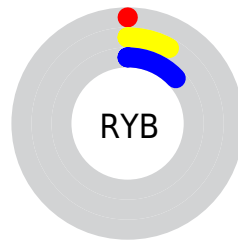
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (13%)

Blue (9%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (13%)

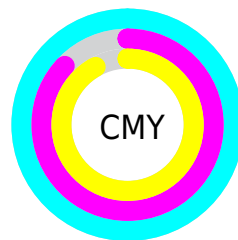


Cyan (97%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (87%)


Yellow (92%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 10, 15.633, 164.940 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 10, 15.633, 164.940 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10, 15.633,
164.940


 10, 15.633,
164.940


 100, 15.633,
164.940


 0, 15.633, 164.940

 30, 15.633,
164.940

 40, 15.633,
164.940


 50, 15.633,
164.940


 60, 15.633,
164.940


 70, 15.633,
164.940


 80, 15.633,


164.940


 90, 15.633,
164.940


 10, 15.633,
164.940

 10, 15.633,
164.940

 10, 15.979,
164.806

 10, 14.263,
165.596

 10, 12.867,
166.417

 11, 11.447,
167.415

 11, 9.934, 168.411

 11, 8.330, 169.333

 11, 6.654, 170.191

■ 12, 4.920, 170.994

■ 12, 3.147, 171.757

■ 12, 1.347, 172.518

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10, 15.633, 164.940



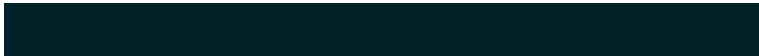
3, 14.141, 1.055

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10, 15.633, 164.940



10, 15.633, 214.940



10, 15.633, 344.940



10, 15.633, 34.940

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10, 15.633, 164.939



16, 6.617, 170.687



10, 21.241, 136.972



7, 3.992, 170.452



62, 0.008, 296.813



8, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10, 15.633, 164.939



15, 20.019, 163.445



8, 10.294, 218.186



4, 0.609, 172.461



29, 30.802, 160.665



74, 63.931, 158.279

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3, 14.141, 1.055



5, 22.446, 3.843



4, 12.168, 28.481



4, 0.605, 353.381



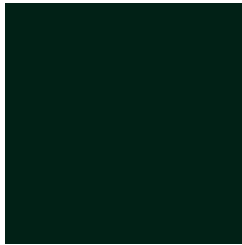
14, 36.271, 11.526



44, 73.546, 17.409

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 10, 15.633, 164.940 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

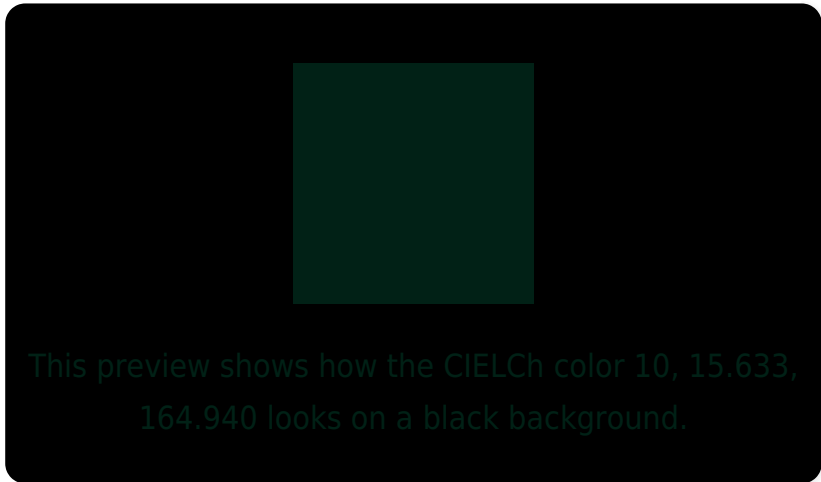
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

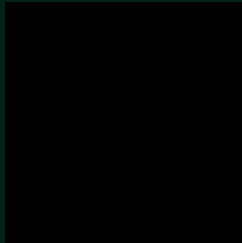
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 10, 15.633, 164.940

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 15.633, 164.940.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 10, 15.633, 164.940.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
10, 15.774, 165.027

Protanopia
10, 5.985, 92.499

Deuteranopia
10, 4.399, 61.583



Tritanopia
10, 8.312, 213.037

Trichromacy



Original Color
10, 15.774, 165.027

Protanomaly
10, 8.383, 145.811

Deuteranomaly
10, 6.627, 146.779

Tritanomaly
10, 10.646, 184.627

Monochromacy



Original Color
10, 15.774, 165.027

Achromatopsia
7, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
8, 6.265, 170.149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 10, 15.633, 164.940 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 33, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 33, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 33, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 33, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 10, 15.633, 164.940 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 33, 22) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 33, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 33, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 33, 22); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 33, 22); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 33, 22) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 10, 15.633, 164.940 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 33, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 33,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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