

Converting Colors

CIELCh(8, 39.629, 352.251)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(8, 39.629, 352.251) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 31.947, 356.542)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	410121
RGB	65, 1, 33
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 13%
CMY	0.7443, 0.9963, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 0.99, 0.49, 0.74
HSL	330°, 97%, 13%
HSV	330°, 99%, 26%
XYZ	2.4784, 1.2610, 1.5507
YIQ	23.7840, 27.8720, 23.5200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	65, 1, 33
Decimal	4260129
CIELab	11.00, 31.89, -1.93
CIElCh	11, 31.947, 356.542
Yxy	1.2610, 0.4685, 0.2384
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282450209 (0xFF410121)
YUV	23.7840, 4.5435, 36.1464
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, 19.7444, -0.3268

Details

The CIELCh color **11, 31.947, 356.542** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **23, 31.100, 152.456**, and the grayscale version is **8, 0.002, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 31.706, 356.166**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 32.315, 356.783**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12, 29.599, 354.665**.

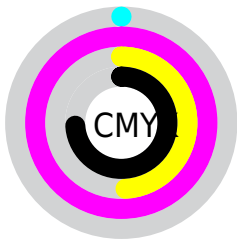
Distribution



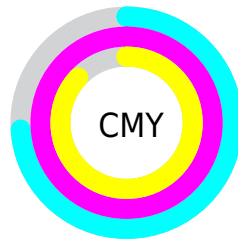
- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (74%)





- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (87%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 31.947, 356.542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 31.947, 356.542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 11, 31.947,
356.542


 11, 31.947,
356.542


 100, 31.947,
356.542


 1, 31.947, 356.542


 31, 31.947,
356.542

 0, 31.947, 356.542

 41, 31.947,
356.542


 51, 31.947,
356.542


 61, 31.947,
356.542


 71, 31.947,
356.542


 81, 31.947,

356.542


 91, 31.947,
356.542


 11, 31.947,
356.542


 11, 31.947,
356.542


 11, 32.315,
356.783

 12, 29.599,
354.665

 13, 27.426,
352.570

 15, 24.723,
350.798

 16, 21.550,
349.317

 18, 18.059,
348.055

■ 20, 14.379,
346.957

■ 22, 10.618,
345.985

■ 24, 6.851, 345.107

■ 26, 3.129, 344.287

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 31.947, 356.542



23, 31.100, 152.456

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 31.947, 356.542



11, 31.947, 46.542



11, 31.947, 176.542



11, 31.947, 226.542

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 31.945, 356.543



28, 13.805, 346.235



7, 45.213, 312.929



12, 9.508, 346.408



70, 0.009, 296.813



18, 0.003, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 31.945, 356.543



16, 38.146, 358.469



10, 33.614, 27.840



12, 2.060, 344.285



19, 41.963, 359.290



48, 76.858, 2.730

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11, 31.945, 356.543



16, 38.146, 358.469



24, 18.716, 196.406



12, 2.060, 344.285



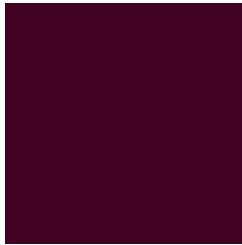
19, 41.963, 359.290



48, 76.858, 2.730

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 31.947, 356.542 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

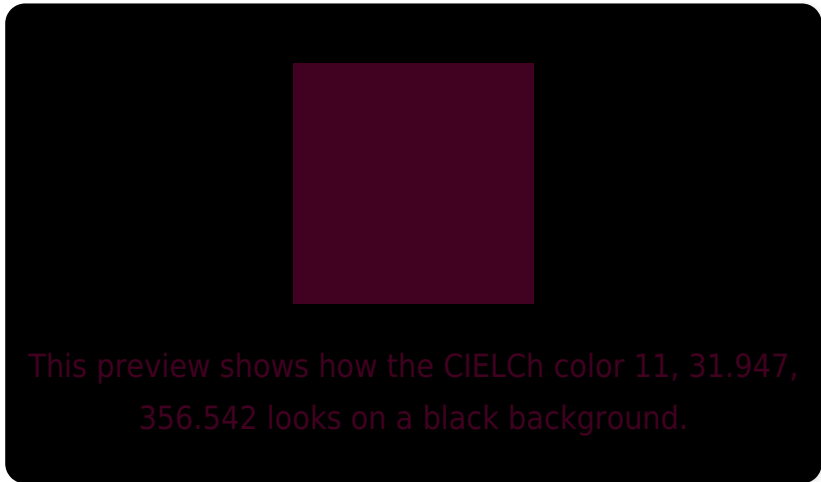
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

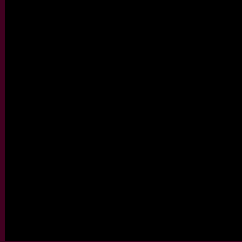
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 31.947, 356.542

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 31.947, 356.542.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 31.947, 356.542.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 31.866, 356.397

Protanopia

13, 10.809, 286.638

Deuteranopia

13, 3.790, 54.262



Tritanopia
12, 27.848, 28.113

Trichromacy



Original Color
11, 31.866, 356.397

Protanomaly
11, 18.598, 326.629

Deuteranomaly
11, 15.630, 358.046

Tritanomaly
12, 28.092, 17.565

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 31.866, 356.397

Achromatopsia
8, 0.002, 296.813

Achromatomaly
8, 14.016, 349.808

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 31.947, 356.542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(65, 1, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(65, 1, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(65, 1, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(65, 1, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 31.947, 356.542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(65, 1, 33) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(65, 1, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(65, 1, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(65, 1, 33); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 1, 33); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(65, 1, 33) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 31.947, 356.542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(65, 1, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(65, 1,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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