

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 0.814, 18.723)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 0.814, 18.723) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 0.716, 18.611)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4E2E2
RGB	228, 226, 226
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.1063, 0.1141, 0.1141
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.11
HSL	0°, 4%, 89%
HSV	0°, 1%, 89%
XYZ	72.8477, 76.3034, 82.7701
YIQ	226.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	228, 226, 226
Decimal	15000290
CIE Lab	90.00, 0.68, 0.23
CIE LCh	90, 0.716, 18.611
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3141, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293190370 (0xFFE4E2E2)
YUV	226.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -4.0043, 4.9660

Details

The CIELCh color **90, 0.716, 18.611** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 0.708, 200.378**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 0.755, 18.820** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 9.206, 20.202**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 7.133, 199.202**.

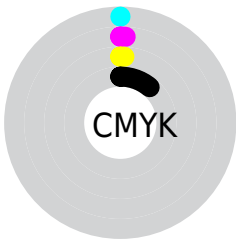
Distribution



- Red (89%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (11%)

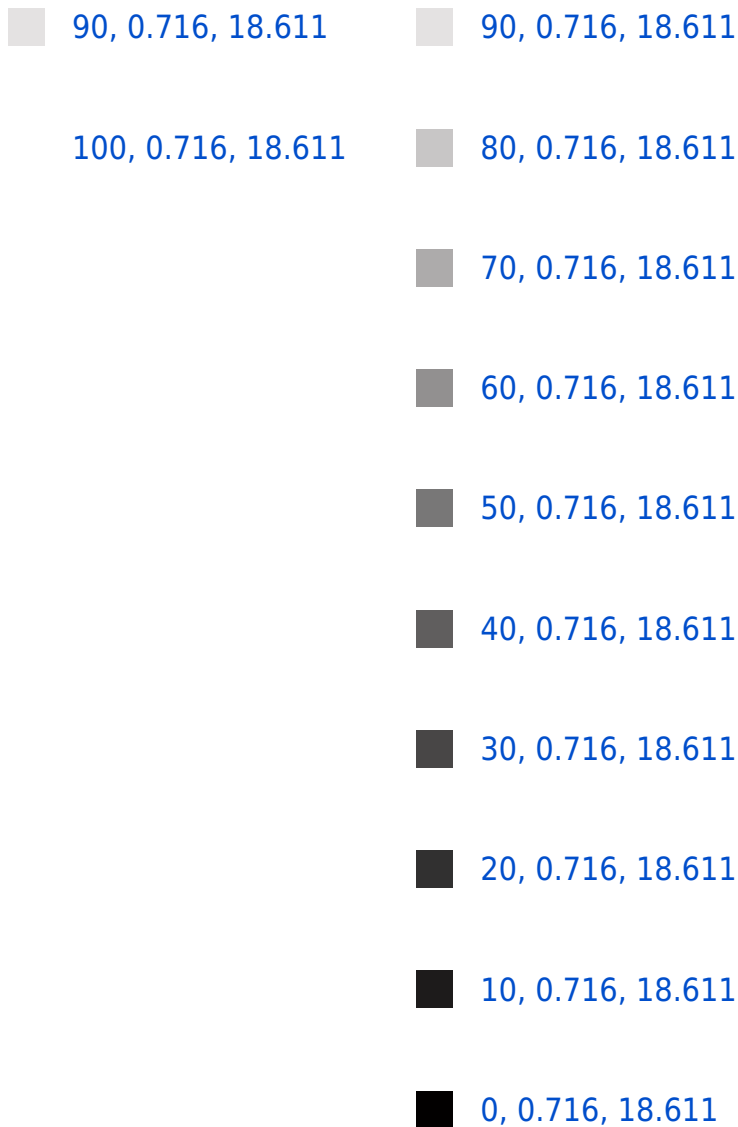


- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 0.716, 18.611 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 0.716, 18.611 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90, 0.716, 18.611

90, 0.716, 18.611

84, 9.206, 20.202

96, 7.133, 199.202

78, 18.382, 21.071

98, 9.216, 198.895

72, 28.245, 22.173

66, 38.737, 23.608

61, 49.708, 25.485

57, 60.901, 27.913

53, 71.945, 30.949

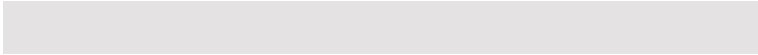
50, 82.296, 34.462

48, 90.890, 37.839

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 0.716, 18.611



90, 0.708, 200.378

Rectangle

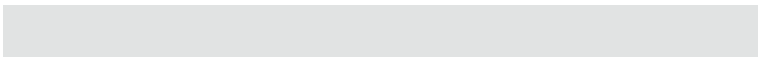
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



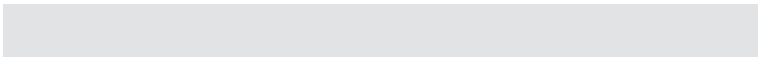
90, 0.716, 18.611



90, 0.716, 68.611



90, 0.716, 198.611



90, 0.716, 248.611

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 0.715, 18.770

100, 0.012, 296.813



90, 1.275, 324.267



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 0.715, 18.770



99, 0.893, 18.887



90, 0.618, 74.658



48, 0.466, 18.836



37, 79.957, 39.993



6, 27.067, 21.853

Inverse Universe

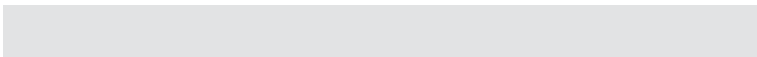
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 0.708, 200.378



100, 0.884, 200.260



90, 0.632, 256.165



48, 0.461, 200.311



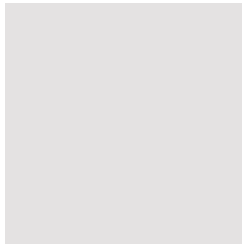
66, 38.240, 196.683



18, 16.054, 196.637

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 0.716, 18.611 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

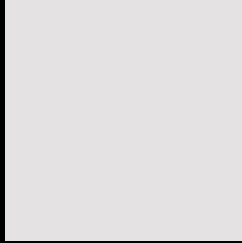
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 0.716, 18.611 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

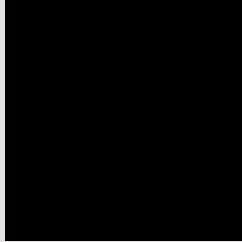
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

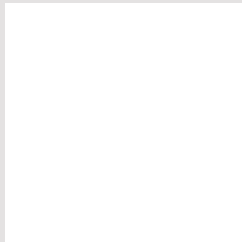
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 0.716, 18.611

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 0.716, 18.611.

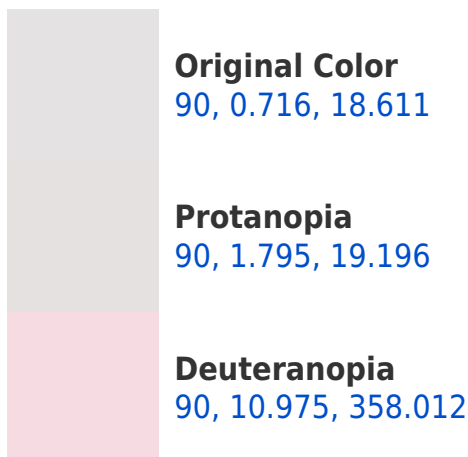


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 0.716, 18.611.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

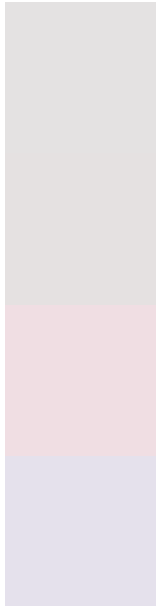
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 9.120, 304.147

Trichromacy



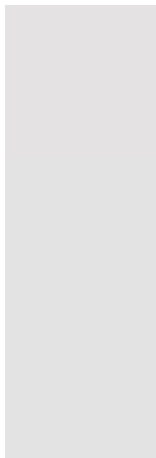
Original Color
90, 0.716, 18.611

Protanomaly
90, 1.435, 19.086

Deuteranomaly
90, 7.009, 358.151

Tritanomaly
90, 5.914, 304.400

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 0.716, 18.611

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 0.011, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 0.716, 18.611 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 226, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 226, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 226, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 226, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 0.716, 18.611 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 226, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 226, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 226, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 226, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 226, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 226,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 0.716, 18.611 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 226, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
226, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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