

Converting Colors

CIELCh(8, 33.626, 333.966)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(8, 33.626, 333.966) contains.

CIELCh(8, 33.453, 334.314)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(8, 33.453, 334.314)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33002B
RGB	51, 0, 43
RGB Percent	20%, 0%, 17%
CMY	0.7994, 0.9996, 0.8308
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.16, 0.80
HSL	309°, 100%, 10%
HSV	309°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.8130, 0.8856, 2.3748
YIQ	20.1510, 16.5930, 24.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

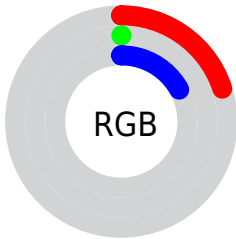
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 0, 43
Decimal	3342379
CIE Lab	8.00, 30.15, -14.50
CIE LCh	8, 33.453, 334.314
Yxy	0.8856, 0.3574, 0.1746
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281532459 (0xFF33002B)
YUV	20.1510, 11.2646, 27.0546
Hunter-Lab	9.4109, 17.9194, -8.3737

Details

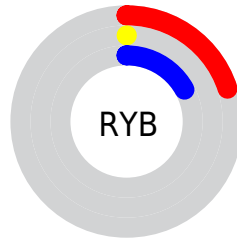
The CIELCh color **8, 33.453, 334.314** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **17, 33.959, 141.640**, and the grayscale version is **6, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28, 33.429, 334.133**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8, 33.514, 334.324**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9, 30.624, 333.836**.

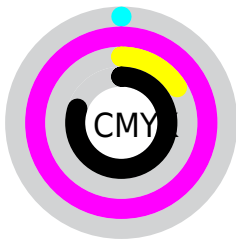
Distribution



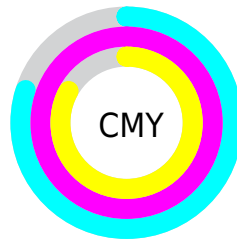
- Red (20%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (83%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 8, 33.453, 334.314 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 8, 33.453, 334.314 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8, 33.453, 334.314


 8, 33.453, 334.314


 98, 33.453,
334.314


 0, 33.453, 334.314


 28, 33.453,
334.314


 38, 33.453,
334.314

 48, 33.453,
334.314

 58, 33.453,
334.314

 68, 33.453,
334.314

 78, 33.453,
334.314


 88, 33.453,
334.314


 8, 33.453, 334.314


 8, 33.453, 334.314


 8, 33.514, 334.324


 9, 30.624, 333.836

 10, 28.111,
333.303

 11, 25.425,
332.751

 12, 22.299,
332.204

 13, 18.851,
331.661

 15, 15.188,
331.122

■ 16, 11.402,
330.587

■ 18, 7.564, 330.059

■ 20, 3.726, 329.530

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8, 33.453, 334.314



17, 33.959, 141.640

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



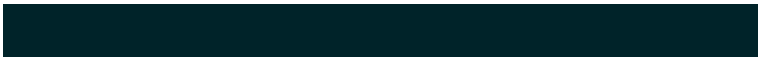
8, 33.453, 334.314



8, 33.453, 24.314



8, 33.453, 154.314



8, 33.453, 204.314

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8, 33.452, 334.314



22, 14.268, 330.681



3, 34.069, 300.416



9, 9.522, 330.717



66, 0.008, 296.813



13, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8, 33.452, 334.314



12, 39.400, 334.688



7, 26.763, 5.591



8, 2.094, 329.445



19, 47.931, 335.043



50, 90.312, 335.741

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8, 33.452, 334.314



12, 39.400, 334.688



18, 22.559, 162.231



8, 2.094, 329.445



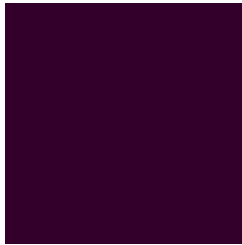
19, 47.931, 335.043



50, 90.312, 335.741

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 8, 33.453, 334.314 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

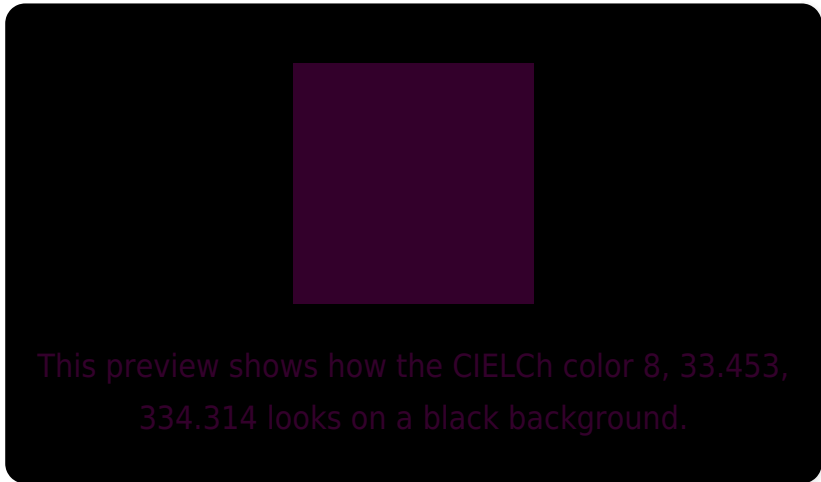
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

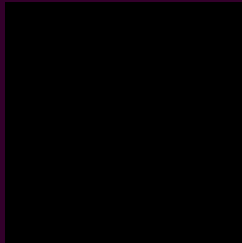
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 8, 33.453, 334.314

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 8, 33.453, 334.314.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 8, 33.453, 334.314.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8, 33.453, 334.314

Protanopia

10, 23.353, 280.199

Deuteranopia

10, 8.936, 281.922



Tritanopia
10, 17.758, 22.631

Trichromacy



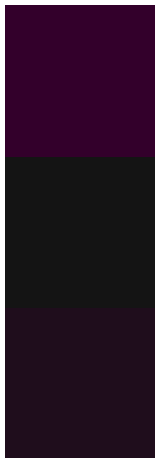
Original Color
8, 33.453, 334.314

Protanomaly
7, 27.008, 300.043

Deuteranomaly
8, 18.437, 317.482

Tritanomaly
9, 21.430, 357.982

Monochromacy



Original Color
8, 33.453, 334.314

Achromatopsia
6, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
6, 13.322, 331.657

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 8, 33.453, 334.314 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 0, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 0, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 0, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 0, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 8, 33.453, 334.314 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 0, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 0, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 0, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 0, 43); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 0, 43); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 0, 43) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 8, 33.453, 334.314 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 0, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 0,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor