

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 0.154, 15.475)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 0.154, 15.475) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(90, 0.359, 17.744)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E2E2
RGB	227, 226, 226
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.1093, 0.1132, 0.1133
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	0°, 2%, 89%
HSV	0°, 0%, 89%
XYZ	72.6870, 76.3034, 82.9323
YIQ	226.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 226, 226
Decimal	14934754
CIE Lab	90.00, 0.34, 0.11
CIE LCh	90, 0.359, 17.744
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3134, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293124834 (0xFFE3E2E2)
YUV	226.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -4.3326, 4.8560

# Details

The CIELCh color **90, 0.359, 17.744** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 0.354, 201.418**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 0.378, 18.137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 8.780, 20.320**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 7.426, 199.344**.

# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (89%)

Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (89%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 0.359, 17.744 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 0.359, 17.744 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





90, 0.359, 17.744

90, 0.359, 17.744

84, 8.780, 20.320

96, 7.426, 199.344

78, 17.884, 21.174

98, 9.475, 198.877

72, 27.674, 22.255

66, 38.097, 23.663

61, 49.011, 25.505

57, 60.167, 27.890

53, 71.201, 30.878

50, 81.586, 34.352

48, 90.294, 37.733

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 0.359, 17.744



90, 0.354, 201.418

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 0.359, 17.744



90, 0.359, 67.744



90, 0.359, 197.744



90, 0.359, 247.744

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 0.358, 18.056

100, 0.012, 296.813



90, 0.643, 324.026



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

# Same Dimension

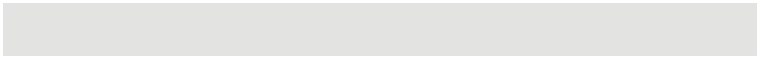
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 0.358, 18.056



99, 0.891, 19.044



90, 0.305, 74.041



48, 0.465, 18.993



37, 79.931, 40.015



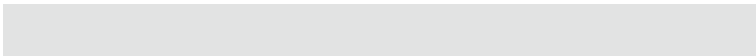
6, 27.031, 21.948





# Inverse Universe

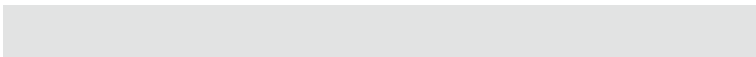
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 0.354, 201.418



100, 0.883, 200.422



90, 0.321, 256.731



48, 0.460, 200.473



66, 38.136, 196.976

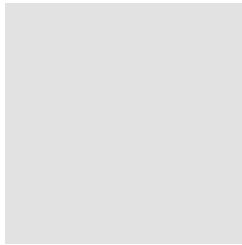


18, 16.017, 196.885



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 0.359, 17.744 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

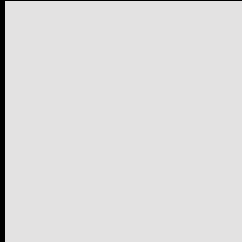
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 0.359, 17.744 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

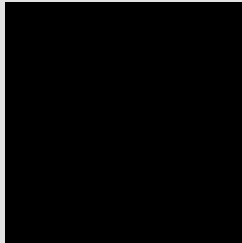
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

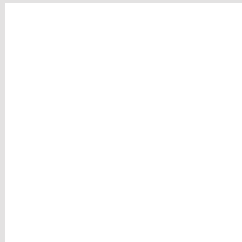
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 90, 0.359, 17.744**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 0.359, 17.744.

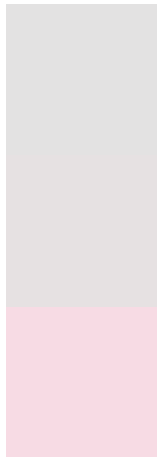


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 0.359, 17.744.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

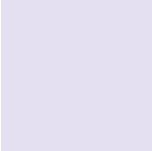
90, 0.359, 17.744

### Protanopia

90, 1.874, 3.144

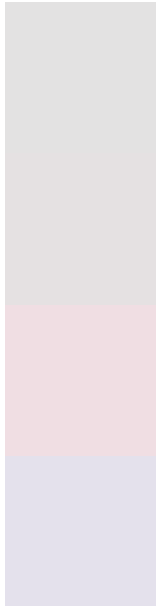
### Deuteranopia

90, 11.169, 355.539



**Tritanopia**  
90, 9.043, 301.994

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

90, 0.359, 17.744

## Protanomaly

90, 1.533, 359.322

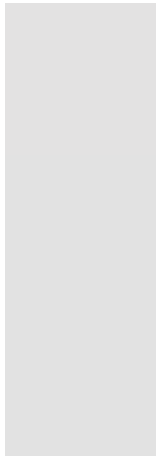
## Deuteranomaly

90, 7.009, 358.151

## Tritanomaly

90, 5.836, 301.048

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

90, 0.359, 17.744

## Achromatopsia

90, 0.011, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

90, 0.011, 296.813



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 0.359, 17.744 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 226, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 226, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 226, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 226, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 0.359, 17.744 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

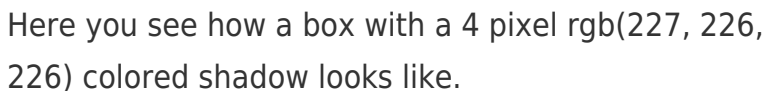
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 226, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 226, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 226, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 226, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 226, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 226,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 0.359, 17.744 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 226, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
226, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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