

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 1.006, 160.669)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 1.006, 160.669) contains.

CIELCh(90, 0.880, 164.086)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(90, 0.880, 164.086)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1E3E2
RGB	225, 227, 226
RGB Percent	88%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.1183, 0.1105, 0.1144
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	150°, 3%, 89%
HSV	150°, 1%, 89%
XYZ	72.1218, 76.3034, 82.7527
YIQ	226.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

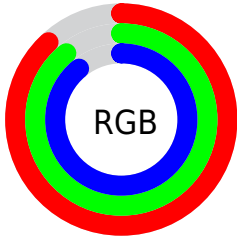
Format	Color
R_{YB}	225, 226, 227
Decimal	14803938
CIE Lab	90.00, -0.85, 0.24
CIE LCh	90, 0.880, 164.086
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3120, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292994018 (0xFFE1E3E2)
YUV	226.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -5.4875, 4.9779

Details

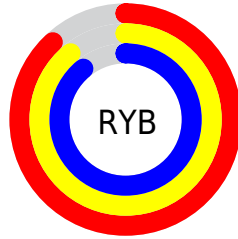
The CIELCh color $90, 0.880, 164.086$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $90, 0.898, 343.178$, and the grayscale version is $90, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $70, 0.929, 163.948$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $88, 10.977, 162.723$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $92, 9.149, 344.250$.

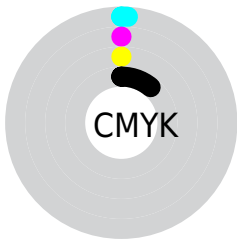
Distribution



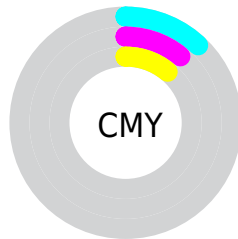
- Red (88%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 0.880, 164.086 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 0.880, 164.086 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90, 0.880, 164.086

■ 90, 0.880, 164.086

■ 100, 0.880,
164.086

■ 80, 0.880, 164.086

■ 70, 0.880, 164.086

■ 60, 0.880, 164.086

■ 50, 0.880, 164.086

■ 40, 0.880, 164.086

■ 30, 0.880, 164.086

■ 20, 0.880, 164.086

■ 10, 0.880, 164.086

■ 0, 0.880, 164.086

90, 0.880, 164.086

90, 0.880, 164.086

88, 10.977,
162.723

92, 9.149, 344.250

86, 21.030,
161.764

93, 15.020,
332.248

85, 30.905,
160.706

93, 17.612,
325.035

84, 40.445,
159.519

82, 49.480,
158.175

82, 57.837,
156.651

81, 65.370,
154.923

80, 71.982,
152.980

■ 80, 77.655,
150.830

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 0.880, 164.086



90, 0.898, 343.178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 0.880, 164.086



90, 0.880, 214.086



90, 0.880, 344.086



90, 0.880, 34.086

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 0.882, 164.034

100, 0.012, 296.813



90, 1.089, 128.559



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

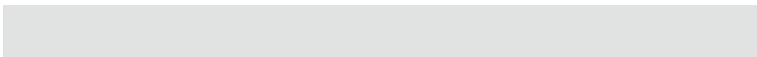
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 0.882, 164.034



100, 1.100, 163.962



90, 0.712, 198.814



47, 0.563, 163.997



63, 67.355, 149.187



17, 25.327, 153.669

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 0.898, 343.178



99, 1.117, 343.248



90, 0.719, 17.236



47, 0.572, 343.215



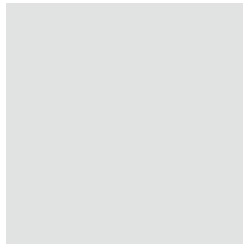
38, 64.186, 1.746



6, 26.440, 354.665

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 0.880, 164.086 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

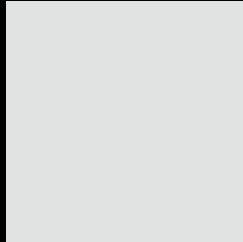
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 0.880, 164.086 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

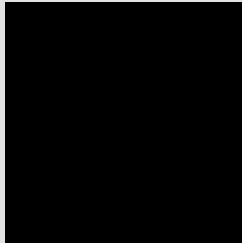
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

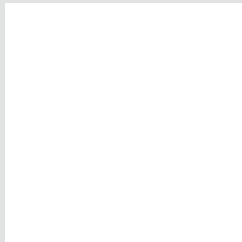
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 0.880, 164.086

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 0.880, 164.086.

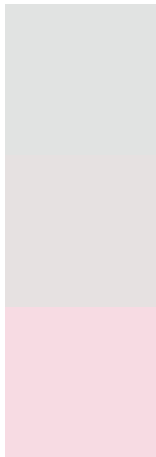


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 0.880, 164.086.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

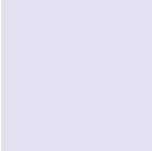
90, 0.880, 164.086

Protanopia

90, 1.795, 19.196

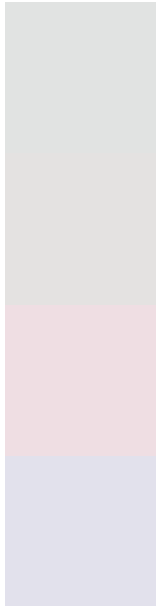
Deuteranopia

90, 10.975, 358.012



Tritanopia
90, 9.443, 297.265

Trichromacy



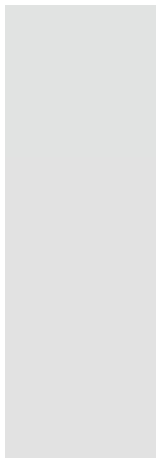
Original Color
90, 0.880, 164.086

Protanomaly
90, 0.874, 54.979

Deuteranomaly
90, 6.673, 356.959

Tritanomaly
90, 5.742, 294.152

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 0.880, 164.086

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 0.011, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 0.880, 164.086 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 227, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 227, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 227, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 227, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 0.880, 164.086 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 227, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 227, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 227, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 227, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 227, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 227, 226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 0.880, 164.086 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 227, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
227, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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